DPH Annual Report 2023

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Director of Public Health
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Background



NHS Tayside

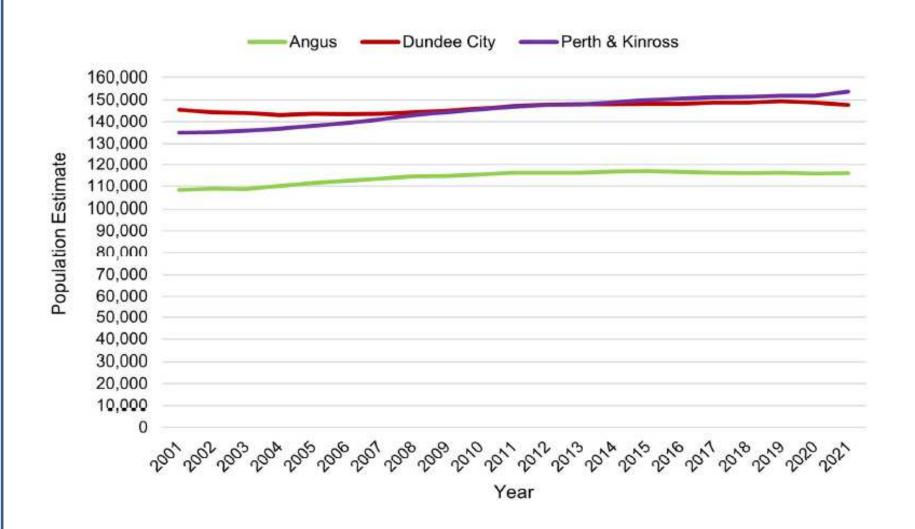
Director of Public Health

Annual Report 2023



- Qualitative reporting to PH Committee of NHST
- Epidemiological report of current health in Tayside
- https://www.nhstayside
 .scot.nhs.uk/OurService
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Population estimates of Tayside by local authority area; 2001-2021



Population estimates of Angus by age and sex as at 30 June 2021 □Males ■Females Age band 90+ 85-89 80 - 84 75 - 79 70 - 74 65 - 69 60 - 64 55 - 59 50 - 54 45 - 49 40 - 44 35 - 39 30 - 34 Population estimates of Dundee City by age and sex as at 30 June 2021 ■Males ■Females Age band 10 12 85-89 80 - 84 Percentage (%) 75 - 79 70 - 74 65 - 69 60 - 64 55 - 59 50 - 54 45 - 49 40 - 44 35 - 39 30 - 34 25 - 29 20 - 24 15 - 19 10 - 14 5-9 Population estimates of Perth & Kinross by age and sex as at 30 June 2021 0-4 12 10 Percentage (%) □Males ■Females Age band 85-89 80 - 84 75 - 79 70 - 74 65 - 69 60 - 64 55 - 59 50 - 54 45 - 49 40 - 44 35 - 39 30 - 34 25 - 29 20 - 24 15 - 19 10 - 14 5-9 0-4

12

10

2

0 Percentage (%) 10

12

Figure 8: Projected percentage change in population of Tayside by local authority area; 2018-2028

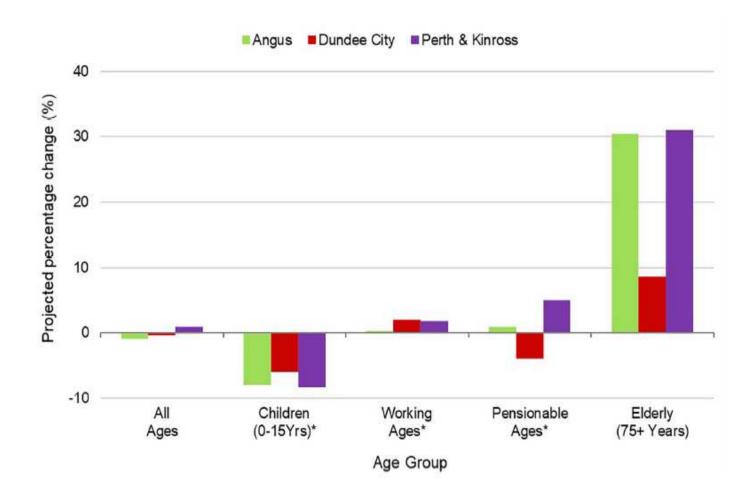


Figure 12: Life expectancy (LE) at birth for population in Tayside by local authority area and sex; 2009-11 to 2019-21



Life expectancy (LE) at birth for population of Western Europe; 2012-2020

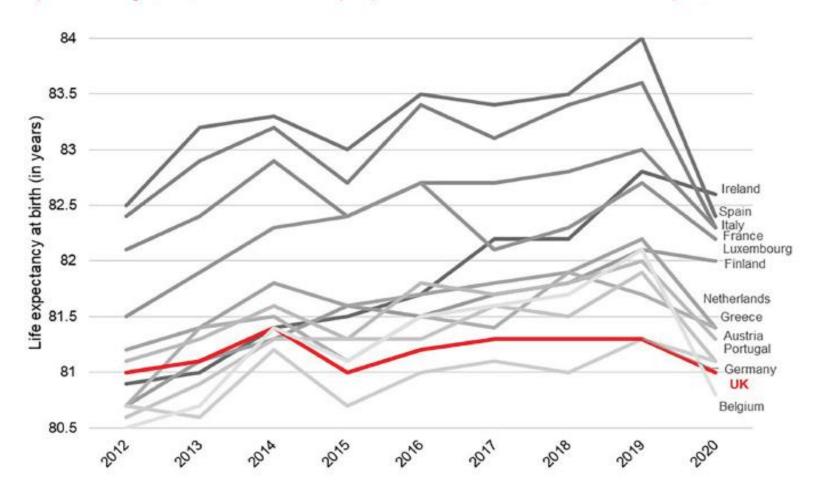


Table 4: Causes of premature (<75 years) mortality in Tayside Comparison of the 10 main causes of death within the most and least deprived areas Based on five-year aggregate (2017-2021)

SIMD Quintile 1 (most deprived)	% of all SIMD Quintile 1 premature deaths	Top 10 Main Causes	SIMD Quintile 5 (least deprived)	% of all SIMD Quintile 5 premature deaths
Substance use (drugs)	9.7%	1	Lung cancer	7.5%
Lung cancer	9.3%	2	Heart attack	5.3%
COPD* related	6.4%	3	Coronary Heart Disease (CHD)	4.0%
Coronary Heart Disease (CHD)	5.9%	4	Breast cancer	3.9%
Heart attack	5.3%	5	Brain cancer	3.3%
Liver disease	3.3%	6	Pancreatic cancer	2.8%
COVID-19	3.3%	7	Prostate cancer	2.7%
Suicide (hanging, strangulation & suffocation)	2.3%	8	COPD* related	2.7%
Mental & behavioural disorders - psychoactive drug use	2.1%	9	Cancer of the digestive organs	2.6%
Breast cancer	1.5%	10	COVID-19	2.5%
SIMD 1 (Premature) Total	49.1%	-	SIMD 5 (Premature) Total	37.3%

Figure 16: Age-sex standardised premature mortality rates per 100,000 population aged 15-44, in Tayside by local authority area and Scotland; 2002-04 to 2019-21

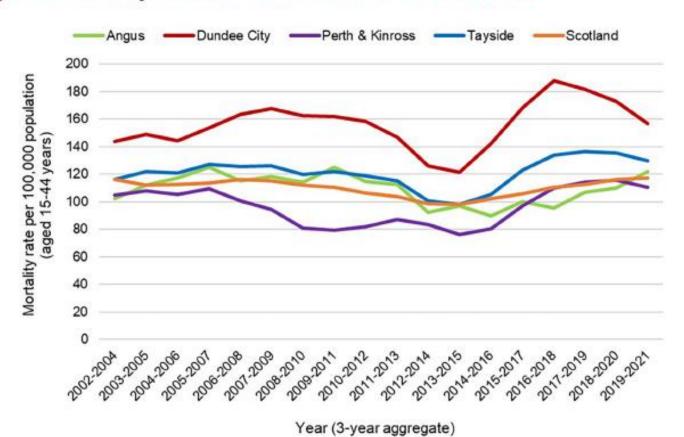


Figure 35: Age-sex standardised drug-related death rate per 100,000 population in Tayside and Scotland; 2006-2021

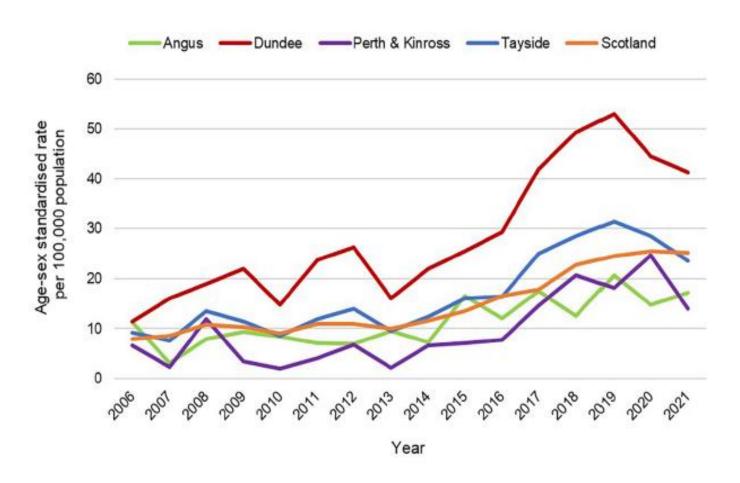


Figure 27: Age-sex standardised suicide rate per 100,000 population in Tayside and Scotland; 2002-2006 to 2017-2021

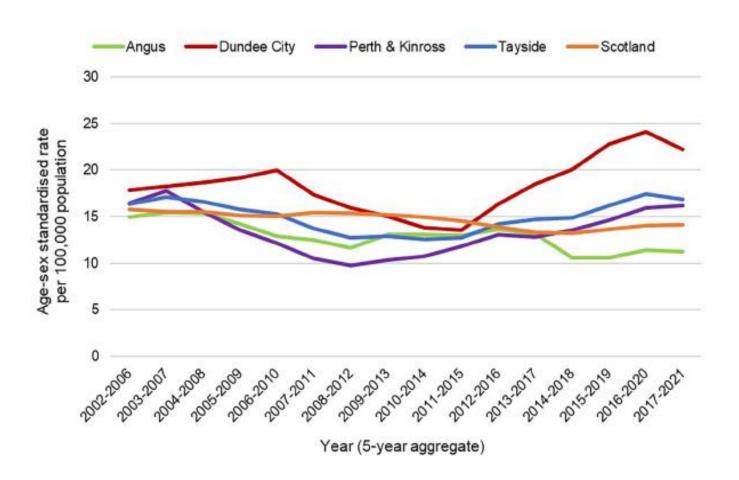


Figure 32: Alcohol-specific age standardised mortality rates per 100,000 population in Tayside and Scotland; 2000-2004 to 2017-2021

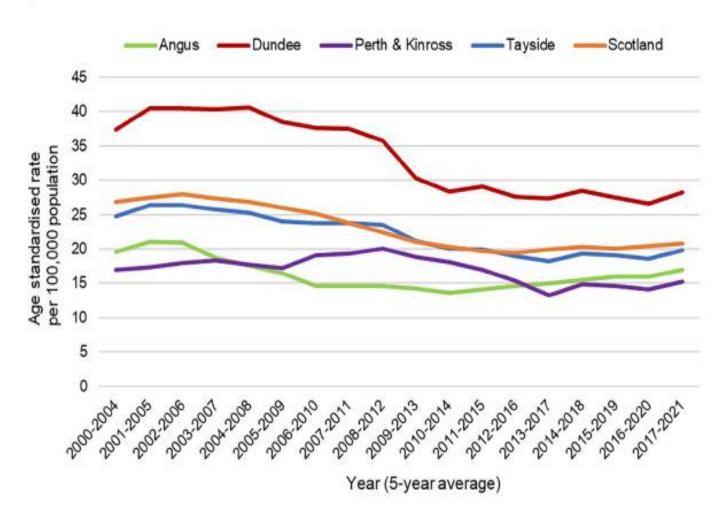


Figure 17: Age-sex standardised rate of coronary heart disease patient hospitalisations per 100,000 population in Tayside and Scotland; 2002/03-2004/05 to 2019/20-2021/22

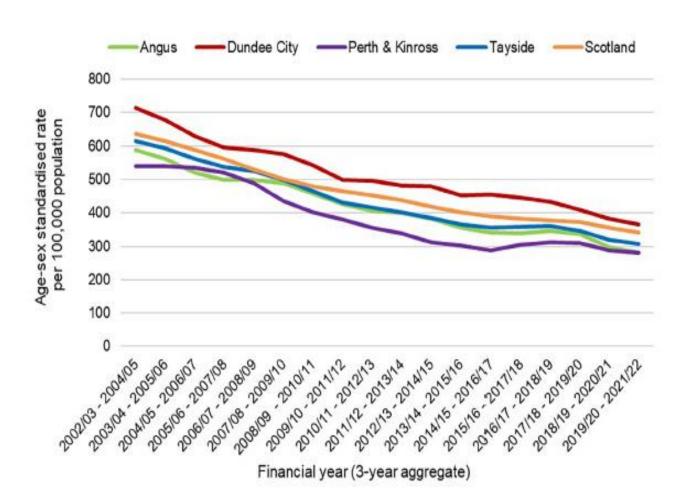


Figure 22: Crude prevalence rate of all types of diabetes for all ages per 100,000 population; 2013-2022*

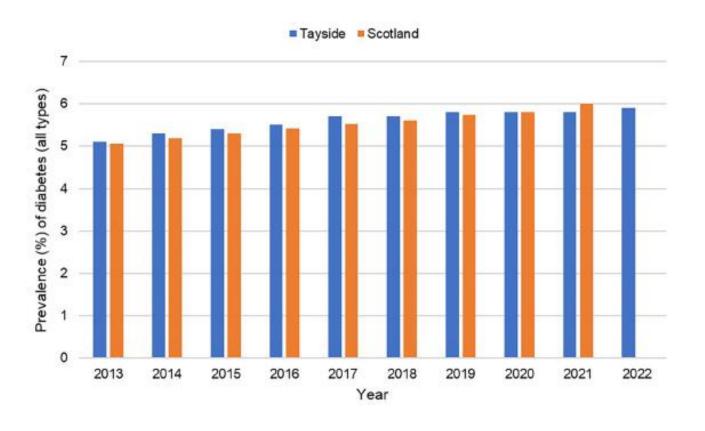


Figure 41: Percentage of adults estimated to be of healthy weight in Tayside and Scotland; 2012-2015 to 2016-2019

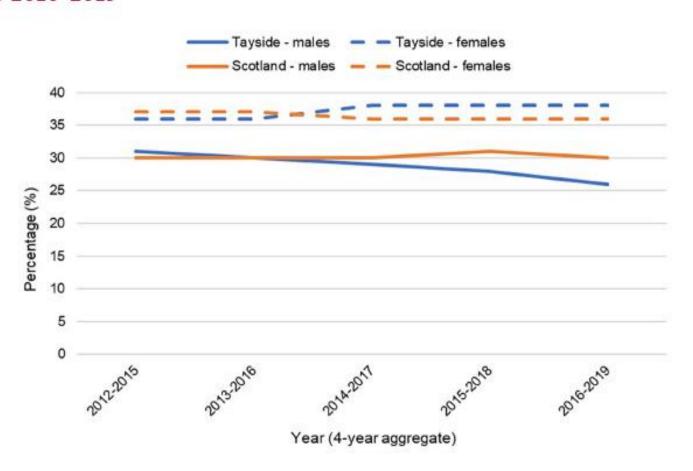
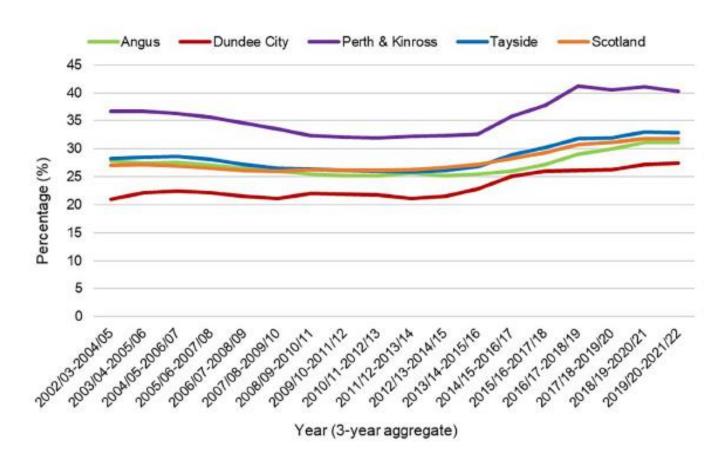


Figure 46: Percentage of babies exclusively breastfed at 6-8 weeks, Tayside and Scotland; 2002/03-2004/05 to 2019/20-2021/22



Summary

- Life expectancy stalling/decreasing
- Premature mortality
- Massive impact of socioeconomic deprivation
- Ageing population +++
- Some successes.... Smoking, breastfeeding...
- Huge challenges.... Obesity, substance use (drugs and alcohol), vaping...
- Wider context hugely important but we can make a difference locally through all of our work