



Perth and Kinross Council Community Safety Committee

5 March 2014

Report by Chief Superintendent Hamish Macpherson, Police Scotland 'D' Division (Tayside)

POLICE AND FIRE REFORM: LOCAL SCRUTINY AND ENGAGEMENT

PERTH & KINROSS LOCAL POLICING AREA PERFORMANCE RESULTS 1st APRIL 2013 TO 31st JANUARY 2014

1 RECOMMENDATION

- 1.1 It is recommended that members:
 - (A) Note, scrutinise and question the content of this report.

2 RECORDED CRIME

2.1 Perth & Kinross LPA evidenced reductions in serious assault and robbery when compared to the average of the previous 5 years. Overall, the number of crimes of violence reduced by 26 crimes.

108 violent crimes recorded ~ 26 fewer than the 5 year average A reduction in serious assaults of 21.7% (10 fewer victims) A reduction in robbery of 65.6% (21 fewer victims)

As can be seen from above there was an overall reduction in assaults and robbery of 31 crimes but overall Group 1 crimes (violent crimes) only reduced by 26. This was due to an increase in cruel & unnatural treatment of children which evidenced 26 more victims.

The majority of these crimes came from multiple charges in one single instance. There is little doubt that the partnership initiatives and joint training has equipped officers better to identify child neglect while carrying out their daily roles. This then leads to partnership intervention in order to keep children safe in Perth and Kinross.

2.2 Reductions were also achieved in

Housebreaking – 4% (11 fewer victims) Shoplifting – 32% (158 fewer victims) Vandalism – 36% (353 fewer victims)

109

- 2.3 Overall, Group 1-4¹ recorded 2997 crimes and evidenced a reduction of 18% compared with the 5 year average (652 fewer crimes).
- 2.4 174 crimes of indecency were recorded, a 91.2% increase on the 5 year average of 91. However, it should be noted that approximately a third of these crimes were retrospectively reported and did not occur this year. Recent, well publicised cases involving historic abuse have, perhaps, given victims greater confidence to report matters to the police knowing they will be thoroughly investigated. Some of the crimes were linked and involved the same victims and/or perpetrator. There was also an increase in crimes linked to the use of internet and social media.
- 2.5 More than half of the common assaults (59%) which took place in the Perth and Kinross Local Policing Area occurred in Perth section, with an almost even split between the city centre and the remainder of the section.

Over 1/5 (21.6%) of all common assaults occurred in, or in the vicinity of, licensed premises. The Local Policing Area has increased the focus on the management of licensed premises in an effort to reduce crime and disorder associated with such premises.

All crimes of violence receive supervisory scrutiny and the year to date detection rate for common assaults sits at 89%.

3 DETECTION RATES

3.1 Improvements in detection rates, against the 5 year average were evidenced in the following:-

Robbery 90.9% - 5 year average 82.8% Common assault 89.0% - 5 year average 80.4%

- 3.2 The detection rate for Shoplifting (86.3%) was almost a percentage point lower than the 5 year average and Housebreaking (34.1%) all property and including attempts there was a deterioration of 2 percentage points. The detection rate for serious assault (94.4%) was also lower than the 5 year average of 95.1%. Comparatively low numbers of crimes recorded in this area leads to large fluctuations in terms of the detection rate.
- 3.3 The detection of the supply, production etc of drugs is reliant on intelligence and, thereafter, the targeting of drug dealers can take a lengthy period to develop. Once an operation comes to fruition, however, multiple crimes and seizures can occur.

¹ Groups 1-4 refer to an amalgamation of four crime groups. They are Group 1, consisting of violent crime; Group 2 covering sexual offences; Group 3, the largest, covers a wide range of crimes of dishonesty; and Group 4 includes vandalism, fire-raising, and malicious mischief.)

3.4 All investigations of rape, irrespective of geographically location, are now dealt with centrally by the Tayside Division Rape Investigation Unit and supplemented by the National Rape Investigation Unit (North Hub).

The detection rate for Crimes of Indecency improved by 11.3 percentage points, from a 5 year average figure of 65.1% to 76.4%. Results in this area can fluctuate for several reasons; often detections hinge on forensic evidence and the volume of cases being dealt with by the laboratories causes back-logs which can delay things significantly. Cases of an historical nature are not unusual and recent, well publicised cases involving sexual abuse have, perhaps, given victims greater confidence to report matters to the police knowing they will be thoroughly investigated. Cases of this nature often involve several crimes which will be detected all at the same time thus leading to a rise in the overall detection rate.

4 ROAD SAFETY

4.1 Reductions were recorded in all three measures of road casualties when compared to the five year average:-

People killed/seriously injured 72 - 5 year average 98 People slightly injured 222 - 5 year average 286 Children killed/slightly injured 5 - 5 year average 7

4.2 Significant detections for the following were above the five year average and this was due to emphasis on enforcement to influence driver behaviour in order to keep people safe and deny criminals the use of the road networks:-

Speeding 2673 – 5 year average 1201 Seat belt offences 361 – 5 year average 91 Mobile phones 648 – 5 year average 127

Currently, greater focus is being placed on the criminal activity of road users with the aim of keeping people safe and denying criminals use of the road network. This has increased performance in areas such as dangerous driving, speed detection, seatbelt and mobile phone offences. However, we are currently working towards increasing performance in detecting disqualified drivers and those who are uninsured. To this end we are working with partners and also looking to develop IT solutions to increase opportunities to raise performance in this area. We are looking to adopt best practice being used currently elsewhere in Scotland.

	Violence, Disorder & Antis	ocial Be	haviour		
		Apr 2013 - Jan 2014	5 year average	Victims	% Change
1	Total No Group1: Crimes of Violence	108	134	26 fewer	-19.4%
2	Murder	1	1	no change	
3	Attempted Murder	6	17	11 fewer	-64.7%
4	Culpable Homicide (common law)	0	0	0	
5	Culpable Homicide (other)	0	0	0	
6	Serious Assault detection rate	94.4%	95.1%		-0.7 pp
7	Serious Assault	36	46	10 fewer	-21.7%
8	Robbery detection rate	90.9%	82.8%		+8.1 pp
9	Robbery	11	32	21 fewer	-65.6%
10	Petty (Common) assault detection rate	89.0%	80.4%		+8.6 pp
11	Petty (common) assault	1159	1048	111 more	+10.6%
12	Stop and searches conducted	5868	1824		+221.7%
13	Percentage of positive stop and searches conducted (target 15%).	25.3%			
14	Number of complaints regarding disorder	4840	7255		-33.3%
15	Number of Domestic Abuse Incidents Reported to the Police	973	715	258 more	+36.1%
17	Percentage of Domestic Incidents that result in one or more crimes being recorded	57.6%			
18	Total crimes and offences in domestic abuse incidents detection rate	90.1%			
19	Total Detections for Domestic Bail Offences	106			
20	Ensure 95% of domestic abuse initial bail checks are conducted within a prescribed timeframe (24hrs)	96.4%			
21	Hate Crime and offences detection rate	85.8%			

All statistics are provisional and should be treated as management information. All data are extracted from Police Scotland internal systems and are correct at the published date

	Additional Identified Local Priorities										
		Apr 2013 - Jan 2014	5 year averag e	Victims	% Change						
22	Number of detections for drugs supply, drugs productions, drugs cultivation	103	118		-12.7%						
23	Theft by housebreaking (including attempts) detection rate	34.1%	36.1%		-2.0 pp						
24	Theft by housebreaking (including attempts)	293	304	11 fewer	-3.6%						
25	Theft by shoplifting detection rate	86.3%	87.1%		-0.8 pp						
26	Theft by shoplifting	336	494	158 fewer	-32.0%						
27	Vandalism & Malicious Mischief detection rate	34.7%	36.2%		-1.5 pp						
28	Vandalism & Malicious Mischief	616	969	353 fewer	-36.4%						
29	Number of detections for Consuming Alcohol in a designated place (where appropriate byelaws exist)	61	8		+662.5 %						

	Public Protection										
		Apr 2013 - Jan 2014	5 year averag e	Victims	% Change						
30	Number of Group 2 - Crimes of Indecency	174	91	83 more	+91.2%						
31	Group 2 crimes detection rate	76.4%	65.1%		+11.3 pp						
32	Rape detection rate (Tayside Division result)	70.4%	62.8%		+7.6 pp						

Road Traffic Casualty Statistics (figures to end of November 2013)										
	Apr 2013 - Jan 2014	5 year average	Victims	% Change						
People Killed/Seriously Injured	72	98	26 fewer	-26.5%						
People Slightly Injured	222	286	64 fewer	-22.4%						
Children (aged<16) Killed/Seriously Injured	5	7	2 fewer	-28.6%						

All statistics are provisional and should be treated as management information. All data are extracted from Police Scotland internal systems and are correct at the published date

	Road Safety & Road Crime										
		Apr 2013 - Jan 2014	5 year average	Victims	% Change						
33	Dangerous driving	54	46		+17.4%						
34	Speeding	2673	1201		+122.6%						
35	Disqualified driving	22	29		-24.1%						
36	Driving Licence	163	141		+15.6%						
37	Insurance	374	348		+7.5%						
38	Seat Belts	361	91		+296.7%						
39	Mobile Phone	648	127		+410.2%						

	Public Confidence										
	Tayside Division		Apr 2013	- Jan 2014							
			Complaints e Police	Number of Complaints per 10,000 Police Incidents							
40	Complaints received about the Police	45	59	~							
		On Duty Allegations	Off Duty Allegations	Quality of Service Allegations	Total Number of Allegations						
41	Total Allegations Recorded	609	15	~	~						

All statistics are provisional and should be treated as management information. All data are extracted from Police Scotland internal systems and are correct at the published date

Multi Member Ward Report

Date April to January 2014

<u>Crimes Count</u>
Groups 1 to 4
Groups 1 to 5
All Group 1
Murder/Att Murder
Serious Assault
Robbery
Common Assault
Knives/Offensive Weapons
Drugs Supply/Production
All Group 2
Housebreaking
Shoplifting

	H & KIN Policing	Aln	nond &	
Rec	Det	%	Rec	Det
2938	1364	46.4%	100	37
4180	2578	61.7%	131	68
105	103	98.1%	4	4
7	8	114.3%	0	0
34	32	94.1%	1	1
12	11	91.7%	1	1
1131	1004	88.8%	31	27
56	52	92.9%	0	0
107	97	90.7%	6	6
168	129	76.8%	3	2
281	96	34.2%	18	1
338	291	86.1%	5	5

& E	arn	 Blairg	owrie &
t	%	Rec	Det
'	37.0%	152	81
3	51.9%	215	142
	100.0%	6	5
	~	2	2
	100.0%	2	1
	100.0%	0	0
,	87.1%	87	79
	~	7	7
	100.0%	3	3
	66.7%	8	4
	5.6%	10	3
	100.0%	16	14

Glens %

Glens	Car	se of Gov	wrie
%	Rec	Det	%
53.3%	133	43	32.3%
66.0%	171	81	47.4%
83.3%	2	2	100.0%
100.0%	0	0	~
50.0%	0	0	~
~	0	0	~
90.8%	27	26	96.3%
100.0%	1	1	100.0%
100.0%	3	4	133.3%
50.0%	6	4	66.7%
30.0%	22	5	22.7%
87.5%	5	4	80.0%

				Kinross-shire			Ki	nross-sh	ire	Kinross-shire		
Date April to January 2014	Highland			withou	without T-in-the-Park			the-Parl	conly	Everything		
<u>Crimes Count</u>	Rec	Det	%	Rec	Det	%	Rec	Det	%	Rec	Det	%
Groups 1 to 4	147	42	28.6%	211	90	42.7%	145	49	33.8%	356	139	39.0%
Groups 1 to 5	179	72	40.2%	241	120	49.8%	522	424	81.2%	763	544	71.3%
All Group 1	8	8	100.0%	3	4	133.3%	2	1	50.0%	5	5	100.0%
Murder/Att Murder	0	0	~	1	2	200.0%	0	0	~	1	2	200.0%
Serious Assault	2	2	100.0%	4	3	75.0%	0	0	~	4	3	75.0%
Robbery	0	0	~	0	0	~	0	0	~	0	0	~
Common Assault	43	40	93.0%	54	57	105.6%	29	26	89.7%	83	83	100.0%
Knives/Offensive Weapons	3	2	66.7%	3	2	66.7%	3	3	100.0%	6	5	83.3%
Drugs Supply/Production	2	2	100.0%	2	2	100.0%	38	38	100.0%	40	40	100.0%
All Group 2	7	7	100.0%	23	21	91.3%	4	2	50.0%	27	23	85.2%
Housebreaking	19	2	10.5%	20	5	25.0%	0	0	~	20	5	25.0%
Shoplifting	5	3	60.0%	17	17	100.0%	0	0	~	17	17	100.0%

Date April to January 2014	Perth City Centre				Perth City North				Perth City South			
<u>Crimes Count</u>	Rec	Det	%	Re	c	Det	%		Rec	Det	%	
Groups 1 to 4	824	458	55.6%	50	0	242	48.4%		189	88	46.6%	
Groups 1 to 5	1102	719	65.2%	72	5	465	64.1%		222	120	54.1%	
All Group 1	28	27	96.4%	17	7	16	94.1%		2	3	150.0%	
Murder/Att Murder	0	0	~	0		0	~		1	1	100.0%	
Serious Assault	16	16	100.0%	3		3	100.0%		0	0	~	
Robbery	5	5	100.0%	5		4	80.0%		0	0	~	
Common Assault	349	311	89.1%	24	5	211	86.1%		55	46	83.6%	
Knives/Offensive Weapons	19	18	94.7%	10)	10	100.0%		3	3	100.0%	
Drugs Supply/Production	31	21	67.7%	10)	10	100.0%		2	2	100.0%	
All Group 2	41	25	61.0%	24	4	19	79.2%		11	10	90.9%	
Housebreaking	65	32	49.2%	38	3	12	31.6%		16	11	68.8%	
Shoplifting	200	173	86.5%	64	4	59	92.2%		9	7	77.8%	

Date April to January 2014	Strathallan			Strathearn			Strathmore			Strathtay		
<u>Crimes Count</u>	Rec	Det	%	Rec	Det	%	Rec	Det	%	Rec	Det	%
Groups 1 to 4	115	40	34.8%	171	69	40.4%	155	88	56.8%	96	37	38.5%
Groups 1 to 5	145	68	46.9%	209	107	51.2%	208	141	67.8%	110	51	46.4%
All Group 1	2	2	100.0%	6	6	100.0%	18	18	100.0%	7	7	100.0%
Murder/Att Murder	1	1	100.0%	1	1	100.0%	1	1	100.0%	0	0	~
Serious Assault	1	1	100.0%	3	3	100.0%	2	2	100.0%	0	0	~
Robbery	0	0	~	1	1	100.0%	0	0	~	0	0	~
Common Assault	31	27	87.1%	81	69	85.2%	68	61	89.7%	31	24	77.4%
Knives/Offensive Weapons	3	2	66.7%	3	3	100.0%	1	1	100.0%	0	0	~
Drugs Supply/Production	2	1	50.0%	5	5	100.0%	2	2	100.0%	1	1	100.0%
All Group 2	9	6	66.7%	8	8	100.0%	13	12	92.3%	11	9	81.8%
Housebreaking	13	4	30.8%	36	15	41.7%	13	5	38.5%	11	1	9.1%
Shoplifting	2	1	50.0%	9	5	55.6%	6	3	50.0%	0	0	~

Source: All results taken from the Police Scotland Management Information System on 17/02/2014

All statistics are provisional and should be treated as management information. All data are extracted from Police Scotland internal systems and are correct at the published date