PERTH AND KINROSS COUNCIL

Lifelong Learning Committee 28 May 2014

Housing and Health Committee 28 May 2014

Autism Action Plan and Strategy Development Report

Report by Executive Director (Education and Children's Services)

PURPOSE OF REPORT

The purpose of this report is to seek approval for an action plan for Perth & Kinross which sets the strategic direction for improving outcomes for people with an Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) and their families/carers across their lifespan.

The report also seeks to approve the continuation of the ongoing part time post of ASD lead/coordinator for Perth & Kinross council to implement the local strategy and support a multi-agency 'All Age Autism Strategic Group'.

1. BACKGROUND / MAIN ISSUES

- 1.1 The National Records of Scotland report that the 2012 population for Perth & Kinross was 147,740. If we use the estimated prevalence of 90 per 10,000 as detailed in the Scottish Strategy for Autism there would be an estimated 1330 people across the age span with an autistic spectrum disorder in Perth and Kinross.
- 1.2 The 'Additional Support for Learning and Young Carers Report to Parliament' (2013) states that in Perth and Kinross there are 4,596 (recorded) children and young people in education who have additional support needs. Our recording system detailed in November 2013, 287 (recorded) children and young people with an autism spectrum disorder.
- 1.3 More recent studies estimate prevalence rates for children in Scotland as being 1 in 100, this would mean that we have a higher than average number of cases within Perth & Kinross of 115 in 10,000. This is due to the revised practice of our local Child and Adolescent Mental Health team who are providing a more responsive assessment process and reduced waiting times.
- 1.4 Autism has been the subject of a number of initiatives over the past decade including:
- 1.4.1 The Same as You document 2000 recommended that Scottish Autism, National Autistic Society (NAS), Health Boards and Local Authorities should develop a National Network for people with an ASD.

- 1.4.2 In 2001, the then Public Health Institute of Scotland (PHIS, now NHS Health Scotland) was commissioned by Scottish Ministers to carry out a needs assessment of services for people with Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD) in Scotland. The report, published in February 2002, identified a patchwork of services and made 32 recommendations that set out what ideal services should look like.
- 1.4.3 SIGN Guidelines 2007: Assessment, diagnosis and clinical interventions for children and young people with Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD).
- 1.4.4 NICE (National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence) published:
 - Autism: the management and support of children and young people on the autism spectrum. NICE clinical guideline 170 (2013).
 - Autism: recognition, referral, diagnosis and management of adults on the autism spectrum. NICE clinical guideline 142 (2012).
 - Autism: recognition, referral and diagnosis of children and young people on the autism spectrum. NICE clinical guideline 128 (2011).
- 1.4.5 The Scottish Strategy for Autism: Local Report from the National Mapping Project (2013).
- 1.4.6 The Keys to Life: Improving quality of life for people with learning disabilities (2013). http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Publications/2013/06/1123
- 1.5 The Scottish Government, working in partnership with the Convention of Scottish Local Authorities (COSLA), two national autism organisations and a wide range of service users and professionals, spoke to individuals on the Autism Spectrum and their families to find out what their concerns are and what changes are required.
- 1.6 In 2010, a draft autism strategy was consulted on widely and, in 2011 The Scottish Strategy for Autism www.scotland.gov.uk/Publications/2011/11/01120340/0 was launched by the Scottish Government.
- 1.7 The Strategy set out a 10 year agenda for change that addresses the entire autism spectrum and the whole lifespan of people living with ASD in Scotland which will give individuals on the autism spectrum a meaningful and satisfying life built on:
 - people being given the care and support they need in a way which promotes their independence and emotional well-being and respects their dignity;
 - people being supported to have choice and control over their lives so that they are able to have the same chosen level of privacy as other citizens;
 - services being personalised and based on the identified needs and wishes of the individual:
 - people being supported to feel safe and secure without being overprotected; people having the opportunity to achieve all they can;
 - people having equal access to information assessment and services;
 - agencies should work to redress inequalities and challenge discrimination.

1.8 Services for people with autism should be embedded into this approach by building partnerships and developing a shared understanding of promoting inclusion which also underpins the values and vision of the strategy, which cites:

"Our vision is that individuals on the autism spectrum are respected, accepted and valued by their communities and have confidence in services to treat them fairly so that they are able to have meaningful and satisfying lives"

- 1.9 To help achieve this, the strategy outlines ten indicators for current best practice in the provision of effective Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) services:
 - A local Autism Strategy developed in co-operation with people across the autism spectrum, carers and professionals, ensuring that the needs of people with ASD and carers are reflected and incorporated within local policies and plans.
 - Access to training and development to inform staff and improve the understanding amongst professionals about ASD.
 - A process for ensuring a means of easy access to useful and practical information about ASD, and local action, for stakeholders to improve communication.
 - An ASD Training Plan to improve the knowledge and skills of those who
 work with people who have ASD, to ensure that people with ASD are
 properly supported by trained staff.
 - A process for data collection which improves the reporting of how many people with ASD are receiving services and informs the planning of these services.
 - A multi-agency care pathway for assessment, diagnosis and intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and remove barriers.
 - A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to inform service improvement and encourage engagement.
 - Services that can demonstrate that service delivery is multi-agency in focus and coordinated effectively to target meeting the needs of people with ASD.
 - Clear multi-agency procedures and plans which are in place to support individuals through major transitions at each important life-stage.
 - A self-evaluation framework to ensure best practice implementation and monitoring.
- 1.10 As part of this on-going work an investment of £35k was allocated to all Scottish Local Authorities to further the development of local autism plans and/or progress elements of an existing plan.

It was recognised that cognisance should be given to the outcomes for people with ASD, their families and carers plus the ten best practice indicators outlined in the strategy and should relate directly with the following key services:

- Care and Support
- Health including primary and community healthcare
- Employment

- Education including further education
- Transitions
- Housing and community support
- Criminal justice
- Service planning and commissioning
- 1.11 In order for this work to progress joint working is essential and so the consultation process involved in creating and sustaining identified priorities will and has involved the local authority, the National Health Service (NHS) and third sector organisations all of which are fully supportive of the draft action plan and strategy.
- 1.12 Relevant departments within the NHS are currently consulting on the draft action plan and a number of lead individuals are committed to driving this draft action plan forward: the Clinical Lead for Tayside Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service, the Service Manager for Adult Learning Disability Perth & Kinross Community Health Partnership and, the Lead for Children, Young People & Families Perth and Kinross Community Health Partnership.
- 1.13 Currently we have a fixed term, part time post of Local Autism Coordinator (August 2013 June 2015) who has responsibility for the development of the local draft action plan and strategy for Perth & Kinross Council.
- 1.14 The draft action plan has been submitted to the Scottish Government (March 2014) for information. Work on both the strategy and implementation of the draft action plan have begun, where necessary.

2. PROPOSALS

There are six key proposal areas which tie in to both the National and Local Autism Strategies:

- **Strategic Leadership** develop a strategy for Perth & Kinross which sets the strategic direction for improving outcomes for people with Autism and their families/carers across the lifespan.
- Achieving Best Value promote the development and implementation of clear concise pathways in which people with ASD can move between services and which can demonstrate the services ability to work in close collaboration to achieve and meet the needs of people with ASD.
- **Collaboration and involvement** ensure people with autism, their families and carers are involved at all levels of decision making.
- Cross agency working through stronger networks improve capacity for cross-agency working through stronger networks, best practice and training.
- High quality diagnosis, intervention and support develop a menu of interventions including diagnosis, advice, therapeutic interventions and counselling for children, young people and adults with an ASD, that are appropriate and flexible to individual need and identify the advice and

- support that is immediately available, and set out the referral and assessment process for all other services and interventions.
- Wider opportunities there are many people with autism who would like
 to work but who face significant barriers to getting and sustaining a job.
 We propose improved mechanisms that will support them through training,
 creating opportunities and improve access to the workplace.
- The mechanisim by which we would aim to achieve the above proposal areas is through the establishment of a local autism multi-agency strategy group. It would have managerial, commissioner and clinical representation from health and mental health services, education, social care, parent/carer service users and the third sector organisations. This group would ensure robust arrangements are in place to guarantee delivery of the proposed action plan, to ensure monitoring and tracking of improvements in service provision and to make sure progress is communicated across all agencies and to members of the public.

3. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 3.1 Every effort has been made to ensure that the local strategy document is fully co-produced and the action plan consulted upon. This consultation process will require to be ongoing and the Action Plan revisited on completion of the strategy.
- 3.2 It is recommended that the Lifelong Learning Committee:
 - (i) Approves the draft action plan for implementation;
 - (ii) Approves the continuation of the post of Local Autism coordinator for a fixed period from July 2015 subject to the continuation of Scottish Government funding; and
 - (iii) Endorses a multi-agency 'All Age Autism Strategic Group'.
- 3.2 It is recommended that the Housing and Health Committee:
 - (i) Approves the draft action plan for implementation;
 - (ii) Approves the continuation of the post of Local Autism coordinator for a fixed period from July 2015 subject to the continuation of Scottish Government funding; and
 - (iii) Endorses a multi-agency 'All Age Autism Strategic Group'.

Author

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Approved

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John Fyffe	Executive Director	28 May 2014

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Council Text Phone Number 01738 442573

1. IMPLICATIONS, ASSESSMENTS, CONSULTATION AND COMMUNICATION

Strategic Implications	Yes / None
Community Plan / Single Outcome Agreement	Yes
Corporate Plan	Yes
Resource Implications	
Financial	Yes
Workforce	Yes
Asset Management (land, property, IST)	n/a
Assessments	
Equality Impact Assessment	Yes
Strategic Environmental Assessment	n/a
Sustainability (community, economic, environmental)	Yes
Legal and Governance	No
Risk	n/a
Consultation	
Internal	Yes
External	Yes
Communication	Yes
Communications Plan	

1. Strategic Implications

Community Plan / Single Outcome Agreement

- 1.1 The proposals relate to the delivery of the Perth and Kinross Community Plan/Single Outcome Agreement in terms of all the following priorities:
 - (i) Giving every child the best start in life
 - (ii) Developing educated, responsible and informed citizens
 - (iii) Promoting a prosperous, inclusive and sustainable economy
 - (iv) Supporting people to lead independent, healthy and active lives
 - (v) Creating a safe and sustainable place for future generations

This report relates to all of the objectives above.

Corporate Plan

- 1.2 The proposals relate to the achievement of the Council's Corporate Plan priorities as follows:
 - (i) Giving every child the best start in life;
 - (ii) Developing educated, responsible and informed citizens;
 - (iii) Promoting a prosperous, inclusive and sustainable economy;
 - (iv) Supporting people to lead independent, healthy and active lives; and
 - (vi) Creating a safe and sustainable place for future generations.

This report relates to all of these objectives.

- 1.3 The report also links to the Education & Children's Services Policy Framework in respect of the following key policy area:
 - Inclusion and Equality

2. Resource Implications

<u>Financial</u>

- 2.1 In order to ensure the continuation of the ASD Coordinator post (Grade TL10) funding from existing budgets in ECS and HCC will be made available to support this role.
- 2.1.1 The funding for taking forwards the action plan and All Age Autism Strategy Group will be met within existing resources.

Workforce

2.2 Human Resources has been consulted on this report.

Asset Management (land, property, IT)

2.3 There are no expected asset management or information technology implications arising from this report.

3. Assessments

Equality Impact Assessment

3.1 Under the Equality Act 2010, the Council is required to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity, and foster good relations between equality groups. Carrying out Equality Impact Assessments for plans and policies allows the Council to demonstrate that it is meeting these duties.

The Local Autism Strategy has been considered under the Corporate Equalities Impact Assessment process (EqIA), and it has been concluded that the ten year strategy will impact on the development agenda for teams within Education and Children's Services and Housing and Community Care for the next ten years and should be subject to an EqIA to inform its development.

An EqIA will be completed by August 2014 (the completion date for Perth & Kinross Autism Strategy).

Strategic Environmental Assessment

3.2 The Environmental Assessment (Scotland) Act 2005 places a duty on the Council to identify and assess the environmental consequences of its proposals.

Pre-screening has identified that the PPS will have no or minimal environmental effects, it is therefore exempt and the SEA Gateway has been notified

This was evidenced by the pre-screening assessment using the Integrated Appraisal Toolkit.

Sustainability

- 3.3 Following an assessment using the Integrated Appraisal Toolkit, it has been determined that the proposal is likely to contribute **positively** to the following corporate sustainable development principles:
 - SDP10 Healthy living is actively promoted and the provision of preventative health services maximised
 - SDP11 Equitable access to high quality, integrated local health care and social services (particularly for those who are excluded or vulnerable)
 - SDP26 All people are socially included and have similar life opportunities

Legal and Governance

- 3.4 N/A
- 3.5 N/A

Risk

3.6 Delivery of The Local Autism Strategy will support effective controls of the following Corporate Risks: Protect vulnerable children and families

4. Consultation

Internal

4.1 In writing the draft action plan and report representatives from Education and Children's Services and Housing and Community Care have been fully consulted.

External

4.2 In writing the draft action plan and report representatives from Perth Autism Support, Autism Initiatives, NHS and parents/carers and service users have been fully consulted.

5. Communication

5.1 In order to implement the proposals and actions of the plan, information will be shared with and support provided for colleagues in ECS, HCC, NHS, Perth Autism Support, Autism Initiatives, PKAVS and also with parents/carers and service users.

2. BACKGROUND PAPERS

- Same as You 2000.
- PHIS A needs assessment of services for people with autism spectrum disorders 2001.
- Sign Guidelines 2007.
- Background information
- NICE Quality Standards QS51 Autism: press release January 2014.
- Autism: the management and support of children and young people on the autism spectrum. NICE clinical guideline 170 (2013).
- Autism: recognition, referral, diagnosis and management of adults on the autism spectrum. NICE clinical guideline 142 (2012).
- Autism: recognition, referral and diagnosis of children and young people on the autism spectrum. NICE clinical guideline 128 (2011).
- The Scottish Strategy for Autism 2011.
- The Scottish Strategy for Autism: Local Report from the National Mapping Project.

3. APPENDICES

The following background papers, as defined by Section 5OD of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 (and not containing confidential or exempt information) were relied on to a material extent in preparing the above report.

Appendix 1: Perth & Kinross Draft Action Plan and abbreviated version.

Appendix 2: Scottish Strategy for Autism (Easy Read Version).

APPENDIX 1: Perth and Kinross Draft Action Plan and abbreviated version

Autism Action Plan

PRIORITY AREA 1 - Strategic Leadership

Perth and Kinross Community Plan (2013 – 2023)		
Giving Every Child the Best Start in Life	Key Outcomes	
	Children have the best start in life	
	Nurtured and supported families	
Developing Educated, Responsible and Informed Citizens	Key Outcomes	
	Young people reach their potential	
	People are ready for life and work	
Promoting a Prosperous, Inclusive and Sustainable Economy	Key Outcomes	
	Thriving and expanding economy	
	Well paid employment opportunities for all	
Supporting People to Lead Independent, Healthy and Active Lives Key Outcomes		
	High quality personalised care	
	Older people are independent for longer	
	Longer, healthier lives for all	
Creating a Safe and Sustainable Place for Future Generations	re Generations Key Outcomes	
	Attractive, welcoming environment	
	 Resilient, responsible and safe communities 	
	People in vulnerable circumstances are protected	

Linking Goals, Aims and Recommendations	Timescale
Recommendation 3 : It is recommended that the ASD reference group explore the benefits of ASD lead officers with the Association of Directors of Social Work and with COSLA to establish how rollout across Scotland might be best achieved.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Recommendation 5 : It is recommended that Knapp's work on the economic cost of autism is analysed and applied to the Scottish context to inform Strategy and planning on what interventions lead to positive impacts both for individuals and for the economy as a whole.	Foundations: 0-2 years

A local Autism Strategy developed in cooperation with people across the autism spectrum, carers and professionals, ensuring that the needs of people with ASD and carers are reflected and incorporated within local plans and policies.

Foundations: 0-2 years

A process for data collection which improves the reporting of how many people with ASD are receiving services and informs the planning of these services.

Foundations: 0-2 years

A self-evaluation framework to ensure best practise implementation and monitoring.

Foundations 0-2 years and on-going.

Action/No.	Lead and Timescale	Outcome	Link to Strategy Recommendation/Goals and Aims	Progress
Action 1.1: Compile a local Autism Strategy and work in close collaboration with relevant others.	Foundations: 0-2 years Zoe Robertson June 2014	Perth and Kinross All-Age ASD Strategy completed and incorporates service developments informed by national guidance and evidence.	Best Practice Indicator: A local Autism Strategy is developed in co-operation with people across the autism spectrum, carers and professionals, ensuring that the needs of people with ASD and carers are reflected and incorporated within local policies and plans.	Commenced August 2013 and on-going.
Action 1.2: Setting up, Establishing, coordinating and running an 'All Age Autism Strategic Group. Link to all 6 Priority areas, the strategy group will ascertain and identify specific timelines for each action and allocate actions to short life working groups (see Priority area 3).	Foundations: 0-2 years Kenny Ogilvy Dorothy Henderson ASD Lead Neil Prentice Alexander Stewart	Autism Action plan will be implemented in accordance with allocated timescales. There will be inclusion of ASD within strategies and services, across all partner organisations.	Best Practice Indicator: A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to inform service improvement and encourage engagement. Services that can demonstrate that service delivery is multi-agency in focus and coordinated effectively to target meeting the needs of people with ASD.	Identifying key members and coordinating suitable times.
Action 1.3: Local Autism leads/ coordinators across Tayside meet on a regular basis.	Foundations: 0-2 years ASD Lead/leads	There will be consistency of approach. The opportunity to share ideas across Tayside.	Services that can demonstrate that service delivery is multi-agency in focus and coordinated effectively to target meeting the needs of people with ASD.	
Action 1.4: Ensure strong leadership in relation to the provision of services for adults and children with autism by appointing a local ASD Co-ordinator/lead.	Foundations: 0-2 years Ideally coinciding with the implementation of the strategy. ECS HCC NHS 3 rd Sector Org	People with ASD and their families/carers will be empowered and valued members of the community working in partnership with the ASD Co-ordinator/lead.	Best Practice Indicator: A process for ensuring a means of easy access to useful and practical information about ASD, and local action, for stakeholders to improve communication. A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to inform service improvement and encourage engagement. Services that can demonstrate that service delivery is multi-agency in focus and coordinated effectively to target meeting the needs of people with ASD.	Pending approval and funding

Action 1.5:	Holistic Personalised	All actions will be	Best Practice Indicator:	On-going
Ensure action plan	Approaches: 5-10	progressed, reviewed and		
implementation, by monitoring	years	monitored to meet the	A self-evaluation framework to ensure best practice	
progress against agreed		expectations of the	implementation and monitoring.	
strategic aims, priorities and	ASD Lead	strategy.		
timescales.				

Priority Area 2 – Achieving Best Value for Services

Perth and Kinross Community Plan (2013 – 2023)		
Giving Every Child the Best Start in Life	Key Outcomes	
	Children have the best start in life	
	Nurtured and supported families	
Developing Educated, Responsible and Informed Citizens	Key Outcomes	
	Young people reach their potential	
	People are ready for life and work	
Promoting a Prosperous, Inclusive and Sustainable Economy	Key Outcomes	
	Thriving and expanding economy	
	Well paid employment opportunities for all	
Supporting People to Lead Independent, Healthy and Active Lives Key Outcomes		
	High quality personalised care	
	Older people are independent for longer	
	Longer, healthier lives for all	
Creating a Safe and Sustainable Place for Future Generations	Key Outcomes	
	Attractive, welcoming environment	
	Resilient, responsible and safe communities	
	People in vulnerable circumstances are protected	

Linking Goals, Aims and Recommendations	Timescale
Recommendation 5 : It is recommended that Knapp's work on the economic costs of autism is analysed and applied to the Scottish context to inform strategy and planning on what interventions lead to positive impacts both for individuals and for the economy as a whole. Particular attention should be paid to his 'invest to save' assertion that if 4% of those with Asperger's were given appropriate support into work this would ultimately mean that those individuals may not require services and could contribute to the economy.	Holistic Personalised Approaches: 5-10 years
Recommendation 7: It is recommended that the ASD Reference Group commission's research to examine and compare the outcomes in relation to quality of life for those who are supported by autism service providers and individuals who access generic provision and those relevant findings are used to inform revised guidance for commissioners of services for people with ASD.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years

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Recommendation 8: The ASD Reference Group in collaboration with autism service providers will identify the key determinants of service provision that result in improved quality of life for people with ASD, across the spectrum and across the lifespan.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Recommendation 10: It is recommended that agencies and services develop a menu of interventions including advice, therapeutic interventions and counselling for children, young people and adults with an ASD, that are appropriate and flexible to individual need. This menu should identify advice and support that is immediately available, and set out the referral and assessment process for all other services and interventions.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Recommendation 11 : It is recommended that consideration is given to the specific supports needed for the more able individuals with ASD.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Implementation of existing commissioning guidelines by local authorities, the NHS and other relevant service providers.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual need.	Holistic Personalised Approaches: 5-10 years
Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of the people specifically related to their autism.	
Creative and collaborative use of service budgets to meet individual need (irrespective of what the entry route to the system is).	
Link to Best Practise Indicators	
A process for ensuring a means of easy access to useful and practical information about ASD, and local action, for stakeholders to improve communication.	Foundations: 0-2 years
A process for data collection which improves the reporting of how many people with ASD are receiving services and informs the planning of these services.	Foundations: 0-2 years

Action/No.	Lead and Timescale	Outcome	Link to Strategy Recommendation/Goals and Aims	Progress
Action 2.1: Ensure early intervention approaches are embedded and work across agencies, including recognition of the need for a whole family approach.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years Early Years Team Child Health Team PAS NHS Woodlea Cottage	Clear and consistent pathways are in place. Services and agencies that understand that early intervention is essential Reduction in future costs and possible crisis scenarios.	Recommendation 5 Recommendation 8 Best Practice Indicator: Access to mainstream services which understand and are able to meet the needs of the people specifically related to their autism. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Removal of short-term barriers such as unaddressed diagnoses and delayed intervention. Access to appropriate post-diagnostic support for families and individuals (particularly when there is a late diagnosis).	Ongoing work in this area by ECS.
Action 2.2: Data collection systems are set up to provide evidence to assist and plan future demand on services.	Foundations: 0-2 years ASD Lead SCLD NHS Sandy Strathearn	Standardised data is produced that accuracy identifies numbers of people with ASD within PKC.	Recommendation 7 Best Practice Indicator: A process for data collection which improves the reporting of how many people with ASD are receiving services and informs the planning of these services.	Existing data collection does not adequately meet this action but could be developed upon.
Action 2.3: Variety of research projects undertaken in relation ASD. Link to priority area 4. Areas for consideration: Criminal Justice Misdiagnosis	Holistic personalised approach: 5-10 years Stirling University Stuart Eno.	Local accurate picture of Autism and a process for early intervention.	Best Practice Indicator: A process for data collection which improves the reporting of how many people with ASD are receiving services and informs the planning of these services.	

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Action 2.4:	Foundations:	ASD challenges are	Recommendation 10	ASD reference
Develop a 'Menu of	0-2 years	identified and the		group have
interventions' including advice,	,	appropriate intervention	Best Practice Indicator:	published a menu
therapeutic interventions and	NHS/CAMHS	aligned.		of intervention,
counselling services that is	PAS		A process for ensuring a means of easy access to useful and	which will be
appropriate and flexible to	Al	A menu of services	practical information about ASD, and local action, for stakeholders	adapted to local
individual need.	Autism Lead	detailing interventions is	to improve communication.	priority and need.
		available with appropriate	'	' '
		signposting.		
		Gaps and overlaps are		
		identified in service		
		provision.		
Action 2.5:	Foundations:	A joined up approach to		On-going
Link with the Perth and Kinross	0-2 years	delivering services for		
Joint Strategy for Learning		those on the Autism		
Disability Services 2012-2015.	Zoe	Spectrum whether they		
Pledge 12 of this document	Robertson	have a Learning Disability		
refers to the Scottish Strategy		or not.		
for Autism.				
		Equal access to		
		appropriate services.		
Action 2.6:	Holistic		Recommendation 6	This will be
Work closely with	personalised	Commissioners, providers		communicated via
commissioning leads and	approach:	and other stakeholders	Implementation of existing commissioning guidelines by local	the All Age Autism
share information about	5-10 years	providing a joined up,	authorities, the NHS and other relevant service providers.	Strategy Group.
current and future service		coordinated response.		
provision for people with ASD	ASD Lead			
and their families to meet				
expectations of strategy.				

Action 2.7:	Whole life	High quality supports are	Creative and collaborative use of service budgets to meet individual
Continue to review all out of	journey: 2-5	available locally for adults	need (irrespective of what the entry route to the system is).
area placements of adults with	years	with autism so, wherever	
autism with a view to		possible, they do not	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs
developing high quality	ECS	need to move out of area	of people specifically related to their autism.
specialist local services.	HCC	thus improving quality of	
Enabling people with autism		life and reducing the	
who wish to return to Perth		stress and strain on	
and Kinross to do so.		families.	
Action 2.8	Foundations:	Improved experience of	Goal
Ensure clear and consistent	0-2 years	care, support	Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet
multi-agency pathways across		arrangements and of	individual need.
the life span.	NHS	community life.	
	ECS/HCC	(Link with priority area 5)	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs
	Third Sector		of people specifically related to their autism.

Priority Area 3 – Collaboration and Involvement

Perth and Kinross Community Plan (2013 – 2023)		
Giving Every Child the Best Start in Life	Key Outcomes	
	Children have the best start in life	
	Nurtured and supported families	
Developing Educated, Responsible and Informed Citizens	Key Outcomes	
	Young people reach their potential	
	People are ready for life and work	
Promoting a Prosperous, Inclusive and Sustainable Economy	Key Outcomes	
	Thriving and expanding economy	
	Well paid employment opportunities for all	
Supporting People to Lead Independent, Healthy and Active Lives	tive Lives Key Outcomes	
	High quality personalised care	
	Older people are independent for longer	
	Longer, healthier lives for all	
Creating a Safe and Sustainable Place for Future Generations	Key Outcomes	
	Attractive, welcoming environment	
	Resilient, responsible and safe communities	
	People in vulnerable circumstances are protected	

Linking Goals, Aims and Recommendations	Timescale
Recommendation 13: It is recommended that the ASD Reference Group explore options for developing user and carer capacity to be able to participate in local planning processes.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Recommendation 14: It is recommended that the SDS Strategy Implementation Group and the SDS Bill Reference Group ensure representation from the autism community so that their interests are taken into account as further developments take place.	Foundations: 0-2 years

Link to Best Practise Indicators	
A process for ensuring a means of easy access to useful and practical information about ASD, and local action, for stakeholders to improve communication.	Foundations: 0-2 years
A local Autism Strategy developed in co-operation with people across the autism spectrum , carers and professionals, ensuring that the needs of people with ASD and carers are reflected and incorporated within local policies and plans .	Foundations: 0-2 years
A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to inform service improvement and encourage engagement.	Foundations: 0-2 years

Action/No.	Lead and	Outcome	Link to Strategy	Progress
	Timescale		Recommendation/Goals and Aims	_
Action 3.1:	Foundations:	Involvement of individuals	Recommendation 13	Identified possible
Representation from The Asperger's Autism	0-2 years Zoe Robertson	and their families in all stages of service provision	Best Practise Indicator:	representatives.
community on the All Age Autism Strategic Group.	PAS Al	and design.	A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to inform service improvement and encourage	
		A process for providing feedback about how people	engagement.	
		with ASD and their families experience and perceive services.	A process for ensuring a means of easy access to useful and practical information about ASD, and local action, for stakeholders to improve communication.	
Action 3.2: Short Life Working groups that feed into the Strategy Group will be created.	Foundations: 0-2 years Zoe Robertson HCC ECS	The Strategy Group will function effectively and efficiently with appropriate input from short life working groups.	A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to inform service improvement and encourage engagement. A process for ensuring a means of easy access to useful	A training sub group has been formed and have their first meeting on the 5 th March 2014.
	NHS Third Sector	(Link with Priority area 1).	and practical information about ASD, and local action, for stakeholders to improve communication.	
Action 3.3:	Foundations:	Involvement of individuals	Recommendation 13	Parental representatives have
Parental representation on All Age Autism Group.	0-2 years Zoe Robertson	and their families in all stages of service provision	Best Practise Indicator:	been identified.
	PAS Al	and design.	A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to inform service improvement and encourage	
		A process for providing feedback about how people	engagement.	
		with ASD and their families experience and perceive	A process for ensuring a means of easy access to useful and practical information about ASD, and local action,	
		services.	for stakeholders to improve communication.	

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Action 3.4:	Foundations:	Involvement of individuals	Recommendation 13	PAS have commenced this
PAS to set up children's focus group that will feed into	0-2 years PAS	and their families in all stages of service provision	Best Practise Indicator:	work as of Feb 2014.
the All Age Strategy Group.		and design.	A framework and process for seeking stakeholder	
			feedback to inform service improvement and encourage	
		A process for providing	engagement.	
		feedback about how people		
		with ASD and their families	A process for ensuring a means of easy access to useful	
		experience and perceive	and practical information about ASD, and local action,	
		services.	for stakeholders to improve communication.	
Action 3.5:	Foundations:	A workforce who	Recommendation 14	On-going work within ECS,
Link in with the work in Perth	0-2 years	understand the complex		HCC and Autism Initiatives.
and Kinross on the	5	and enduring nature of		
implementation of Self	Diane Fraser	ASD in relation to		
Directed Support work.	ECS	assessment and SDS.		
A 11 0.0	PAS and AI		D 111 12 141	
Action 3.6:	Whole life	Personalised support	Recommendation 13 and 14	
Self-directed support is	journey: 2-5	through SDS to help people		
promoted and used to	years	achieve their desired		
support people with an	Diane Fraser	outcomes.		
ASD	ECS PAS and AI	Increased choice and		
	PAS and Ai	control in their lives.		
Action 3.7:	Zoe Robertson	A fully co-produced Autism	Best Practice Indicator:	On-going. Two parental focus
Ensure those on the autism	ZOE NODERSON	Strategy document that	Boot i luotioe ilidioator.	groups for parents of children
spectrum and their carers are	On-going.	accurately reflects the	A framework and process for seeking stakeholder	and adults on the spectrum
fully consulted when writing	Complete by	needs of the local autism	feedback to inform service improvement and encourage	meet monthly.
the local autism strategy	June 2014	community.	engagement.	
addom oddiogy	53 2011			
			A process for ensuring a means of easy access to useful	
			and practical information about ASD, and local action,	
			for stakeholders to improve communication.	

Action 3.8:	Holistic	Involvement of individuals	Best Practice Indicator:	
Ensure that families are	personalised	and their families in all		
actively involved in their	approach: 5-	stages of service provision	A framework and process for seeking stakeholder	
child's support and involve	10 years	and design.	feedback to inform service improvement and encourage	
people with ASD and families		_	engagement.	
in the development of	A wide range			
plans, strategies and	of multi-		A process for ensuring a means of easy access to useful	
Single Outcome	disciplines		and practical information about ASD, and local action,	
Agreements.	would		for stakeholders to improve communication.	
	contribute to		·	
	this process.			

Priority Area 4 – Cross Agency Working

Perth and Kinross Community Plan (2013 – 2023)		
Giving Every Child the Best Start in Life	Key Outcomes	
	Children have the best start in life	
	Nurtured and supported families	
Developing Educated, Responsible and Informed Citizens	Key Outcomes	
	Young people reach their potential	
	People are ready for life and work	
Promoting a Prosperous, Inclusive and Sustainable Economy	ve and Sustainable Economy Key Outcomes	
	Thriving and expanding economy	
	Well paid employment opportunities for all	
Supporting People to Lead Independent, Healthy and Active Lives Key Outcomes		
	High quality personalised care	
	Older people are independent for longer	
	Longer, healthier lives for all	
Creating a Safe and Sustainable Place for Future Generations	Key Outcomes	
	Attractive, welcoming environment	
	Resilient, responsible and safe communities	
	People in vulnerable circumstances are protected	

Linking Goals, Aims and Recommendations	Timescale
Recommendation 18: It is recommended that good practice transition guidance is developed, building on from existing educational guidance, in order to support the lifelong challenges facing people with autism as they make daily and life-stage transitions.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years
Access to integrated service provision across the lifespan to address the multi-dimensional aspects of autism	Whole life journey: 2-5 years
Access to appropriate transitional planning across the lifespan	Whole life journey: 2-5 years
Consistent adoption of good practice guidance in key areas of education, health and social care across all local authority areas ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism Creative and collaborative use of service budgets to meet individual need (irrespective of what the entry route to the system is).	Whole life journey: 2-5 years

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Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years
Link to Best Practise Indicators	
Access to training and development to inform staff and improve the understanding amongst professionals about ASD	Foundations: 0-2 years
An ASD Training Plan to improve the knowledge and skills of those who work with people who have ASD, to ensure that people with ASD are properly supported by trained staff.	Foundations: 0-2 years
A multi-agency care pathway for assessment, diagnosis and intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and remove barriers.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Services that can demonstrate that service delivery is multi-agency in focus and coordinated effectively to target meeting the needs of people with ASD.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years
Clear multi-agency procedures and plans which are in place to support individuals through major transitions at each important life-stage.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years
A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to inform service improvement and encourage feedback	Whole life journey: 2-5 years

Action/No.	Lead and Timescale	Outcome	Link to Strategy Recommendation/Goals and Aims	Progress
Action 4.1: Centralise the administration of training in relation to autism and co morbid conditions.	Foundations: 0-2 years Zoe Robertson HCC ECS AI PAS	Better use is made of existing high quality training. Training is accessible and well-coordinated. Gaps or duplication in learning is identified.	Access to training and development to inform staff and improve the understanding amongst professionals about ASD. Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism. An ASD Training Plan to improve the knowledge and skills of those who work with people who have ASD, to ensure that people with ASD are properly supported by trained staff.	Learning and Development HCC have commenced work on this. February 2014
Action 4.2: Develop a network of local trainers who understand autism and are able to provide regular training both to families and professionals to an agreed standard.	Foundations: 0-2 years ASD Lead PAS AI CAMHS/NHS ECS Allied Health Professionals Perth College	Shared approach to learning needs. Easy access to available accredited training.	Access to training and development to inform staff and improve the understanding amongst professionals about ASD. Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism. An ASD Training Plan to improve the knowledge and skills of those who work with people who have ASD, to ensure that people with ASD are properly supported by trained staff.	Learning and Development HCC have commenced work on this. February 2014
Action 4.3: Ensure a range of training is available for carers, including practical interventions to help families find solutions to difficult home situations and reduce aggression at home.	Foundations: 0-2 years ASD Lead PAS CALM Allied Health Professionals 3 rd Sector Org	Coordinated all age autism specific training that is responsive to carer needs.	Access to training and development to inform staff and improve the understanding amongst professionals about ASD. Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism. An ASD Training Plan to improve the knowledge and skills of those who work with people who have ASD, to ensure that people with ASD are properly supported by trained staff.	Training sub group have their first meeting on the 5 th March 2014.

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Action 4.4:	Whole life	Staff across services have an	Access to training and development to inform staff and	Awareness
Social Services, Housing,	journey: 2-5	increased knowledge and	improve the understanding amongst professionals about	training (HCC)
Transport services, Criminal	years	understanding of ASD.	ASD.	has been
Justice System, Education GPs,				running since
dentists and other health	ASD Lead		Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to	2008.
professionals have the	Al		ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of	On-going
appropriate and relevant	Autism		autism.	
information and training to	Champions			ECS training in
support people with ASD	LAC		An ASD Training Plan to improve the knowledge and skills of	autism on-going.
'' '			those who work with people who have ASD, to ensure that	3 3
DVD, Online learning, Leaflets			people with ASD are properly supported by trained staff.	Third sector
Third Sector Organisation			people many to 2 and proporty supported by training status	involvement on-
support.				going.
SVQ/PDA/University PGC/D				9
Action 4.5:	Foundations:	Autism is not seen as a stand-	Best Practice Indicator:	HCC Learning
Ensure that there is training and	0-2 years	alone condition.		and
education around the co-	o z youro	dione condition.	An ASD Training Plan to improve the knowledge and skills of	Development
morbidities and behavioural	HCC	Autism is recognised as being	those who work with people who have ASD, to ensure that	have bought in
issues associated with Autism.	ECS	complex, multi-dimensional and	people with ASD are properly supported by trained staff.	specialist
1330C3 d330Clated With Autism.	Tourette	requiring the input and expertise	people with Aob are properly supported by trained stain.	training
	Scotland	of multiple agencies.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to	provision to
	Allied Health	of multiple agencies.	ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of	meet these
	Professionals		autism.	needs.
	CAMHS/NHS		autistit.	neeus.
	CAIMINS/ININS CALM			
				1100 500
Action 4.6:	Whole life	Outcome focused, person	Best Practice Indicator:	HCC, ECS,
Training for staff in frontline posts	journey: 2-5	centred plans.		NHS, Perth
to promote good quality	years		Consistent adoption of good practice guidance in key areas	college and 3 rd
assessments, evidence based	Transition	Aspirations and life experiences	of education, health and social care across all local authority	sector orgs are
interventions and on-going	Team	that are important are met.	areas.	meeting to
support for families.	Al			arrange this
	Early Years			training, March
	Team			2014.
	HCC SW			

Action 4.7:	Whole life	Staff teams work in an autism	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to	Training sub
Staff in HCC who work one to one	journey: 2-5	specific manner.	ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of	group have their
on a regular basis with those on	vears		autism.	first meeting on
the Autism Spectrum should have	,			the 5 th March
enhanced training provision,	Al		An ASD Training Plan to improve the knowledge and skills of	2014.
looking at communication and	Autism		those who work with people who have ASD, to ensure that	
strategies.	Champions		people with ASD are properly supported by trained staff.	
Action 4.8:	Foundations:	Person-centred plans are used,	Recommendation 18	The Learning
Autism Specific Person Centred	0-2 years	empowering and providing a set		and
Planning tools should be used	1	of tools for change, at an	Access to appropriate transitional planning across the	Development
more routinely.	PAS	individual, a team and an	lifespan	team and PAS
,	Al	organisational level.	·	are developing a
A personalised plan that is	ECS		Services that can demonstrate that service delivery is multi-	plan in relation
developed and implemented in a	HCC	User led services.	agency in focus and coordinated effectively to target meeting	PCP.
partnership between them, their			the needs of people with ASD.	
family and carers if appropriate.				
			A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback	
			to inform service improvement and encourage feedback.	
Action 4.9:	Foundations:	Early intervention at each stage	Link to Best Practice Indicator:	Ongoing work in
Multi-agency good practice	0-2 years	of transition for all on the autism	Clear multi-agency procedures and plans which are in place	this area.
transition guidance is developed,		spectrum.	to support individuals through major transitions at each	Those teams
to support the lifelong challenges	ECS		important life-stage.	working with
facing people with ASD as they	HCC	Access to clear and consistent		transition are
make daily and life stage	Transition	transitional guidelines at each		meeting to
transitions, ensuring all on the	Team	stage through preschool,		enhance current
spectrum are supported.	Employment	nursery, primary, secondary and		provision.
	Support Team	beyond school into adulthood		
	Perth College	and its associated transitions.		
	3 rd Sector Org			

Action 4.10:	Foundations:	Early identification of those on	Link to Best Practice Indicator:	On-going
Continue the work of the	0-2 years	the spectrum with a learning	Clear multi-agency procedures and plans which are in place	33
Transition team and ensure close	ECŚ	disability or significant	to support individuals through major transitions at each	
working relationships with other	HCC	complexity to their condition.	important life-stage.	
agencies.	Transition			
	Team			
	Employment			
	Support Team			
	Perth College			
	Third sector			
Action 4.11:	Foundations:	High functioning children on the	Link to Best Practice Indicator:	
HCC/Third sector org should be	0-2 years	spectrum are identified and	Clear multi-agency procedures and plans which are in place	
present at the 16 plus meetings if		supported by Autism	to support individuals through major transitions at each	
a child is identified as having an	PAS/AI	Initiatives/PAS when	important life-stage.	
ASD.	HCC	appropriate.		
Action 4.12:	Foundations:	High functioning children on the	Link to Best Practice Indicator:	
HCC/Third sector org should be	0-2 years	spectrum are identified and	Clear multi-agency procedures and plans which are in place	
present at the integrated team		supported by Autism	to support individuals through major transitions at each	
meetings if a child is identified as	PAS/AI	Initiatives/PAS when	important life-stage.	
having an ASD.	HCC	appropriate.		
Action 4.13:	Foundations:	Whether someone presents with	Link to Best Practice Indicator:	
Transition work should be	0-2 years	challenging behaviour or not,	Clear multi-agency procedures and plans which are in place	
enhanced in schools by ensuring	ECS	cognisance is given to the	to support individuals through major transitions at each	
we identify all children on the	PAS	nature of autism and how the	important life-stage.	
autism spectrum and work	Al	adverse effects of the condition		
accordingly with them, optionally		are not always apparent but do		
through PAS/Autism Initiatives		require intervention.		
and Child Health Team.				
Adhere to GIRFEC principles.				
Adhere to Girti Lo principles.				

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Action 4.14: Sustained and increased uptake of the One Stop Shop No 3 (Autism Initiatives) and Perth Autism Support.	Foundations: 0-2 years HCC ECS NHS PAS AI	People with ASD and their families and carers know where to access information that is evidenced and appropriate. No 3 and PAS will be accessed by staff providing services to ensure a collaborative approach to their work.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	On-going
Action 4.15: PAS and equivalent organisations should be used appropriately in schools, as support through unstructured parts of the school day or to support children who are struggling in a mainstream environment.	Foundations: 0-2 years PAS AI	Children who would have previously struggled in mainstream school will spend less time in the base and more time with their peers. Children will be enhanced academically without significant levels of stress.	Link to Best Practice Indicator: Clear multi-agency procedures and plans which are in place to support individuals through major transitions at each important life-stage.	Work has commenced by PAS in relation to this. February 2014
Action 4.16: PAS to be used in schools as Autism Champions, to advise and support education staff in working with children on the autism spectrum.	Foundations: 0-2 years PAS ECS	PAS work with staff to develop strategies and methods of autism specific working that complement existing teaching skills.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism. Access to training and development to inform staff and improve the understanding amongst professionals about ASD.	
Action 4.17: Improve training for staff in early year's education, health services and schools to achieve a reduction in the average age of diagnosis in children and young people.	Foundations: 0-2 years PAS Outreach Teachers Early Years Team	Children receiving the appropriate intervention as soon as is practicably possible, leading to a reduction in symptoms and more positive outlook.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism. Access to training and development to inform staff and improve the understanding amongst professionals about ASD.	Outreach teachers are currently focussing on some of this work.

Action 4.18: The role of Outreach teachers should be supported and further developed.	Foundations: 0-2 years	Standardisation of our approach to dealing with Autism in schools.	Recommendation 18 Access to training and development to inform staff and improve the understanding amongst professionals about ASD. Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of	
Action 4.19: School staff who directly works with those on the autism spectrum should have the opportunity to meet their peers and troubleshoot any issues on a regular basis.	Foundations: 0-2 years	Autism specific staff that is not over pressured and unable to carry out the demands of their position.	autism. Recommendation 18 Access to training and development to inform staff and improve the understanding amongst professionals about ASD. Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	Specialist Network meetings commenced 10 th December and it was agreed that the network will meet termly.
Action 4.20: For staff who work one to one with pupils with ASD, autism awareness training should be mandatory.	Foundations: 0-2 years	Holistic, whole school approach to learning and development needs in relation ASD.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	Training is available to meet this action point both within ECS and HCC.
Action 4.21: All children on the Autism Spectrum should have an Individual Education plan or CSP.	Foundations: 0-2 years	A workforce who understand the complex and enduring nature of ASD.	Link to Best Practice Indicator: Clear multi-agency procedures and plans which are in place to support individuals through major transitions at each important life-stage.	
Action 4.22: Typically functioning children in schools should receive age appropriate awareness raising training from an early stage.	Foundations: 0-2 years PAS Learning and Development Outreach teachers AI	Awareness raising commencing in schools and transcending into the community.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	Training sub group have their first meeting on the 5 th March 2014.
Action 4.23: Placements for mainstream teachers in specialist bases should be made available.	Foundations: 0-2 years ECS	A collaborative approach to our work with children on the autism spectrum in schools.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	

Action 4.24:	Foundations:	Advice and recommendations	Link to Best Practice Indicator:	
Ensure SMARTS are used	0-2 years	from the NHS are integrated into	Clear multi-agency procedures and plans which are in place	
appropriately in schools.	CAMHS	the school planning process for	to support individuals through major transitions at each	
	ECS	each child.	important life-stage.	
	PAS	33.1.31	mperium me ettiger	
Action 4.25:	Foundations:	Health and ECS working in a	Link to Best Practice Indicator:	Training sub
Ensure teaching staff are given	0-2 years	collaborative manner.	Clear multi-agency procedures and plans which are in place	group have their
training on how to interpret	CAMHS		to support individuals through major transitions at each	first meeting on
SMARTS and make best use of	ECS	A consistent approach to the	important life-stage.	the 5 th March
them.	PAS	management of ASD.		2014.
Action 4.26:	Foundations:	Wide spread understanding of	Access to training and development to inform staff and	
Increase capacity in mainstream	0-2 years	how to interact effectively with	improve the understanding amongst professionals about	
services through the promotion of		individuals on the Autism	ASD.	
Autism Champions, to improve /	LAC Role	Spectrum.		
develop quality of services such	ASD Lead		Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to	
as social work, housing, job			ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of	
centres and the police by building			autism.	
skills and knowledge for staff				
teams			An ASD Training Plan to improve the knowledge and skills of	
			those who work with people who have ASD, to ensure that	
			people with ASD are properly supported by trained staff.	
Action 4.27:	Whole life	Wide spread staff learning	Access to training and development to inform staff and	
In line with locality working the	journey: 2-5	across localities.	improve the understanding amongst professionals about	
LAC role will be expanded to	years		ASD.	
encompass those on all levels of		Enhanced levels of staff		
the autism spectrum. They will	HCC	understanding and peer support.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to	
take on the role of "Autism	LAC		ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of	
Champion" in the North and South	Al		autism.	
locality whilst a member of staff	ASD Lead			
from the Mental Health will take			An ASD Training Plan to improve the knowledge and skills of	
on the city role.			those who work with people who have ASD, to ensure that	
			people with ASD are properly supported by trained staff.	
Action 4.28:	Foundations:	Wide spread understanding of	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to	
Have a suitably autism aware	0-2 years	how to interact effectively with	ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of	
individual based at point of initial	Access Team	individuals on the Autism	autism.	
contact i.e. Access Team	HCC	Spectrum.		
	ASC Lead			
	Al			

Action 4.29: Promote the Autism Alert card or wrist band that people with autism can carry/wear which tells others what to expect when they meet a person with autism. A named person should be identified and included on any alert.	Foundations: 0-2 years ASD Lead	Professionals in key public service areas such as criminal justice and healthcare understand the issues and challenges that may arise when they come into contact with someone with autism.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	
Action 4.30: Further develop multi- agency/disciplinary flexible support services in order that people can call on support at points of change.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years NHS/CAMHS HCC/ECS Third sector	Staff understand that autism is a complex and fluid condition. Services are flexible in their approach and responsive to unexpected presentation.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	
Action 4.31: Provide access to housing in "safe" areas, skilled housing advice and support. Autism awareness training – provided to all staff dealing with housing issues, in particular, housing officers, housing benefit officers, repairs staff and community safety officers.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years ASD Lead AI HCC	Housing service provision that understands the specific needs of those on the autism spectrum	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	
Action 4.32: Advice sheet should be made available for staff within these departments, with some basic guidelines and contacts if they are dealing with someone with autism.	Foundations: 0-2 years ASD Lead AI	Information and help that is easily accessible for staff.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	Autism Initiatives have agreed to produce advice sheets for us. Feb 2014.

Action 4.33: Autism Flagging system should be introduced to ensure we work proactively and in an autism friendly way with these individuals. Action 4.34: Supported housing for adults with	Foundations: 0-2 years Business Improvement SWIFT, Northgate etc. Holistic personalised	Proactive identification of those on the spectrum and adaptation of working style to accommodate. Autism friendly housing options are available.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism. Services that can demonstrate that service delivery is multiagency in focus and coordinated effectively to target meeting	
autism and no learning disability should be considered.	approach: 5- 10 years HCC Third sector		the needs of people with ASD.	
Action 4.35: Ensure the work done with Strathclyde Police force is replicated in Perth.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years ASD Lead	Educated and informed local police force who understand the possible implications of an Autism Spectrum Disorder.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	Work has been commenced in different areas of Scotland.
Action 4.36: Criminal Justice staff should have Autism Awareness training specific to their level of involvement.	Foundations: 0-2 years ASD Lead CJS HCC Third Sector	Criminal Justice Professionals working in an autism friendly manner thus ensuring those on the spectrum play a full role in society and are afforded the rights and protection they need.	Capacity and awareness building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism. Access to training and development to inform staff and improve the understanding amongst professionals about ASD. An ASD Training Plan to improve the knowledge and skills of those who work with people who have ASD, to ensure that people with ASD are properly supported by trained staff.	Training sub group have their first meeting on the 5 th March 2014.
Action 4.37: Seek to commission research into the incidence of autism amongst the local prison population and those who come into contact with the police and courts in order to develop prevention strategies.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years Stirling University Stuart Eno	Local accurate picture of Autism and a process for early intervention.	Best Practice Indicator: A process for data collection which improves the reporting of how many people with ASD are receiving services and informs the planning of these services.	

Priority Area 5 – Diagnosis and Intervention

Perth and Kinross Community Plan (2013 – 2023)				
Giving Every Child the Best Start in Life	Key Outcomes			
	Children have the best start in life			
	Nurtured and supported families			
Supporting People to Lead Independent, Healthy and Active Lives Key Outcomes				
	High quality personalised care			
	Older people are independent for longer			
	Longer, healthier lives for all			

Linking Goals, Aims and Recommendations	Timescale
RECOMMENDATION 21: It is recommended that an assessment of national waiting lists is undertaken to clarify the extent of delays and that the ASD Reference Group considers and responds to these findings.	Foundations: 0-2 years
RECOMMENDATION 22: Initiatives to address waiting lists for assessment should include consideration of further training on the use of ADOS, ADI-R, 3di and DISCO to meet increased levels of demand.	Foundations: 0-2 years
RECOMMENDATION 23: It is recommended that the ASD Reference Group explore the ways diagnostic processes for adults and children are different and how this should inform practice.	Foundations: 0-2 years
RECOMMENDATION 24: It is recommended that the directory of individuals and teams undertaking assessment and diagnosis of ASD in Scotland is reviewed, updated and re-distributed.	Foundations: 0-2 years
RECOMMENDATION 25: It is recommended that a review is conducted with a view to updating and re-distributing the quality diagnostic standard if it is found to continue to be of benefit.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Removal of short-term barriers such as unaddressed diagnoses and delayed intervention.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Access to appropriate post-diagnostic support for families and individuals (particularly when there is a late diagnosis). Implementation of existing commissioning guidelines by local authorities, the NHS, and other relevant service providers.	Foundations: 0-2 years

Access to integrated service provision across the lifespan to address the multi-dimensional aspects of autism.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years
Access to appropriate transition planning across the lifespan.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Consistent adoption of good practice guidance in key areas of education, health and social care across local authority areas.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years
Capacity and awareness-building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	Holistic Personalised Approaches: 5-10 years
Creative and collaborative use of service budgets to meet individual need (irrespective of what the entry route to the system is).	Whole life journey: 2-5 years
Access to appropriate assessment of needs throughout life.	Holistic Personalised Approaches: 5-10 years
Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age. Link to Best Practise Indicators	Holistic Personalised Approaches: 5-10 years
A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and remove the barriers	Whole life journey: 2-5 years
A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to inform service improvement and encourage feedback	Whole life journey: 2-5 years

Action/No.	Lead and	Outcome	Link to Strategy	Progress
	Timescale		Recommendation/Goals and Aims	
Action 5.1: Investment made in Autism specific therapeutic interventions for children in Early year's provision.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years Third Sector NHS	Services which follow the principles of prevention, early identification of problems and early intervention. Service providers who are working together to meet the needs of the individual child.	Link to Best Practise Indicators A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and remove the barriers. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Removal of short-term barriers such as unaddressed diagnoses	March 2014, presentation being made by potential provider.
	140		and delayed intervention. Consistent adoption of good practice guidance in key areas of education, health and social care across local authority areas.	
Action 5.2: Early years work extended beyond pre-school age and kept in line with the Early Years Framework of up to eight years.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years Early Years Team Third Sector Autism Outreach Teachers Autism Champions in schools.	Smooth early year's transitions. Intensive support to enhance the school experience for each child on the spectrum.	Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Access to appropriate transition planning across the lifespan. Consistent adoption of good practice guidance in key areas of education, health and social care across local authority areas. Capacity and awareness-building in mainstream services to ensure people are met with recognition and understanding of autism.	
Action 5.3: After school clubs that can cope with the needs of children on the Autism Spectrum should be invested in.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years ECS	Perth and Kinross council provide equality of service provision for all children and their families.	Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism.	

Action 5.4:	Whole life	Perth and Kinross council	Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to	Demand for this
Look into the cost of	journey: 2-5 years	provide equality of service	meet individual needs.	service has
transporting children from		provision for all children and		been
school to PAS (who would	ECS	their families.	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	ascertained as
function as an autism specific	PAS		needs of people specifically related to their autism.	high. February
after school club).			Thouse of people openingary related to their datem.	2014.
Action 5.4:	Foundations: 0-2	Communication between these	A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to	Ongoing work in
Robust links between	years	various parties is seamless	inform service improvement and encourage feedback.	this area.
schools, families and other		and fluid.		
services to ensure that	Child Health			
strategies can be planned	Team	Transference of skills is		
and adapted to ensure	Woodlea Cottage	increased.		
continuity at home and in	Fairview School			
community settings as well	PAS	Multi-agency approach.		
as in school.	ECS			
Action 5.5:	Foundations: 0-2	A multi-agency approach is	Link to Best Practise Indicators	PAS have
Autism specific behavioural	years	used that identifies issues in		launched their
outreach support should be		the home environment and	A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	outreach
supported and enhanced.	CALM	ensures more consistency of	intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	service. Feb
	PAS	approach.	remove the barriers.	2014. Woodlea
	Al			Cottage/Child
	ECS		Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	Health team
			needs of people specifically related to their autism.	also provide
				outreach
				support.
Action 5.6:	Foundations: 0-2	Good working reciprocal	Recommendation 22, 23 and 24	No 3 met with
Ensure Autism Initiatives No	years	relationships are formed.		Bill Troup,
3 have close links with adult			Link to Best Practise Indicators	Fergus Doud
mental health services and	Al	Informal referral routes		and the ASD
the proposed Strathmartine	NHS Tayside	established.	A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	Lead to
Project.			intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	establish those
		Shared learning opportunities	remove the barriers	links. January
		made available.		2014.
			A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to	
			inform service improvement and encourage feedback	

Action 5.7:	Whole life	Confident, well trained staff	Link to Best Practise Indicators	Training sub
Ensure adult mental health	journey: 2-5 years	providing appropriate support.		group have their
services have sufficient			A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	first meeting on
knowledge and	NHS Tayside	Clinical supervision is available	intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	the 5 th March
understanding of Autism, as	HCC	as and when required.	remove the barriers	2014.
well as appropriate peer	Al			
support.			Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
			needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
Action 5.8:	Foundations:	Reduction in misdiagnosis.	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	Training sub
Invest in training around how	0-2 years.		needs of people specifically related to their autism.	group have their
an ASD can present similarly		Reduction in inappropriate		first meeting on
to the symptoms of a mental	NHS	placements/care provision.	Removal of short-term barriers such as unaddressed diagnoses	the 5 th March
health condition and how to			and delayed intervention.	2014.
differentiate the two.			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Action 5.9:	Whole life	Reduction in misdiagnosis.	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
Strengthen specialist	journey: 2-5 years		needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
capacity in mental health		Reduction in inappropriate		
services in Perth and Kinross	NHS Tayside	placements/care provision	Removal of short-term barriers such as unaddressed diagnoses	
to tackle under-diagnosis of			and delayed intervention.	
autism in those with serious				
mental illness.				
Action 5.10:	Foundations: 0-2	Reduction in inappropriate	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
Consider a joint protocol	years	placing of those on the autism	needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
between Learning Disability	1100	spectrum.		
services and mental health	HCC	Chanadanana ah ta masa airan	Removal of short-term barriers such as unaddressed diagnoses	
services in relation to	Kenny Ogilvy Paul Henderson	Shared approach to managing caseloads.	and delayed intervention.	
diagnosis and support of those on the Autism	raul nellueison	caseidads.		
Spectrum.			Access to appropriate post-diagnostic support for families and	
opecialii.			individuals (particularly when there is a late diagnosis).	

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Action 5.11: Thought should be given to developing a specialist Autism Diagnostic service for adults, Tayside wide. Perth and Kinross council would support this action and work collaboratively with the NHS on this proposed development.	Holistic personalised approach: 0-10 years NHS Tayside HCC ECS	Multi-agency specialist teams providing seamless services. Improved experience of care, support arrangements for those on the Autism Spectrum and their families/carers.	Link to Best Practise Indicators A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and remove the barriers Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Creative and collaborative use of service budgets to meet individual need (irrespective of what the entry route to the system is).	The Strathmartine Project aims to provide an element of this action point. This project is due to open April 2014.
Action 5.12: Develop a clear, consistent pathway for diagnosis and assessment of needs. This should include a post diagnosis interview, to help people understand their diagnosis, sign posting or	Whole life journey: 2-5 years NHS Tayside AI HCC ECS	Multi-agency specialist teams providing seamless service. Improved experience of care, support arrangements for those on the Autism Spectrum, their families and carers.	Access to appropriate assessment of needs throughout life. Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age. Link to Best Practise Indicators A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and remove the barriers Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
connecting people to support / advice services as required. Action 5.13: A diagnosis of autism should be recognised as a catalyst for a carer's assessment.	Foundations: 0-2 years NHS HCC	Multi-agency specialist teams providing seamless service. Improved experience of care, support arrangements for those on the Autism Spectrum, their families and carers.	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism.	

Action 5.14:	Foundations: 0-2	Improved experience of care,	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
Family counselling services	years	support arrangements for	needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
should be in place post	CAMHS	those on the Autism Spectrum		
diagnosis and at times of	PAS	and their families/carers.		
crisis.	Al			
	HCC			
Action 5.15:	Foundations: 0-2	Improved experience of care,	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
Improving parental/carer and	years	support arrangements for	needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
sibling support during and	NHS	those on the Autism Spectrum,	The second of the second secon	
post diagnosis.	PAS	their families and carers.	A framework and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to	
poor alagnosis.	Autism Initiatives		inform service improvement and encourage feedback	
	Adult Mental		and on the improvement and encourage recapacit	
	Health Services			
	Child Health			
	Team			
Action 5.16:	Foundations: 0-2	Improved continuity of care	Link to Best Practise Indicators	
Recommend six month	years	and regular review of ongoing	Link to best Fractise indicators	
	NHS	intervention.	A multi Agency nethway for appearment, diagnosis and	
review after initial diagnosis	HCC	intervention.	A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	
in adult and children's			intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	
services.	ECS		remove the barriers	
	Al		Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
	PAS		needs of people specifically related to their autism. A framework	
			and process for seeking stakeholder feedback to inform service	
			improvement and encourage feedback.	
			Access to appropriate post-diagnostic support for families and	
			individuals (particularly when there is a late diagnosis).	
Action 5.17:	Whole life	Well informed proactive	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
Ensure frontline services	journey: 2-5 years	responses from local services.	needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
	journey. 2-5 years	responses nom local services.	needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
including GPs, Health	NILIO			
Visitors, Police, Accident and	NHS	Clear and consistent pathways		
Emergency are aware of	Autism Lead	of care and intervention.		
indicators of autism, how to	Al			
communicate effectively with	PAS			
people with autism and				
understand the care				
pathway.				

Action 5.18:	Whole life	Reduction in waiting lists and	Link to Best Practise Indicators	
Increase diagnostic capacity	journey: 2-5 years	length of time waiting on		
in CAMHS.	NHS Tayside	diagnosis.	A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	
			intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	
			remove the barriers	
			Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
			needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
Action 5.19:	Foundations: 0-2	At point of diagnosis	Link to Best Practise Indicators	
The benefit of a post	years	individual/carer is given social		
diagnostic social work	NHS Tayside	work contact details.	A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	
referral should be highlighted	ECS		intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	
and explained.	HCC		remove the barriers.	
Action 5.20:	Foundations: 0-2	Improved experience of care,	Link to Best Practise Indicators	
During the assessment	years	support arrangements for		
process representation from		those on the Autism Spectrum,	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
PAS or equivalent should be	PAS	their families and carers.	needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
made available.			A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	
			intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	
			remove the barriers.	
Action 5.21:	Foundations: 0-2	Seamless on-going	Link to Best Practise Indicators	
Automatic referral to PAS	years	appropriate support.		
post diagnosis from CAHMS	CAMHS and		A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	
or general paediatrics.	general	Clear and consistent pathways	intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	
	paediatrics	of care and intervention.	remove the barriers	
			Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
			needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
Action 5.22	Foundations: 0-2	Clear and concise information	Link to Best Practise Indicators	
A booklet to be devised,	years	is made available at point of		
explaining the different local		diagnosis to parents/service	A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	
services that will be involved	Autism Lead	users.	intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	
in your care and support.	PAS		remove the barriers	
	NHS			
	Al		Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
			needs of people specifically related to their autism.	

Action 5.23:	Foundations: 0-2	Autism specific crisis	Link to Best Practise Indicators	Due to complete
Develop specialist supported	vears	intervention support		April 2014.
accommodation for the very	NHS Tayside,	mechanisms are in place.	A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	7 45 = 5
complex adult cases of ASD.	PKC and Third		intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	
	Sector.	People stay in their own	remove the barriers	
		locality.		
			Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
			needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
Action 5.24:	Whole life	Individuals on the autism	Link to Best Practise Indicators	
Access to speech and	journey: 2-5 years	spectrum have access to		
language therapy for		SALT provision, when	A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	
individuals with an ASD	NHS Tayside	necessary.	intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	
should be increased.		,	remove the barriers	
			Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
			needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
Action 5.25:	Whole life	Occupational therapists	Link to Best Practise Indicators	
Assessment of sensory	journey: 2-5 years	playing a vital role in the		
difficulties should be routinely		diagnostic pathway.	A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	
carried out and OT included	NHS Tayside		intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	
in the diagnostic process.		Parents and teachers	remove the barriers	
		understand and manage the		
		sensory challenges faced by	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
		children with ASD.	needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
Action 5.26:	Whole life	OT services are working	Link to Best Practise Indicators	
Increase Occupational	journey: 2-5 years	collaboratively with the child		
Therapy input locally		and the family.	A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	
	NHS Tayside	Identifying and achieving their	intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	
		goals.	remove the barriers	
		Enabling children with ASD to		
		participate more fully in	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
		everyday life.	needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
		Reduction in parental stress		
		and an increase in confident		
		parenting.		

Action 5.27:	Foundations: 0-2	Individuals having a diagnostic	Link to Best Practise Indicators	
Co-morbid conditions should	years	assessment for autism are		
be considered and assessed		assessed for co-existing	A multi-Agency pathway for assessment, diagnosis and	
and joint working methods	CAMHS	physical health conditions and	intervention to improve the support for people with ASD and	
should be applied.	Third Sector	mental health problems.	remove the barriers	
	ECS	·		
	HCC		Access to services which understand and are able to meet the	
			needs of people specifically related to their autism.	

Priority Area 6 - Wider Opportunities and Access to Work

Perth and Kinross Community Plan (2013 – 2023)				
Developing Educated, Responsible and Informed Citizens	Key Outcomes			
	Young people reach their potential			
	People are ready for life and work			
Promoting a Prosperous, Inclusive and Sustainable Economy	Key Outcomes			
	Thriving and expanding economy			
	Well paid employment opportunities for all			
Supporting People to Lead Independent, Healthy and Active Lives	Key Outcomes			
	High quality personalised care			
	Older people are independent for longer			
	Longer, healthier lives for all			

Linking Goals, Aims and Recommendations	Timescale
RECOMMENDATION 5: It is recommended that Knapp's work on the economic costs of autism is analysed and applied to the Scottish context to inform strategy and planning on what interventions lead to positive impacts both for individuals and for the economy as a whole. Particular attention should be paid to his 'invest to save' assertion that if 4% of those with Asperger's were given appropriate support into work this would ultimately mean that those individuals may not require services and could contribute to the economy.	Foundations: 0-2 years
RECOMMENDATION 11: It is recommended that consideration is given to the specific supports needed for the more able individuals with ASD.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years
RECOMMENDATION 26: It is recommended that the supported employment framework for Scotland is evaluated in terms of its impact on employment and employability for people with autism.	Holistic Personalised Approaches: 0-10 years
Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism.	Foundations: 0-2 years
Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age.	Holistic Personalised Approaches: 0-10 years

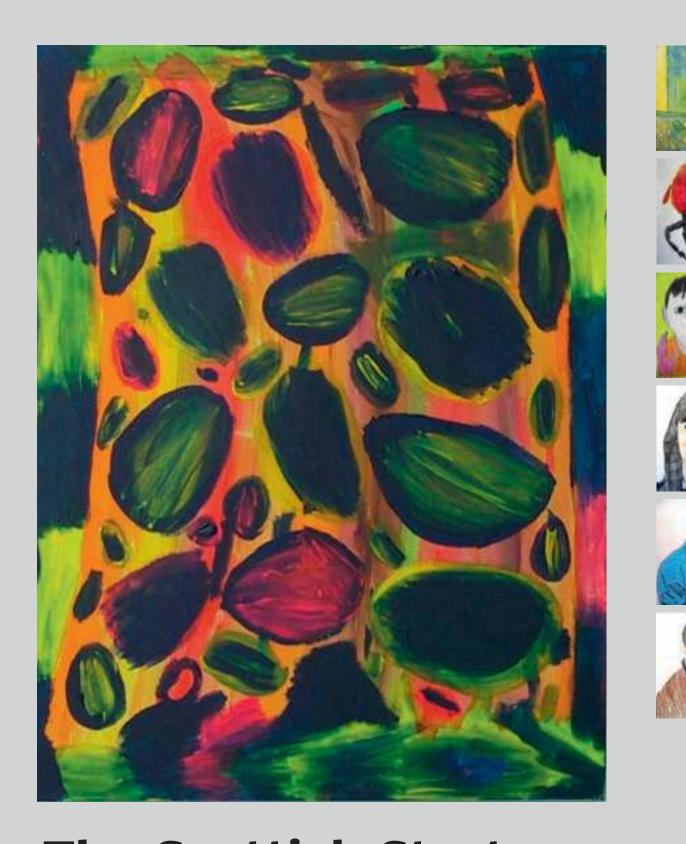
Action/No.	Lead and Timescale	Outcome	Link to Strategy Recommendation/Goals and Aims	Progress
Action 6.1: No3 Autism Initiatives should proactively engage with local authority Welfare Rights team and Job Centre Plus.	Foundations: 0-2 years Autism Initiatives and ASD lead	Knowledgeable, confident staff working with clients on the autism spectrum.	Recommendation 11 Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age.	
Action 6.2: Volunteering and work experience – can be very beneficial experiences for people with autism in preparing for, or as part of the transition to employment. Perth and Kinross Council, NHS Tayside and other local employers should consider how to provide these experiences for people with autism.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years PKC NHS Tayside Local Employers	The strengths and skills of the autism population are considered and utilised appropriately within a wide variety of settings.	Recommendation 11 Recommendation 26 Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age.	Perth and Kinross council have provided work experience which has been successful. 2012 – 2013.
Action 6.3: Key individuals within employment related functions including careers advice, job centre Plus, and HR advisors in Perth and Kinross council, NHS Tayside and Skills Development Scotland should be identified and appropriately up skilled in relation to autism and its implications.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years AI PKC NHS Tayside SDS	Employment services are well informed and understand the implications an ASD.	Recommendation 11 Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age.	Training sub group have their first meeting on the 5 th March 2014.

Action 6.4: Jobcentre Plus and Skills Development Scotland are important agencies in assisting people to find appropriate employment. We suggest further training / refresher training for Jobcentre Plus staff and SDS on an annual basis in Perth.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years SDS Jobcentre Plus HCC EST	There is on-going, annual training to account for turnover of staff and continuity of approach.	Recommendation 11 Recommendation 26 Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism.	Training sub group have their first meeting on the 5 th March 2014.
	Al		Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age.	
Action 6.5: Develop a clear local pathway that supports people with Autism into employment and which includes sign-posting to support with the recruitment process and opportunities with job coaching/buddy systems. Liaise with the Employability Network and their on-going work on the employability pipeline.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years Job centre Human Resources Employment Support Team Employability Network	A clear, consistent and established route for entry into employment	Recommendation 26 Recommendation 11 Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age.	Employability Network formed in 2011. Autism Initiatives have identified employment issues as a priority for them.
Action 6.6: Increase awareness of ASD with employers/local community in Perth and Kinross.	Holistic personalised approach: 5-10 years Employability Network EST Al	Employers recognise the skills someone on the spectrum may have to offer and can adapt accordingly.	Recommendation 11 Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age.	Training sub group have their first meeting on the 5 th March 2014.

Action 6.7: Ensure Autism Initiatives are fully utilised and that referrals come from a wide array of sources.	Foundations: 0-2 years Al PKC Third Sector	Autism Initiatives are seen as a centre of expertise and point of contact that is helpful and valued.	Recommendation 11 Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age.	
Action 6.8: People with autism are given support to make friends, access social activities and deal with social situations	Foundations: 0–2 years Al PAS HCC ECS	Those with an ASD will have access to, and feel included in, the local community.	Recommendation 11 Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age	
Action 6.9: Improve access to sport, arts, leisure and other cultural activities so that people with autism can be part of the community.	Foundations: 0–2 years AI PAS HCC ECS	Enhanced social inclusion.	Recommendation 11 Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age	
Action 6.10: Ensure local further education institutions accommodate students with Autism and ensure that they have positive learning and social experiences.	Foundations: 0-2 years Perth College Al PAS HCC ECS	Students on the Autism Spectrum will be treated equally.	Recommendation 11 Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism.	

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Action 6.11: Further Education establishments should be cognisant of the Equality Act 2010. This provides a legal framework for students with disabilities, including ASD, in accessing further and higher education.	Foundations: 0-2 years Perth College Al PAS ECS HCC	Students on the Autism Spectrum will be treated equally. 'Reasonable adjustments' will be in place that ensures the same access to education as non-disabled students.	Recommendation 11 Access to mainstream services where these are appropriate to meet individual needs. Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism. Access to consistent levels of appropriate support across the lifespan including into older age.	
Action 6.12: Eligibility criteria for accessing respite should be altered to recognise the impact of ASD on the family unit.	Foundations: 0-2 years Third Sector ECS HCC	Sufficient targeted and specialist short break services for autistic children. Family well-being is promoted. Prevention family breakdown.	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism.	
Action 6.13: Respite should be more tailored to the needs of those on the autism spectrum and their families.	Whole life journey: 2-5 years Third sector HCC ECS	There is a mixed and flexible approach to respite.	Access to services which understand and are able to meet the needs of people specifically related to their autism.	









John Cornock (Self Portrait, pen, 2011)



Rachel Hook (Portrait of Mandi, coloured pencil, 2011)



Fiona Birrell (Portrait of Shona, pen, 2011)



Scott Cation (Portrait of Alister, felt tip pen, 2011)



John Ellsworth (Self Portrait, coloured pencil, 2011)



Kubus Joss (Portrait of Stuart, coloured pencil, 2011)



Rachel Hook (cover image - abstract painting, 2010)

The artists featured on the cover all attend Scottish Autism's Art Opportunities service. Art Opportunities is a day service for adults with autism specialising in arts and crafts based activities, from painting and drawing to textiles and glass work. They include the abstract painting by Rachel Hook which was painted for Young Talent 2010, an exhibition of artwork created by young people with disabilities.

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The Scottish Strategy for Autism

Foreword

Autism is a national priority. It is important to develop a plan in Scotland so we have quality services.

In September 2010, the Scottish Government consulted with people to make this plan. The final plan is to be delivered in partnership with COSLA (COSLA is the Convention of Scottish Local Authorities and it represents all councils in Scotland.)

Action is needed both nationally and locally. Autism is a unique condition which affects children and adults. People need to be supported by a range of services such as social care, education, housing and employment.



Mulul Den

Michael Matheson Minister for Public Health

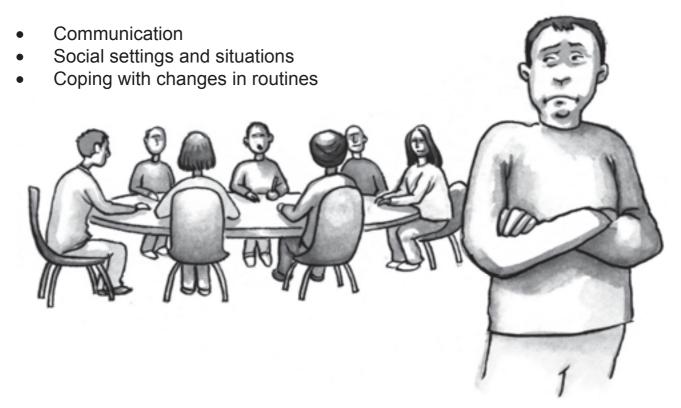
Douglas a your

Councillor Douglas Yates COSLA

What is autism?

Autism is a lifelong condition. It can also be called Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) or Autism Spectrum Condition (ASC). Autism affects people differently. Some people can need a lot of support. Some people can be more independent.

People mainly have problems in three areas:



What is the Autism Strategy for?

A strategy is a plan. We want to develop a ten year plan for people with autism.

We need to find out who has autism and assess what they need. We need to do this to improve services.

The Scottish Government have spoken to people with autism and their families to hear their concerns and ask what changes are needed. The recommendations from this plan will affect the way public services are delivered.

Our vision

Our vision is that people with autism are respected, accepted and valued by their communities. They should have confidence in services to treat them fairly.



Our values

- Dignity: people should be given the care and support they need in a way to help them live independently
- **Privacy**: people should be supported to have choice and control
- Choice: care and support should be personalised
- Safety: people should be supported to feel safe and secure
- Realising potential: people should have the opportunity to achieve all they can
- **Equality and diversity**: people should have equal access to information, assessment and services



Our Aims and goals

This is what we want to achieve over the next ten years.

This will help us make sure we have addressed all recommendations

In two years

- We want people to have access to services that meet needs and which understand autism.
- We want short term barriers to be removed.
- We want families and individuals to have access to support.
- We want services providers, councils and the NHS to follow guidelines.

In five years

- We want access to transition and future planning services.
- We want good practice in education, health and social care. This should be accepted by all councils and health boards.
- We want to raise awareness of autism in services.

In ten years

- We want all parts of the government to work in partnership with other organisations.
- We want budgets to be used to meet individual need.
- We want people to have access to assessments throughout life.
- We want people to have access to the correct levels of support throughout life.



Our aims and recommendations

We have 26 recommendations. They are key to achieving our vision. They are all to improve services and access to services for people on the autism spectrum.

- 1. A reference group is to be set up on a long-term basis. It should report to Government ministers and COSLA. COSLA is the Convention of Scottish Local Authorities and it represents all councils in Scotland.
- 2. The reference group works with public bodies such as the NHS and councils to put guidelines into practice.

- 3. The reference group should look at how to have the guidelines put into practice all over Scotland. This could be done by working with the social work department.
- 4. The reference group meet with people from organisations that regulate services. They should keep up to date with changes.
- 5. The economic costs of autism should be looked at. This could help plan action needed.
- 6. The reference group should review guidance by carrying out an assessment.
- 7. The reference group should examine and compare outcomes. People should have the best quality of life.
- 8. The reference group with service providers will identify the main things about services that give people the best quality of life.
- 9. An event should be held to evaluate and recognise good practice.
- 10. Services should be available that are flexible to peoples needs.
- 11. Thought needs to be given to the needs of people with autism. Some people may be more able.
- 12. Research should be evaluated. More research should be done if needed. This information should be available to people.
- 13. Services users and carers should be involved in the local planning processes.
- People with autism should be represented. Their needs should be thought about.
- 15. Reports on the work of Scottish Autism Services Network are evaluated.
- 16. The reference group help contribute to a review of guidelines
- 17. The reference group has a training sub-group which now needs a new structure. They should be given more power and include someone from the Scottish Consortium for Learning Disability. They can assess what is provided. Trainers can find ways to improve what is on offer.

- 18. Good practice transition guidance should be developed. This could support people when changes occur in their life.
- 19. The approach for finding out if someone has autism or managing their condition should be based on evidence.
- 20. The Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons should be contacted. This may allow professionals to receive information electronically.
- 21. Waiting lists should be assessed. This would show the delays people are having accessing services.
- 22. Waiting lists should be addressed. This would meet higher levels of demand.
- 23. The reference group should look at how the process for adults and children are different. This could help inform practice.
- 24. A directory of individuals and teams assessing autism should be reviewed and updated.
- 25. They will look at the way of assessing people for autism, improve it if necessary and let everyone know.
- 26. The supported employment framework should be looked at regarding employment and employability for people with autism.



Easy Read version produced by



Family Advice and Information Resource

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