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Council Building  
2 High Street  
Perth  
PH1 5PH

Friday, 24 February 2017

A Meeting of the **Community Safety Committee** will be held in **the Council Chambers, 2 High Street, Perth, PH1 5PH** on **Wednesday, 01 March 2017** at **14:00**.

If you have any queries please contact Committee Services on (01738) 475000 or email [Committee@pkc.gov.uk](mailto:Committee@pkc.gov.uk).

**BERNADETTE MALONE**  
Chief Executive

***Those attending the meeting are requested to ensure that all mobile phones and other communication devices are in silent mode.***

**Members:**

Councillor Douglas Pover (Convener)  
Councillor Elspeth Maclachlan (Vice-Convener)  
Councillor Henry Anderson  
Councillor Rhona Brock  
Councillor Joe Giacobazzi  
Councillor Grant Laing  
Councillor Archie MacLellan  
Councillor Alistair Munro  
Councillor Caroline Shiers  
Councillor Lewis Simpson  
Councillor Alexander Stewart  
Councillor Heather Stewart  
Councillor Mike Williamson



## Community Safety Committee

Wednesday, 01 March 2017

### AGENDA

**MEMBERS ARE REMINDED OF THEIR OBLIGATION TO DECLARE ANY FINANCIAL OR NON-FINANCIAL INTEREST WHICH THEY MAY HAVE IN ANY ITEM ON THIS AGENDA IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COUNCILLORS' CODE OF CONDUCT.**

- 1 WELCOME AND APOLOGIES/SUBSTITUTES
- 2 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST
- 3 MINUTE OF MEETING OF THE COMMUNITY SAFETY COMMITTEE OF WEDNESDAY 18 JANUARY 2017 FOR APPROVAL AND SIGNATURE 5 - 8
- 4 TAYSIDE MAPPA (MULTI-AGENCY PUBLIC PROTECTION ARRANGEMENTS) ANNUAL REPORT 2015-16 9 - 30  
Report by Director (Housing and Social Work) (copy herewith 17/90)
- 5 POLICE AND FIRE REFORM: LOCAL SCRUTINY AND ENGAGEMENT
- (i) SCOTTISH FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORT - 1 OCTOBER TO 31 DECEMBER 2016 31 - 50  
Report by Area Manager C Grieve, Local Senior Officer, Scottish Fire and Rescue Service (copy herewith 17/91)
- (ii) PERTH AND KINROSS LOCAL POLICING AREA PERFORMANCE RESULTS - 1 APRIL TO 31 DECEMBER 2016 51 - 68  
Report by Chief Superintendent P Anderson, Police Scotland 'D' Division (Tayside) (copy herewith 17/92)

**IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE PUBLIC AND PRESS SHOULD BE EXCLUDED DURING CONSIDERATION OF THE FOLLOWING ITEM(S) IN ORDER TO AVOID THE DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION WHICH IS EXEMPT IN TERMS OF SCHEDULE 7A TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT (SCOTLAND) ACT 1973**

- P1 SCOTTISH FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE - OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR PERTH AND KINROSS

## **P2 POLICE SCOTLAND - OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR PERTH AND KINROSS**

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## COMMUNITY SAFETY COMMITTEE

Minute of Meeting of the Community Safety Committee held in the Council Chambers, Ground Floor, Council Building, 2 High Street, Perth, PH1 5PH on Wednesday, 18 January 2017 at 14.00pm.

Present: Councillors D Pover, E Maclachlan, H Anderson, R Brock, J Giacopazzi, G Laing, A MacLellan, M Roberts (substituting for Councillor A Stewart), C Shiers, L Simpson, H Stewart and M Williamson.

In attendance: B Atkinson, Director (Housing and Social Work); F Crofts and R Lyle (both the Environment Service); J Irons and N Rodgeron (both Housing and Community Care); Divisional Commander P Anderson and Area Commander M Pettigrew (both Police Scotland); Local Senior Officer C Grieve and Group Manager B McLintock (both Scottish Fire and Rescue Service); A Davidson, Perth and Kinross Adult Protection Committee.

Apologies for Absence: Councillors J Munro and A Stewart.

Councillor Pover, Convener, Presiding.

The Convener led discussion on Arts. 39-44 and Art. 46 and the Vice Convener on Art. 45.

### 39. WELCOME

The Convener welcomed all those present to the meeting. Apologies for absence and substitutions were noted as above.

### 40. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

There were no Declarations of Interest made in terms of the Councillors' Code of Conduct.

### 41. MINUTE OF PREVIOUS MEETING

The minute of meeting of the Community Safety Committee of 23 November 2017 (Arts. 799-809) was submitted, approved as a correct record and authorised for signature.

### 42. PERTH AND KINROSS COMMUNITY PLANNING PARTNERSHIP – COMMUNITY SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT GROUP

#### (i) Minute of Meeting of the Community Planning Community Safety and Environment Group

The minute of meeting of the Community Safety and Environment Group of 19 August 2016 was submitted and noted.

**(ii) Community Safety and Environment Group Briefing Paper**

There was submitted and noted a report by the Director (Housing and Social Work) (17/30) updating the Committee on the current partnership activity within the remit of the Community Safety and Environment Group.

**43. COMMUNITY JUSTICE REDESIGN**

There was submitted a report by the Director (Housing and Social Work) (17/24) providing an update on the redesign of Community Justice in Scotland and advising of current progress on the transitional arrangements on both a national and local level.

**Resolved:**

- (i) The contents of Report 17/24 be noted.
- (ii) The Director (Housing and Social Work) be instructed to submit the draft Perth and Kinross Community Justice Outcomes Improvement Plan to the March 2017 meeting of the Community Safety Committee for approval.

**44. ADULT SUPPORT AND PROTECTION BIENNIAL REPORT 2014-16**

There was submitted a report by Director (Housing and Social Work) (17/25) providing a summary of the Adult Support and Protection Biennial Report for the period 1 April 2014 – 31 March 2016.

Prior to consideration of Report 17/25 the Committee received a short presentation delivered by Mr Alex Davidson, Chair of the Perth and Kinross Adult Protection Committee on the Adult Support and Protection Biennial Report 2014-16.

**Resolved:**

The Adult Support and Protection Biennial Report 2014-16, as appended to Report 16/25, be noted.

**45. THE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICE SCHEME OF CHARGES 2017/18**

There was submitted a report by Director (Environment) (17/26) providing details of the charges in place within The Environment Service for financial year 2016/17, and the proposed charges for financial year 2017/18, as detailed in Appendix 1 to Report 17/26. Final approval of the charges will be determined by the Council on 9 February 2017.

**Resolved:**

The proposed charges for financial year 2017/18 as detailed in Appendix 1 to Report 17/26 be noted.

**46. POLICE AND FIRE REFORM: LOCAL SCRUTINY AND ENGAGEMENT**

**(i) Scottish Fire and Rescue Service Perth and Kinross Interim Activity Report**

There was submitted a report by Area Manager Colin Grieve, Local Senior Officer, Scottish Fire and Rescue Service (17/27) providing an interim update on Scottish Fire and Rescue Service (SFRS) activity within the Perth and Kinross area for the period 1 December 2016 to 2 January 2017.

In response to a question from Councillor Pover on the serious fire at the Fishers Hotel in Pitlochry on 1 January 2017, Area Manager Grieve reported that officers from the Fire Safety Enforcement Team continued to provide support and assistance to staff in an effort to ensure that the hotel was fully operational as soon as practicably possible. In response to a further question regarding the incident from Councillor Simpson, Area Manager Grieve advised that there was no automatic sprinkler system installed in the hotel. He commended the professionalism shown by the staff at the hotel who had ensured that all guests were evacuated quickly and without injury from the premises.

**Resolved:**

The interim update on operational and community safety engagement activities of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service in the Perth and Kinross area, as detailed in Report 17/27 be noted.

**(ii) Perth and Kinross Local Policing Area Interim Report**

There was submitted a report by Chief Superintendent Paul Anderson (Police Scotland "D" Division (Tayside) providing an interim update on local policing activity in the Perth and Kinross area for the period 19 December 2016 to 1 January 2017.

**Resolved:**

The interim update on local policing activity for the Perth and Kinross area, as detailed in Report 17/29 be noted.

**IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE PUBLIC AND PRESS SHOULD BE EXCLUDED DURING CONSIDERATION OF THE FOLLOWING ITEM(S) IN ORDER TO AVOID THE DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION WHICH IS EXEMPT IN TERMS OF SCHEDULE 7A TO THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT (SCOTLAND) ACT 1973**

**47. SCOTTISH FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE – LOCAL SCRUTINY AND ENGAGEMENT – OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR PERTH AND KINROSS**

The Committee received and noted a verbal report by Group Manager McLintock of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service on information which was not to be made publically available.

**48. POLICE SCOTLAND – LOCAL SCRUTINY AND ENGAGEMENT –  
OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR PERTH AND KINROSS**

The Committee received and noted a presentation from Divisional Commander Anderson and a verbal report from Chief Inspector M Pettigrew, Police Scotland 'D' Division (Tayside) on information which was not to be made publically available.

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**PERTH AND KINROSS COUNCIL****Community Safety Committee****1 March 2017****Tayside MAPPA (Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements)  
Annual Report 2015-16****Report by Director (Housing and Social Work)****PURPOSE OF REPORT**

This report introduces the Tayside Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA) report for 2015-16.

**1. BACKGROUND / MAIN ISSUES**

- 1.1 The Management of Offenders etc. (Scotland) Act 2005 introduced a statutory duty on Responsible Authorities (Local Authorities, Scottish Prison Service (SPS), Police Scotland and Health Boards) to establish joint arrangements for the assessment and management of the risk posed by certain offenders who constitute a risk of harm to the public. The Responsible Authorities are required to keep these arrangements under review and publish an annual report.
- 1.2 The development of Multi Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA) in 2007 introduced a consistent approach to the management of certain high risk offenders, Registered Sex Offenders (RSO) and Restricted Patients (RPs). The fundamental purposes of MAPPA are those of securing public safety and reducing serious harm.
- 1.3 A number of other agencies share a duty to co-operate with the Responsible Authorities. These are commonly known as Duty to Co-operate agencies and examples include housing providers, the voluntary sector and the Children's Reporter. The duty to co-operate includes sharing of information and is reciprocal, in that it is intended as a means of enabling different agencies to work together, within their legitimate or statutory role, whilst retaining responsibility for action.
- 1.4 To further strengthen local MAPPA structures, Strategic Oversight Groups were established in every Community Justice Authority area in Scotland. The Strategic Oversight Group is required to provide effective leadership in terms of the operation of MAPPA, including the governance of consistent policies and processes and robust performance monitoring. The Tayside Strategic Oversight Group meets quarterly to monitor the work of MAPPA and directs local approaches towards the management of high risk offenders. The group is currently chaired by Kathryn Lindsay, Chief Social Work Officer in Angus Council and has a membership of senior representatives from the responsible authorities, Area Procurator Fiscal and Victim Support Scotland. The MAPPA

Co-ordinator and the Chief Officer of the Tayside Community Justice Authority also attend.

- 1.5 Many of the members of this group are also members of other public protection partnerships within Tayside, thus ensuring appropriate links to child protection, violence against women and adults in need of support and protection. This group also scrutinises any national serious case reviews and critical incidents for learning points and monitors performance management of the MAPPA process within the Tayside area.
- 1.6 In March 2016, the MAPPA National Guidance was reviewed and can be found at <http://www.gov.scot/Resource/0049/00495086.pdf>

## **2. MAPPA ANNUAL REPORT**

- 2.1 The Responsible Authorities are required to jointly prepare an annual report and submit it to the relevant Community Justice Authority area. The 2015-16 report for Tayside is attached at Appendix I. This will change following the dis-establishment of the Community Justice Authorities on 31 March 2017 when, the annual report for 2016-17 will be submitted to the newly established body, Community Justice Scotland.
- 2.2 The annual report indicates that the process for assessing and managing high risk of harm offenders continues to work well within Tayside evidenced by the positive partnership working and high rate of offender compliance.

## **3. JOINT THEMATIC REVIEW OF MAPPA**

- 3.1 During 2015 the Care Inspectorate and HM Inspectorate of Constabulary in Scotland carried out a joint thematic inspection of MAPPA in Scotland. The report identified strong evidence that MAPPA was working across Scotland but made 10 recommendations to the Scottish Government to strengthen the future delivery of the process. In addition there were 17 areas for development identified across key processes. These were considered by the Tayside Strategic Oversight Group and incorporated into an action plan to address the relevant areas and ensure consistency of practice and delivery of the process across Tayside.
- 3.2 A copy of the Joint Thematic Review report can be found at <http://www.hmics.org/sites/default/files/publications/Joint%20Thematic%20Review%20of%20MAPPA%20in%20Scotland%20-%202015.pdf>

#### 4. IMPLIMENTATION OF CATEGORY 3 OFFENDERS

- 4.1 On 31 March 2016, Category 3 (violent) offenders were included in the MAPPA process and are termed as *'any person who has been convicted of an offence if, by reason of that conviction, the person is considered by the responsible authorities to be a person who may cause harm to the public'. and: 'by virtue of that conviction is required to be under supervision by any enactment, Order or Licence, and the risk of serious harm posed is high or very high, and assessed as requiring active multi-agency management at MAPPA level 2 or3'*.
- 4.2 The Strategic Oversight Group was instrumental in the planning and preparation for this implementation which included comprehensive training for both social work and Police colleagues across Tayside. While there have always been mechanisms and process in place to manage such offenders, the introduction of this category has formalised the management of those deemed to pose a high and very high risk to the public through a well-established process.

#### 5. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION(S)

- 5.1 The management of risk within the community presents many challenges and impacts on a number of agencies across organisational boundaries and not least, our communities. As explained in the annual report, it is not possible to entirely eliminate risk but the agencies within Tayside have prior to and since the inception of MAPPA, worked collaboratively and in partnership to manage those people who have committed offences and are a risk to the public. While there are changes ahead in respect of community justice, this will not detract from the purpose of MAPPA and the progress that has been made as we will continue to build on our robust risk management processes and effective and practice.
- 5.2 It is recommended that the Committee note and endorse this report.

##### Author(s)

| Name                          | Designation                                | Contact Details                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Diane Fraser / Colin Johnston | Heads of Adult Social Work and Social Care | <a href="mailto:DFraser@pkc.gov.uk">DFraser@pkc.gov.uk</a> / <a href="mailto:CJohnston@pkc.gov.uk">CJohnston@pkc.gov.uk</a> |

##### Approved

| Name          | Designation                        | Date            |
|---------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Bill Atkinson | Director (Housing and Social Work) | 25 January 2017 |

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## 1. IMPLICATIONS, ASSESSMENTS, CONSULTATION AND COMMUNICATION

| <b>Strategic Implications</b>                       | <b>Yes / None</b>                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Community Plan / Single Outcome Agreement           | <b>Y</b>                                               |
| Corporate Plan                                      | <b>Y</b>                                               |
| <b>Resource Implications</b>                        |                                                        |
| Financial                                           | <b>N</b>                                               |
| Workforce                                           | <b>N</b>                                               |
| Asset Management (land, property, IST)              | <b>N</b>                                               |
| <b>Assessments</b>                                  |                                                        |
| Equality Impact Assessment                          | <b>N</b>                                               |
| Strategic Environmental Assessment                  | <b>N</b>                                               |
| Sustainability (community, economic, environmental) | <b>N</b>                                               |
| Legal and Governance                                | <b>N</b>                                               |
| Risk                                                | <b>N</b>                                               |
| <b>Consultation</b>                                 |                                                        |
| Internal                                            | <b>N</b>                                               |
| External                                            | <b>Tayside<br/>Community<br/>Justice<br/>Authority</b> |
| <b>Communication</b>                                |                                                        |
| Communications Plan                                 | <b>N</b>                                               |

### 1. Strategic Implications

#### Community Plan / Single Outcome Agreement

1.1 This report supports the following outcomes of the Community Plan / Single Outcomes Agreement in relation to the following priorities:

- (i) Giving every child the best start in life
- (ii) Developing educated, responsible and informed citizens
- (iii) Promoting a prosperous, inclusive and sustainable economy
- (iv) Supporting people to lead independent, healthy and active lives
- (v) Creating a safe and sustainable place for future generations

#### Corporate Plan

1.2 This report supports the following outcomes of the Community Plan / Single Outcomes Agreement in relation to the following priorities:

- (i) Giving every child the best start in life;
- (ii) Developing educated, responsible and informed citizens;
- (iii) Promoting a prosperous, inclusive and sustainable economy;
- (iv) Supporting people to lead independent, healthy and active lives; and
- (v) Creating a safe and sustainable place for future generations.

## 2. Resource Implications

### Financial

2.1 There are no financial implications arising from this report.

### Workforce

2.2 There are no workforce issues arising from this report.

### Asset Management (land, property, IT)

2.3 There are no asset management issues arising from this report.

## 3. Assessments

3.1 Under the Equality Act 2010, the Council is required to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity, and foster good relations between equality groups. Carrying out Equality Impact Assessments for plans and policies allows the Council to demonstrate that it is meeting these duties. This section should reflect that the proposals have been considered under the Corporate Equalities Impact Assessment process (EqIA) with the following outcome:

(i) Assessed as **not relevant** for the purposes of EqIA

### Strategic Environmental Assessment

3.2 The Environmental Assessment (Scotland) Act 2005 places a duty on the Council to identify and assess the environmental consequences of its proposals. However, no action is required as the Act does not apply to the matters presented in this report. This is because the Committee are requested to note the contents of the report only and the Committee are not being requested to approve, adopt or agree to an action or to set the framework for future decisions.

### Sustainability

3.3 There are no issues in respect of sustainability.

### Legal and Governance

3.4 This report contains no issues which would have a legal or governance impact on the Council.

3.6 There are no issues of risk arising from the proposals in this report.

**4. Consultation**

Internal

4.1 None

External

4.2 The Tayside Community Justice Authority has approved this report.

**5. Communication**

5.1 Not relevant to this report.

**6. BACKGROUND PAPERS**

No background papers were relied upon during the preparation of this report.

**7. APPENDICES**

7.1 Appendix 1 – Tayside MAPPA annual report 2015-16



# MAPPA

## Annual Report

# 2015-2016



## INTRODUCTION

I am pleased to introduce the 2015-16 Annual report of the Multi Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA) across Tayside which is published as a statutory responsibility in order to promote public awareness of the work being undertaken to manage certain offenders in the community.

The last Annual Report anticipated that legislation would be introduced to include a wider group of offenders in the MAPPA process i.e. those who by reason of their conviction are considered to represent a risk of serious harm however this was delayed until March 2016 consequently significant work was undertaken by the Responsible Authorities over the last year to prepare for this. We have, at the same time, reviewed the findings of the national Thematic Review of MAPPA across Scotland, a process which was welcomed by the Strategic Oversight Group and an action plan detailing planned improvements has been developed.

MAPPA is a well-established partnership across Tayside and through the MAPPA Strategic Oversight Group, we remain committed to maintaining partnerships and evaluating performance to ensure we are working to minimise risk and better protect communities across Tayside.

**Kathryn Lindsay**

*Chair of Tayside MAPPA Strategic Oversight Group  
MAPPA*



## THE LAST 12 MONTHS

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### Thematic Review Findings

During 2015, the Care Inspectorate and HM Inspectorate of Constabulary in Scotland undertook a Thematic Review of MAPPA to review how well the public is protected by the arrangements for assisting and managing sex offenders in our communities. The Responsible Authorities and key partners participated fully in the local review which reported in November 2015.

The report highlighted that MAPPA is well-established across Scotland and that responsible authorities, through joint working and information sharing, discharge their duties effectively under the terms required by the Management of Offenders etc. (Scotland) Act 2005. The full report can be accessed here [Joint Thematic Review of MAPPA in Scotland - 2015.pdf](#) and makes 10 recommendations for progression nationally which are being led by Scottish Government. There are 17 other areas for development for local consideration and improvement as necessary. As this is a national report, not all areas for improvement related directly to Tayside and the Tayside MAPPA Strategic Oversight Group has mapped our local performance against the areas for improvement identified a summary of which is included at Appendix 2.

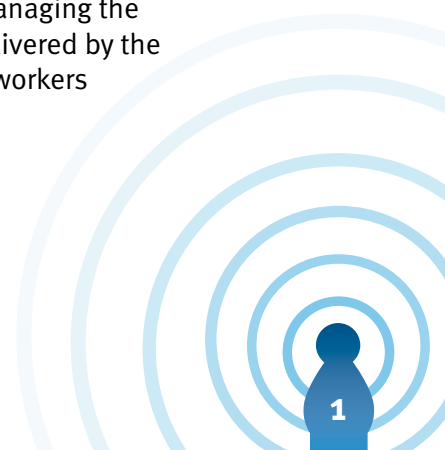
The Tayside MAPPA Strategic Oversight Group includes representation from the three local authorities of Angus, Dundee and Perth and Kinross, Police Scotland, Scottish Prison Service (SPS), NHS Tayside and Victim Support. Partners have developed an agreed an improvement plan to further improve local arrangements.

### Implementation of MAPPA Extension

During the year, responsible authorities have worked with Scottish Government to prepare for the management of a wider range of offenders through MAPPA. We have tested our local systems to ensure these are robust and both social work and Police Scotland staff have received additional training.

From 31 March 2016, MAPPA has been extended beyond registered sex offenders and restricted patients to include those offenders assessed as posing a risk of serious harm. The definition of the categories of offender managed through MAPPA is available at [www.gov.scot/Resource/0049/00495086.pdf](http://www.gov.scot/Resource/0049/00495086.pdf)

Whilst responsible authorities and other key partners have had long standing local arrangements in place to ensure a partnership approach to managing high risk offenders in their areas, the extension of MAPPA to include other offenders gives a consistent approach to the management of relevant offenders across all local authority and police divisional areas, providing a framework for assessing and managing the risk posed by those offenders. To prepare for this extensive training, delivered by the Risk Management Authority, was undertaken by Criminal Justice Social workers and Police Offender management officers.



## Strategic Public Protection Links

The MAPPAs Co-ordinator continues to link to with Lead Officers for Child Protection, Adult Support and Protection and Violence Against Women across Tayside and provides regular updates to inform local Chief Officer Groups of key issues and developments to promote the co-ordination and consistency of developments and identify areas for collaboration. Statistical information is provided to each local authority to identify trends and areas for ongoing need.

It is of note that the NHS MAPPAs Liaison Officer post was highlighted as an example of good practice in the Thematic Review for enabling the facilitation of information sharing relating to health and the management of risk.

## CORE STATISTICS

As of 31 March 2016, 369 Registered Sex Offenders have been managed in the community across Tayside, 133 (36%) of whom are subject to statutory supervision by Criminal Justice Social Work and managed jointly with Police Scotland. The overall figures breakdown is as follows:

- **ANGUS** 102
- **DUNDEE** 168
- **PERTH & KINROSS** 99

In 2015/16, 357 (97%) complied with registration requirements. Twelve offenders (3%) were returned to prison for a breach of supervision requirements, and six (1%) were convicted of committing further serious crimes.

Further statistical information is attached at Appendix 1.

## FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The following priorities have been identified for 2016/17:

- To progress work on the areas for development identified in the national Thematic Review
- To ensure all relevant staff have access to training in the use of risk assessments required for the management of offenders through MAPPAs
- To further develop the MAPPAs operational group to support self-evaluation and local implementation of MAPPAs developments



## CASE STUDY

The following case study offers an insight into the operation of MAPPA in Tayside. The details have been changed to ensure confidentiality.

### THE CONVICTION

Following conviction for the possession of indecent images of children and a direct sexual offence against a primary aged child, Mr Z was sentenced to imprisonment and a period of supervision on his release. He was also required to register his details with the Police for an indefinite period.

### MR Z – A PERSONAL STATEMENT

From an early age I felt that I was sexually attracted to female children. As I grew older I remained attracted to this age group and tried to stop myself from getting close to any of them for a period of time.

I eventually became attracted to a female child that visited my house who was friendly with my own sons. I knew this was wrong but this was how I felt.

I reported to a social worker that I had feelings for this female child. I was instructed not to have any contact and I managed that for a period of time until I began to contact her again. At this time I was accessing images of children on the internet and would do this when no one was about.

After the female child's social worker informed the Police I was visited and my computer was removed which after a lengthy period of time led me to being charged. I attended court, pled guilty and was sentenced to a period in prison with a supervision requirement upon my release. On release I was in supported accommodation and began the process of rebuilding my life.

I am involved with Social Work on a weekly basis and this challenges me to address my thinking and look at my behaviour. Whilst this is challenging for me it is also helped in that this is supporting me with my goal of not reoffending. As part of my supervision I have also to attend a specific sex offender treatment group twice a week to address my specific offences. I have found this very challenging but feel this is a major part in assisting me rebuilding my life. This process takes about 200 sessions over a period of time and whilst I am only 40 sessions in I find this helpful to look at all aspects of my life.

I have visits from Offender Management at the Police who look at my computer and phone and also assist with what I require for my registration process.

Whilst I am not sure what the futures holds I feel as though I am better suited to serve a more purposeful life. I hope I with the ongoing support I receive I learn to address my thoughts and feelings and this will allow me to progress throughout my life.

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## CRIMINAL JUSTICE SOCIAL WORKER

I became Mr Z's allocated worker while he was serving the custodial part of his sentence. I visited him in custody and attended his pre-release meeting. I believe I have a dual role of supporting Mr Z to reintegrate safely into the community and minimise the risk of further harm to others. This necessitated identifying suitable accommodation and ensuring registration requirements are adhered to on release. Mr Z had been assessed suitable to attend the Tay Project which is a nationally accredited sex offender specific treatment programme however he reported high levels of anxiety associated with anything involving going out and about and/or interacting with people. Thus several months were simply spent building an effective working relationship with Mr Z in order that he trust staff enough to engage with the challenges we set him in order to move forward in his life. Initially these were small aims such as attending office appointments, going shopping for groceries, working on his attitude and sometimes rudeness with staff. We then progressed to groupwork and deliberately introduced a co-worker who facilitated the first group Mr Z attended which is designed to prepare people for future groups and thus focuses on developing participants social skills, communication and overall confidence in a group setting.

Mr Z then went on to undertake work with the Tay Project. Alongside the preparatory work we had been completing the Moving Forward Making Changes (MFMC) pre-group work – by incorporating this into his daily life experiences so he could relate to the material better. I continue to see Mr Z on a weekly basis to compliment the work he is undertaking with the Tay Project – namely to encourage and support him to evidence his learning from MFMC by seeing that he is applying it to his everyday life. I also believe it is my role to continue encouraging Mr Z and reinforcing the positive steps he takes. Ultimately I believe I will have successfully carried out my role if Mr Z can self-manage his own risk and thus does not re-offend again.

All of this work is undertaken while never losing sight of the potential risk of harm Mr Z could cause to others. It is a very challenging and often difficult balance to achieve as ultimately Mr Z is developing trust in me and I use the information he provides to continually assess him and, if necessary, can use this information to breach his licence and potentially deprive him of his freedom. Obviously these decisions are not undertaken in isolation as I work closely with all key agencies, namely Police, Tay Project, Scottish Prison Service, Housing, Children's Services and the Third Sector.

As we approach the later stages of Mr Z's licence my role will increasingly involve preparing Mr Z for the ending of our working relationship whilst ensuring he has established a realistic plan to ensure the safety of himself and others and other appropriate supports that he can use when faced with challenges. Finally, I hope that by having carried out my role successfully Mr Z will have greater insight in understanding himself and his offending behaviour and with this insight and ideally a new more positive belief in life and himself he will have hope and a desire to continue to lead an offence free lifestyle.

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## **HOUSING PROVIDER**

Mr Z was homeless on release from prison, as he had to terminate his previous tenancy on sentencing. An assessment of his housing needs was completed prior to his release and identified he would benefit from an initial period of accommodation with support on release from prison. He reported because of depression and social anxiety he struggled to motivate himself to complete day to day tasks. He also reported having difficulties writing and spelling so needed some support with form filling and dealing with correspondence.

Supported homeless accommodation was identified for his release. The accommodation had support staff available 24/7 and they were able to help him with benefit claims and provide general advice and guidance when needed. He was isolated and not familiar with the area so benefited from the reassurance and support from the onsite staff. When he and the staff felt he was confident in managing his tenancy independently, an offer of permanent mainstream housing was identified and the staff continued to offer support on an outreach basis to help him set up and settle into his new home.

When looking for accommodation for offenders the responsible authorities carry out an environmental risk assessment to identify any housing related risks, areas examined are : the offender, the offence, the proposed property, location and nearby households. By looking at all the information the responsible authorities can make informed decisions in the management of the offender. By placing the offender in supported accommodation there is the added tier of further protection with 24 hour staff helping to reduce the risk.

This process was carried out on both occasions for Mr Z, initially when he came out of prison and moved in to the supported accommodation and then when he went into his own accommodation.

## **OFFENDER MANAGEMENT OFFICER, POLICE SCOTLAND**

It is my role to ensure that Mr Z complies with all the obligations placed upon him in respect of the Sexual Offences Act 2003 and his notification requirements. To date he has complied with all that has been asked of him. I have been involved in the management and monitoring of Mr Z since his release from prison.

During this time I have had several lengthy discussions with him regarding his attraction to children and the concerns this raises. In the early stages of my involvement with Mr Z much of the work was centred on his emotional attachment to his victim and the concern that this may override the restrictions preventing contact with children.

It has taken some time for Mr Z to become less guarded when speaking to me but this is perhaps understandable given the questions being asked relate to matters he has clearly struggled with all his life.

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There have been many ups and downs with regards Mr Z's depression and low moods which again appear linked with his acceptance of who and what he is. I feel that Mr Z has a very good insight into his attraction to children and how to cope with it. I have been honest and with him from the beginning and made it clear that there is support and help if he requires it or is struggling with anything however his current restrictions are in place for a reason and to protect the public, and any breach of them will result in his return to prison. Mr Z appears to respond well to a direct and upfront approach and I feel I have a decent working rapport with him.

I have also spoken to him on several occasions about his low moods and depression and along with his Criminal Justice Social Worker feel that we have managed to get him to a place where he is more willing to accept help and engage with work around his low self-esteem and offence focus work.

My level of contact has decreased since his release which is largely due to the progress Mr Z has made and the good level of engagement he continues to show.

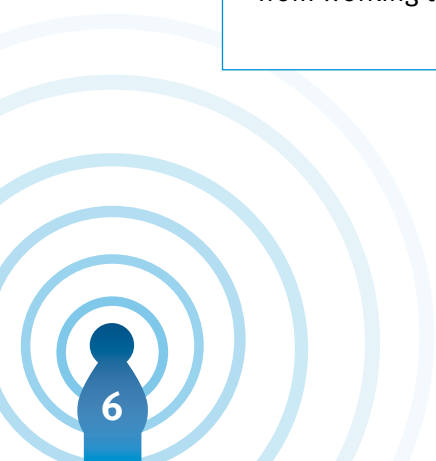
## **TAY PROJECT SOCIAL WORKER**

The 'Moving Forward: Making Changes' (MFMC) intervention is a nationally accredited programme for the treatment of men convicted of sexual offending who are assessed as posing a medium or high risk of reoffending. The aim of the programme is to reduce the re-offending of men convicted of sexually motivated offences, and increase their opportunities and capacities for meeting needs by non-offending means.

This is done by helping the individual and those assisting and managing them to understand the factors that are relevant to their risk and how these factors interact. Giving the individual the opportunity to address the factors most relevant to their offending, and helping the individual and those supporting them to develop future plans, so they can lead their lives in pro-social ways without causing sexual harm to others.

After completing preparatory programme work, Mr Z joined a group in January 2016. The group is scheduled to run twice weekly, and since commencement Mr Z has now participated in close to 40 sessions. In doing so he has completed the majority of work drawn from the programme's mandatory material. This has required him to reflect on aspects of his life, both past and current, that research shows is relevant in predicting sexual repeated reoffending. On completion of the essential material, the information gathered from this will be used as the basis of a risk informed formulation. During which it will be decided which of the programme optional modules Mr Z will benefit from working through.

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In addition, participation in the group has placed Mr Z in an environment where he has been required to engage with others. It is considered that the mutually supportive culture fostered within the group has offered a rare opportunity for him to experience the reciprocal giving and receiving of support. Further, the non-judgemental culture within the group has enabled him to engage with the programme in an open and honest manner; which in turn has encouraged him to better understand himself and his offending behaviour, and to recognise problems in his life that he recognises the benefits in continuing to address. This has been particularly valuable in giving Mr Z the opportunity to explore his sexual interests, in a unique environment where this can be considered honestly.

## **MAPPA CO-ORDINATOR**

Whilst Mr Z was still serving his sentence in prison I received a referral from Scottish Prison Service detailing Mr Z's crimes and a report concerning his time spent in custody. Prior to his release I co-ordinated a meeting of all agencies who would be working with Mr Z to prepare for his release and his the time in the community. At this meeting the risk posed by Mr Z was discussed and a robust risk management plan was put in place to ensure the protection of the vulnerable in our community.

MAPPA meetings continue to be held and the agencies working with Mr Z maintain and update the risk management plan in place for him.

As co-ordinator it is my job to ensure that the risk management plan is appropriate and robust to manage the risks posed by Mr Z and that it is reviewed within relevant timescales and all the agencies involved in his management are fully sighted of all aspects of his life.



## APPENDIX 1

### STATISTICS FROM 1 APRIL 2015 UNTIL 31 MARCH 2016

**Table 1: Registered Sex Offenders**

| REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS (RSO's)                                                                                                                    |     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| a) Number of Registered Sex Offenders:                                                                                                              |     |
| 1) At liberty and living in your area on 31st March :                                                                                               | 369 |
| 2) Per 100,000 of the population on 31st March:                                                                                                     | 0   |
| b) The number of RSO's having a notification requirement who were reported for breaches of the requirements to notify between 1 April and 31 March: | 0   |
| c) The number of "wanted" RSOs on 31st March:                                                                                                       | 0   |
| d) The number of "missing" RSOs on 31st March:                                                                                                      | 1   |

**Table 2: Civil Orders applied and granted in relation to RSO's.**

| THE NUMBER OF                                                                        |    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| a) Sexual Offences Prevention Orders (SOPO'S) in force on 31 March                   | 42 |
| b) SOPO'S imposed by courts between 1 April & 31 March                               | 4  |
| c) Risk of Sexual Harm Orders (RSHO's) in force on 31 March                          | 4  |
| d) Number of RSO's convicted of breaching SOPO conditions between 1 April & 31 March | 0  |
| e) Number of people convicted of a breach of a RSHO between 1 April & 31 March       | 0  |
| f) Number of Foreign Travel Orders imposed by courts between 1 April & 31 March      | 0  |
| g) Number of Notification Orders imposed by courts between 1 April & 31 March        | 2  |





| <b>Table 3: Registered Sex Offenders</b>                                                                                                                                                         |     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| <b>REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS (RSO's)</b>                                                                                                                                                          |     |
| a) Number of RSOs managed by MAPPA level as at 31 March:                                                                                                                                         |     |
| 1) MAPPA Level 1:                                                                                                                                                                                | 350 |
| 2) MAPPA Level 2:                                                                                                                                                                                | 19  |
| 3) MAPPA Level 3:                                                                                                                                                                                | 0   |
| b) Number of Registered Sex Offenders convicted of a further group 1 or 2 crime between 1st April and 31st March:                                                                                |     |
| 1) MAPPA Level 1:                                                                                                                                                                                | 4   |
| 2) MAPPA Level 2:                                                                                                                                                                                | 2   |
| 3) MAPPA Level 3:                                                                                                                                                                                | 0   |
| c) Number of RSO's returned to custody for a breach of statutory conditions between 1 April and 31 March (including those returned to custody because of a conviction for a group 1 or 2 crime): | 12  |
| d) Number of indefinite sex offenders reviewed under the terms of the Sexual Offences Act 2003 (Remedial) (Scotland) Order 2011 between 1 April and 31 March:                                    | 9   |
| e) Number of notification continuation orders issued under the terms of the Sexual Offences Act 2003 (Remedial) (Scotland) Order 2011 between 1 April and 31 March:                              | 0   |
| f) Number of notifications made to Jobcentre Plus under the terms of the Management of Offenders etc. (Scotland) Act, 2005 (Disclosure of Information) Order 2010 between 1 April and 31 March:  | 42  |
| g) Number of RSO's subject to formal disclosure:                                                                                                                                                 | 0   |



**Table 4: Restricted Patients**

| <b>RESTRICTED PATIENTS (RP'S):</b>                                                       |    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| a) Number of RP's:                                                                       |    |
| 1) Living in your area on 31st March:                                                    | 28 |
| 2) During the reporting year:                                                            | 28 |
| b) Number of RP's per order:                                                             |    |
| 1) Compulsion Order with Restriction Order (CORO):                                       | 28 |
| 2) Hospital Detention (HD):                                                              | 0  |
| 3) Temporary Treatment Detention (TTD):                                                  | 0  |
| c) Number within hospital/community:                                                     |    |
| 1) State Hospital:                                                                       | 6  |
| 2) Other hospital no suspension of detention (SUS):                                      | 18 |
| 3) Other hospital with unescorted SUS:                                                   | 0  |
| 4) Community (Conditional Discharge):                                                    | 4  |
| d) Number managed by MAPPA level on 31 March:                                            |    |
| 1) MAPPA Level 1                                                                         | 0  |
| 2) MAPPA Level 2                                                                         | 0  |
| 3) MAPPA Level 3                                                                         | 0  |
| e) Number of RPs convicted of a further group 1 or 2 crime between 1 April and 31 March: |    |
| 1) MAPPA Level 1:                                                                        | 0  |
| 2) MAPPA Level 2:                                                                        | 0  |
| 3) MAPPA Level 3:                                                                        | 0  |
| f) No of RPs on Suspension of detention:                                                 |    |
| 1) who did not abscond or offend:                                                        | 0  |
| 2) who absconded:                                                                        | 0  |
| 3) who absconded and then offended:                                                      | 0  |
| 4) where absconsion resulted in withdrawal of suspension of detention:                   | 0  |
| g) No. of RPs on Conditional Discharge:                                                  |    |
| 1) who did not breach conditions, were not recalled, or did not offend:                  | 0  |
| 2) who breached conditions (resulting in letter from the Scottish Government):           | 0  |
| h) recalled by Scottish Ministers due to breaching conditions:                           | 0  |
| i) recalled by Scottish Ministers for other reasons:                                     | 0  |

| <b>Table 5: Delineation of RSO'S by age on 31st March:</b> |            |
|------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| <b>Age</b>                                                 |            |
| a) Under 18                                                | 2          |
| b) 18-20                                                   | 13         |
| c) 21-30                                                   | 70         |
| d) 31-40                                                   | 63         |
| e) 41-50                                                   | 79         |
| f) 51-60                                                   | 64         |
| g) 61-70                                                   | 54         |
| h) 71-80                                                   | 22         |
| i) 81-90                                                   | 2          |
| j) 91-100                                                  | 0          |
| <b>Total</b>                                               | <b>369</b> |

| <b>Table 6: Delineation of population of RSO's on 31st March:</b> |            |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| <b>Sex</b>                                                        |            |
| a) Male                                                           | 366        |
| b) Female                                                         | 3          |
| <b>Total</b>                                                      | <b>369</b> |



| <b>Table 7: Delineation of RSO's by ethnicity on 31st March:</b> |            |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| <b>Ethnic Origin</b>                                             |            |
| White Scottish                                                   | 349        |
| Other British                                                    | 5          |
| Irish                                                            | 0          |
| Gypsy Traveller                                                  | 1          |
| Polish                                                           | 5          |
| Other white ethnic group                                         | 3          |
| Mixed or multiple ethnic group                                   | 0          |
| Pakistani, Pakistani Scottish or Pakistani British               | 6          |
| Indian, Indian Scottish or Indian British                        | 0          |
| Bangladeshi, Bangladeshi Scottish or Bangladeshi British         | 0          |
| Chinese, Chinese Scottish or Chinese British                     | 1          |
| Other Asian                                                      | 0          |
| African, African Scottish or African British                     | 0          |
| Other African                                                    | 0          |
| Caribbean, Caribbean Scottish or Caribbean British               | 0          |
| Black, Black Scottish or Black British                           | 0          |
| Other Caribbean or Black                                         | 0          |
| Arab, Arab Scottish or Arab British                              | 0          |
| Other ethnic group                                               | 0          |
| Subject declined to define ethnicity                             | 0          |
| Subject does not understand                                      | 0          |
| <b>Total</b>                                                     | <b>369</b> |

| <b>Table 8: Number of RSO's managed under statutory conditions and/or notification requirements on 31st March:</b> |            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| <b>Number of RSO's</b>                                                                                             |            |
| a) On Statutory supervision:                                                                                       | 133        |
| b) Subject to notification requirements only:                                                                      | 236        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                                                       | <b>369</b> |



## APPENDIX 2

### TAYSIDE MAPPA STRATEGIC OVERSIGHT GROUP REVIEW OF NATIONAL AREAS FOR DEVELOPMENT

1. Responsible authorities should ensure that all Stable and Acute 07 assessments are current and updated in accordance with national guidance and circulars.
2. We encourage responsible authorities to explore best practice approaches to ensure that staff are equipped to assess the risks and needs of female sex offenders.
3. Strategic Oversight Group's should ensure that members of staff have the required knowledge and skills to undertake the assessment of the risk posed by young people subject to MAPPA. \*\*
4. Whilst overall, MAPPA meetings were well planned and effective; we identified a number of areas for development which, if addressed, could improve the overall efficiency of the process. These are outlined in chapter 2 page 25 and include: attendance, scrutiny of minutes and actions, use of pre-information sharing and training.
5. As a result of the increasing number of internet related sex offenders becoming subject to MAPPA, early intervention and diversionary approaches aimed at addressing the risk posed by such offenders should be further scoped by responsible authorities in partnership with the Scottish Government.
6. Strategic Oversight Group's should ensure that MAPPA forms part of an integrated public protection strategy. \*\*
7. Strategic Oversight Group's and responsible authorities should develop and implement a more structured approach to self-assessment.
8. Strategic Oversight Group's should introduce a mechanism which ensures that staff from responsible authorities are provided with key information regarding the strategic direction of MAPPA and have an opportunity to contribute to organisational development.
9. Strategic Oversight Group's should explore additional opportunities for the delivery of multi-agency training.
10. We found evidence of strong local engagement where co-location of staff responsible for delivery of MAPPA was established, providing an enriched understanding of roles, responsibilities and enhanced partnership working. \*\*
11. It is essential that Strategic Oversight Group's review Information Sharing Protocols to ensure that registered social landlords are clear on their responsibilities and have signed relevant agreements.
12. Where the NHS had an integrated single point of contact at the Strategic Oversight Group for all MAPPA related matters, we saw enhanced information exchange which had a positive impact on risk management planning. \*\*
13. Strategic Oversight Group's and NHS should deliver additional introductory level training for health and care staff. \*\*
14. Health Boards should ensure that there is an appropriate long term arrangement in place to maintain compliance with ViSOR standards. \*\*
15. The SPS should monitor and maintain the continued improvement in the use of ViSOR.
16. Responsible authorities in partnership with the Strategic Oversight Group should provide opportunities to raise awareness of the release processes, including the role of the Parole Board, in order to enhance planning and mitigate risk for those released into communities.
17. The process of engagement with victim support services could be further improved through involvement with Strategic Oversight Group Chairs at a national level. \*\*

\*\*\* denotes the areas where the responsible authorities in Tayside are satisfied that we already have measures in place to support these recommendations and are in a strong position to deliver on the recommendation.

**MAPPA Co-ordinator**

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**Tel:** 01382 435518

**Fax:** 01382 435080



**MAPPA**

Tayside Multi Agency  
Public Protection Arrangements





**SCOTTISH**  
**FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE**  
Working together for a safer Scotland



**REPORT TO: PERTH AND KINROSS COUNCIL COMMUNITY SAFETY COMMITTEE**

**1 March 2017**

**Report by Area Manager Colin Grieve, Local Senior Officer,  
Scottish Fire and Rescue Service**

---

**SUBJECT: FIRE AND RESCUE QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORT**

**1 OCTOBER TO 31 DECEMBER 2016**

**Abstract**

The Reports contain performance information relating to the Third quarter (October - December) of 2016-17 on the performance of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service in support of Member scrutiny of local service delivery.

**1 PURPOSE OF THE REPORT**

To provide information for the Committee regarding the performance of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service, against the priorities, performance indicators and targets detailed within the Local Fire and Rescue Plan for Perth and Kinross 2014-17, to facilitate local scrutiny.

**2 RECOMMENDATIONS**

It is recommended that members:

Note, scrutinise and question the content of this report.

**3 FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS**

None.

**4 PERFORMANCE**

- 4.1 A performance management framework has been developed to facilitate the monitoring of performance against the agreed priorities and outcomes ensuring effective targeting of resources and the principles of Best Value are met.
- 4.2 The Local Fire and Rescue Plan for Perth & Kinross 2014-17 was approved by the Community Safety Committee on the 21<sup>st</sup> of May 2014.

- 4.3 The priorities and outcomes contained within the Local Fire and Rescue Plan reflect 'place' and the contribution of Scottish Fire and Rescue Service to the Perth and Kinross Community Plan and Single Outcome Agreement 2013-16 and Community Planning Partnership.
- 4.4 In summary the following priorities and targets are detailed within the plan:
- Priority 1 – Local Risk Management and Preparedness
  - Priority 2 – Reduction of Accidental Dwelling Fires
  - Priority 3 – Reduction in Fire Casualties and Fatalities
  - Priority 4 – Reduction of Deliberate Fire Setting
  - Priority 5 – Reduction of Fires in Non Domestic Properties
  - Priority 6 – Reduction in Casualties from Non Fire Emergencies
  - Priority 7 – Reduction of Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals
- 4.5 Appendix 1 attached to this report provides a detailed breakdown and analysis of all data collected during the reporting periods. A performance summary and scorecard is detailed on page 1 of the reports. In addition further sections are included to provide Members with an overview of a range of notable incidents and events undertaken by the local personnel/stations in support of prevention activities and preparation for emergency response.
- 4.6 Appendix 2 attached to this report provides an overview of the nine month performance against all performance indicators for the Perth & Kinross area.

## **5 EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT**

- 5.1 Not applicable.

## **6 ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES**

- 6.1 There are no environmental issues arising as a consequence of this report.

## **7 SUMMARY**

- 7.1 The attached report updates members regarding significant community safety engagement activities and operational matters; and gives context to the performance of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service in the Perth and Kinross area.

**Area Manager Colin Grieve**  
**Local Senior Officer**  
**Perth & Kinross, Angus and Dundee**  
Fire and Rescue Headquarters  
Blackness Road,  
Dundee DD1  
5PA





# QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORT FOR PERTH & KINROSS



**SCOTTISH**  
**FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE**  
Working together for a safer Scotland

**Quarter 3: 2016-2017 (1<sup>st</sup> October – 31<sup>st</sup> December)**

**Working together  
for a safer Scotland**















## Performance Summary

This report contains a review of the local performance of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service (SFRS) against the seven agreed priorities as detailed in the Local Fire and Rescue Plan for Perth & Kinross 2014-17. The SFRS continues to deliver a range of services to improve the safety of our local communities. These will directly contribute to the four strategic aims of the SFRS:




- Improved safety of our communities and staff
- More equitable access to fire and rescue services
- Develop a culture of continuous improvement

### Performance Scorecard

We measure how well we are meeting our priorities using a number of key performance indicators. The main indicators are detailed below with further ones broken down under each priority contained within pages 2-14 of this report:

| Main Indicators                | Q3 Oct-Dec 2011/12 | Q3 Oct-Dec 2012/13 | Q3 Oct-Dec 2013/14 | Q3 Oct-Dec 2014/15 | Q3 Oct-Dec 2015/16 | Q3 Oct-Dec 2016/17 | Q3 5 Year Aver | Quarterly Comparison RAG Rating                                                       | Year to Date RAG Rating                                                               |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Accidental dwelling fires      | 30                 | 43                 | 33                 | 38                 | 27                 | <b>34</b>          | <b>34</b>      |   |   |
| Fire casualties and fatalities | 2                  | 9                  | 15                 | 5                  | 8                  | <b>6</b>           | <b>9</b>       |  |  |
| Deliberate Fire Setting        | 42                 | 33                 | 23                 | 16                 | 19                 | <b>24</b>          | <b>27</b>      |  |  |
| Non domestic property fires    | 14                 | 21                 | 17                 | 16                 | 12                 | <b>14</b>          | <b>16</b>      |  |  |
| Special Service – All          | 101                | 106                | 73                 | 77                 | 120                | <b>66</b>          | <b>95</b>      |  |  |
| False Alarms – All             | 339                | 293                | 311                | 296                | 299                | <b>261</b>         | <b>308</b>     |  |  |

### Key

|       |                                                                             |                                                                                       |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Red   | 10% more than previous result or local target not met (worse than)          |  |
| Amber | Up to 9% more than previous result or local target not met (worse than)     |  |
| Green | Equal to or better than previous result / or local target met (better than) |  |

### Note:

- Quarterly comparison Red, Amber or Green (RAG) Rating = the reporting period compared to the average of the five previous quarterly reporting periods.
- Year to Date RAG Rating = the cumulative total of all quarterly performance in current year compared to the 5 year average for the same period in previous years.
- *The statistics featured throughout this report are provisional until the year end.*

## PRIORITY 1: Local Risk Management and Preparedness

We are committed to the safety of our Firefighters and Community by ensuring that we have a competent workforce equipped with the essential knowledge and skills, so they can undertake their role in an efficient, effective and safe manner. We have therefore identified core skills which have been deemed as critical to maintaining competence and ensuring the safety of firefighters and our communities at incidents. These skills, as well as other attributes, are maintained and delivered through a three year maintenance and development programme, which is delivered locally and nationally.

Personnel who cannot demonstrate competence in all areas are required to complete a development programme at the earliest opportunity. Examples of the ongoing training conducted during the second quarter 2016/17 were hazardous materials, high rise, incident command and breathing apparatus.

All station based operational personnel continue to visit premises within their station area so efforts are focused on premises which constitute a significant life, heritable or firefighter risk enhancing their awareness of associated risks and hazards that may be encountered in these buildings, and if required taking effective actions in dealing with incidents in the premises. During the third quarter 2016/17, this included visiting sheltered housing accommodation and sites where industrial silos are used (e.g. farms). Pre-planning and exercising has continued for a number of subject areas with personnel attending multi-agency meetings to ensure that appropriate fire safety and emergency response contingency measures are in place as part of a proactive approach to preparedness.

Crews also continue to conduct routine water hydrant inspections as it is important to check that there is access to and adequate provision of water supplies within the area should crews require them in the event of an incident. This also provides the opportunity for crews to familiarise themselves with the locations of hydrants in relation to the risks in their area and link-in other activities, such as conducting Home Safety Visits.

We currently have 73 Wholtime, 124 Retained and 21 Volunteer operational (station based) personnel working in Perth & Kinross to provide an emergency response capability, supported by a team of 7 managers. There is on-going recruitment for retained firefighters in the Perth & Kinross area. Support will be provided to any potential candidates to assist them in the recruitment process.

### Notable Incident/Event

#### RTC Exercise 31 October, Blairgowrie



The exercise scenario was that a JCB had been in collision with 2 other vehicles resulting in the entrapment of a number of casualties. Crews were tasked with the extrication of casualties and moving them to a place of safety. The exercise was made more realistic by the use of live casualties and was supported by local paramedics. The traditional Scottish weather also added to the atmosphere.

The exercise proved to be very challenging but the crews worked hard to achieve a successful conclusion. A hot debrief was conducted immediately following this positive, multi-agency exercise with a number of relevant learning points identified. The local press were also in attendance, which reflected in a 2 page report in a local newspaper.

## PRIORITY 2: Reduction of Accidental Dwelling Fires

The reduction of Accidental Dwelling Fires (ADF) remains a key focus for SFRS in Perth & Kinross and nationally as part of our 'Join Scotland's Fight Against Fire' campaign.

There were 34 ADF during this reporting period which was an increase of 7 (29%) from the same reporting period last year, equivalent to the five year average, and a slight increase of 1 (3%) from the last quarter. The number of ADF attended is 8% of all incidents in the reporting period.

Of the 34 premises 19 (58%) had a smoke detector fitted whilst 16 (79%) of the houses that had detectors fitted operated to give early warning of a fire. These incidents were attributed to a range of causes with 20 (58%) cooking related which continues to be the most significant cause. Other than cooking no identifiable trend emerges. Of the 32 incidents 5 (15%) involved drugs/Alcohol. All of these fire were recorded with minor fire related damage.

The cornerstone of this safer communities is preventative community safety work undertaken jointly through PKC Partnership - Safer Communities Wardens, SFRS Community Safety Engagement staff, Police Scotland and PKAVS Community Safety Volunteers etc. The partnership team is continually reviewed and extended to ensure that the widest range of community service knowledge, experience and resources are available for the communities of Perth & Kinross.

Year to date there were a total of 1508 HFSV's carried out across the twelve ward areas of which 302 (20%) were partnership Home Safety Visits and a number of these led to further onward referrals to additional partner agencies to help support the most vulnerable within our community.

Within Perth & Kinross we will continue to work with our partners to ensure we positively contribute to driving down the risk to our communities and Staff by analysis of our operational activities and targeting those most at risk and vulnerable particularly around unintentional harm in the home. These targeted approaches will continue to develop and improve as we move forward.

### Notable Incident/Event

#### Community Information Hub

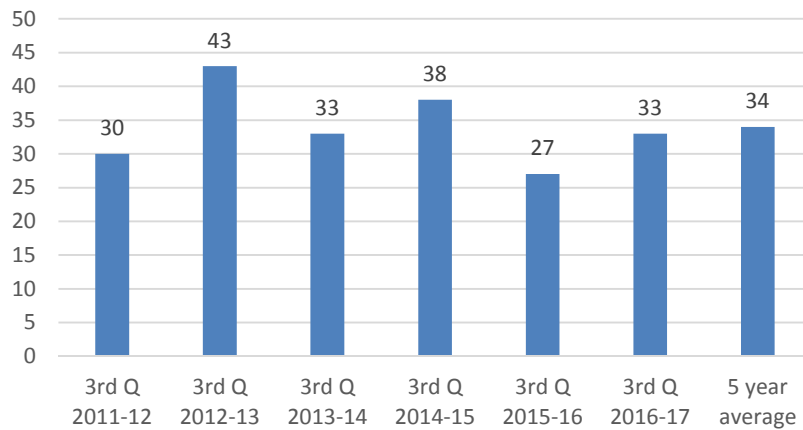


SFRS and numerous community safety partners worked together over the festive period at a pop-up hub in St Johns Centre, Perth to provide a wide range of safety advice and training including promoting safety visits, testing electric blankets, walking stick maintenance, CPR training, festive safety messages and much more.

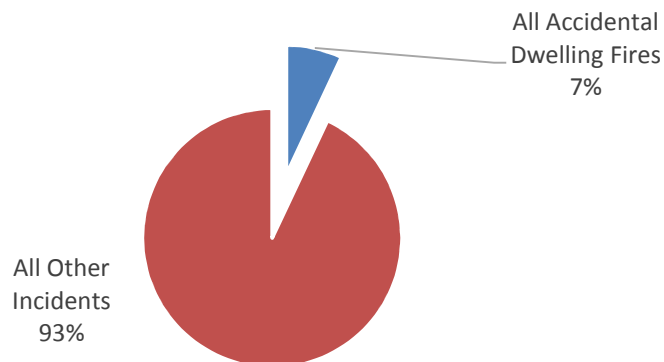
## Priority 2: Key Performance Indicators and Statistics – 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2016/17

| Key Performance Indicator | Key Performance Indicator     | Oct - Dec 2011/12 | Oct - Dec 2012/13 | Oct - Dec 2013/14 | Oct - Dec 2014/15 | Oct - Dec 2015/16 | Oct - Dec 2016/17 | 5 year average | Trend |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------|
| 2b(i)                     | All accidental dwelling fires | 30                | 43                | 33                | 38                | 27                | <b>33</b>         | <b>34</b>      | ↓     |

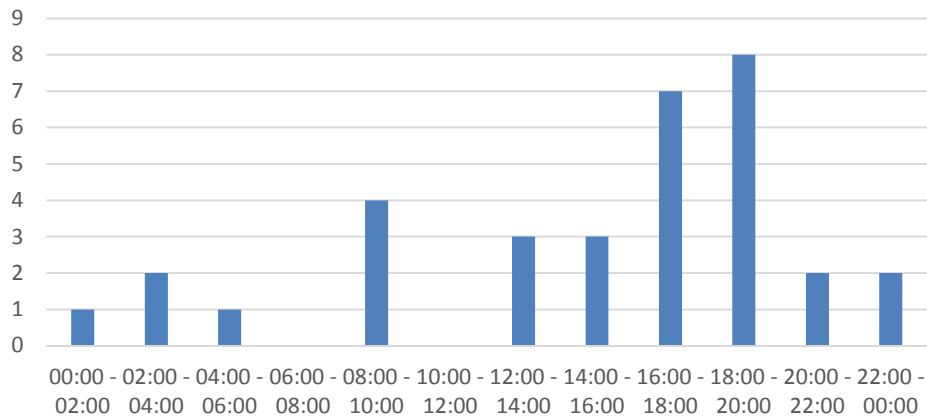
### Accidental Dwelling Fires - 3rd Quarter



### % Accidental Dwelling Fires - 3rd Quarter



### Accidental Dwelling Fires by Time of Day - 3rd Quarter



## PRIORITY 3: Reduction in Fire Casualties and Fatalities

There were no Fire Fatalities in the reporting period

A Fire casualty recording relates to any person who has received any form of first aid treatment or medical attention at the scene of an incident regardless of the nature of the injury. This could range from a person receiving a precautionary check at the scene of an incident to removal to hospital for severe smoke inhalation. In total there were 6 casualties reported which is a slight decrease of 2 (25%) within Perth & Kinross compared to the same quarter last year, a slight increase last quarter (July-September) of 3, and a decrease of 3 (66%) on the 5 year average of 9. The casualties were from 5 separate incidents and of the 6 casualties 4 were the recorded from private dwellings, 1 from a road vehicle and 1 from a bar/restaurant. 5 casualties received precautionary checks at the incidents and 1 person from a vehicle fire with resulted in minor burns.

In every case where a casualty is recorded, a case study is instigated to identify any on-going needs, inform other agencies and if appropriate, initiate a multi-agency case conference. In addition to this, a Post Domestic Incident Response (PDIR) visit is carried out after every domestic fire. This involves contacting the owner / occupier of the property affected and neighbouring residents to offer a HFSV in the immediate aftermath of the incident.

The SFRS vision is to have no fire fatalities/casualties throughout Scotland and we are striving to achieve this through partnership working with Perth & Kinross Council, Police Scotland, National Health Service, PKAVs, Housing Associations, local landlords and others. This joint working will continue to develop and implement risk reduction strategies. Crews regularly visit houses and provide free Home Safety Visits. These are instrumental in helping to reduce the number of fire fatalities/casualties through early detection/intervention and contributing to safer communities.

### Notable Incident/Event

#### Vehicle Fire – Dundee Road, Perth

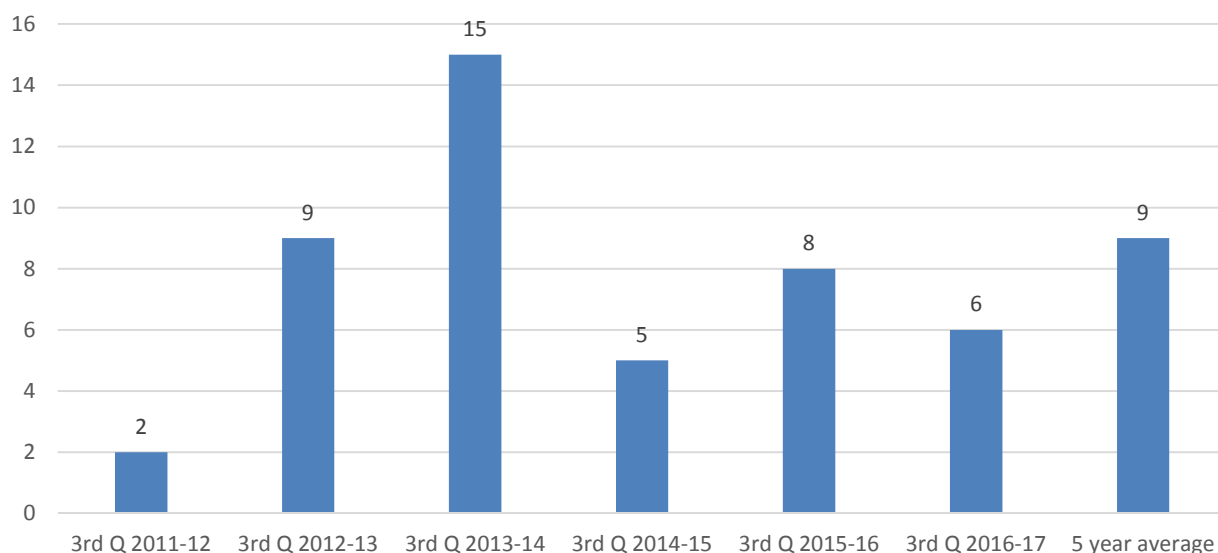


Perth Crews attended a van fire on Friday 11 November where the driver of the vehicle sustained non-life threatening injuries to his arms, hands and face after being trapped by his seatbelt when his van caught fire. The driver was assisted from the vehicle by a passer-by and taken to Ninewells Hospital, Dundee. It is important to acknowledge the remarkable courage and actions of a passer-by to assist in this hazardous fire.

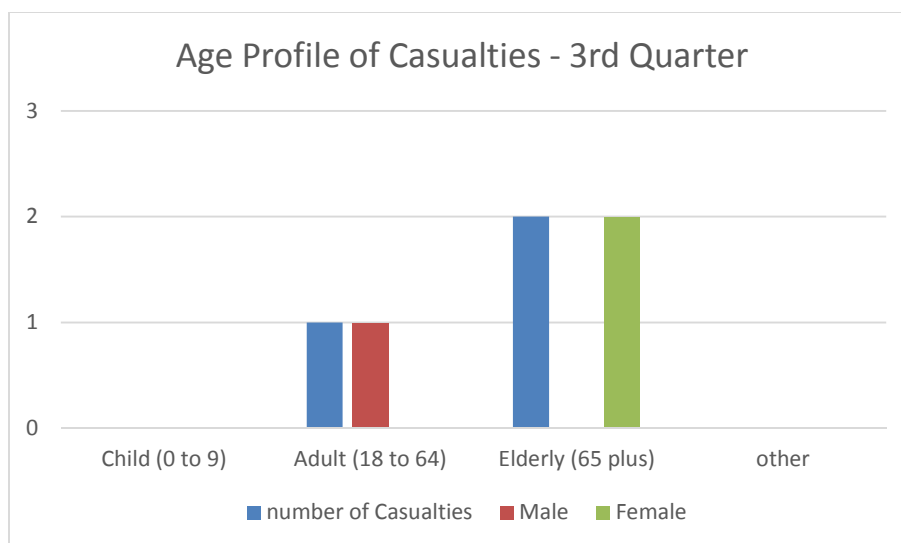
### Priority 3: Key Performance Indicators and Statistics – 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2016/17

| Key Performance Indicator | Key Performance Indicator                               | Oct - Dec 2011 /12 | Oct - Dec 2012 /13 | Oct - Dec 2013 /14 | Oct - Dec 2014 /15 | Oct - Dec 2015 /16 | Oct - Dec 2016 /17 | 5 year average | Trend |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------|
| 3a(i)                     | All fatal fire casualties                               | 0                  | 0                  | 0                  | 0                  | 0                  | <b>0</b>           | <b>0</b>       | →     |
| 3a(ii)                    | Non-fatal fire casualties excl. precautionary check-ups | 2                  | 6                  | 10                 | 3                  | 8                  | <b>4</b>           | <b>6</b>       | ↓     |
| 3a(iii)                   | Non-fatal fire casualties incl. precautionary check-ups | 2                  | 9                  | 15                 | 5                  | 8                  | <b>6</b>           | <b>9</b>       | ↓     |

Fires Involving Casualties and Fatalities - 3rd Quarter



Age Profile of Casualties - 3rd Quarter



## PRIORITY 4: Reduction of Deliberate Fire Setting

### All deliberate fires

There was a slight increase of 5 (20%) in the number of deliberate fires within Perth & Kinross during this reporting period with 24 incidents of this type being experienced in comparison to 19 last year. This is 11% below the 5 year average of 27 deliberate fire incidents. This is comparable to quarter 2016/17 with 24.

### Deliberate primary fires

There were 11 deliberate primary fires for the reporting period which is a slight increase of 3 (27%) for the same quarter last year of 8. This reflects a slight increase on the 5 year average of 10 whilst showing an increase of 8 (267%) on last quarter which reported 3 deliberate primary fires. 4 of these were road vehicles, 4 were outdoor fires, 2 dwelling fires and 1 at a secure facility.

### Deliberate secondary fires

There were 13 deliberate secondary fires such as rubbish, grassland, etc., compared to 11 for the same quarter last year and significant reduction (38%) from Q2 2016/17 of 21, which was in line with our longer term vision of reducing fires and fire-setting behaviour of this type in Perth & Kinross which is a welcomed reduction. There were 4 (31%) secondary fires relating to refuse fires which reflects a slight decrease on the same period last year with 5 incidents. 9 (69%) of these incidents were outdoor related; Grass/woodland/crops etc. There was no specific trend noted with the number of secondary fires.

There was no other identifiable trends during this reporting period and incident monitoring and review by SFRS Managers and Firefighters will continue with actions taken through our partnership meetings and other local initiatives as required. This is intended to further reduce these types of fire and continually improve the safety of our communities.

As a result of the excellent partnership work undertaken within the ward areas of Perth and Kinross we are fortunate to have a low number of deliberate fires which account for 5% of all Incidents. We will continue to work with our partner agencies and with groups within the community to help maintain and improve the reduction in deliberate fires.

### **Notable Incident/Event**

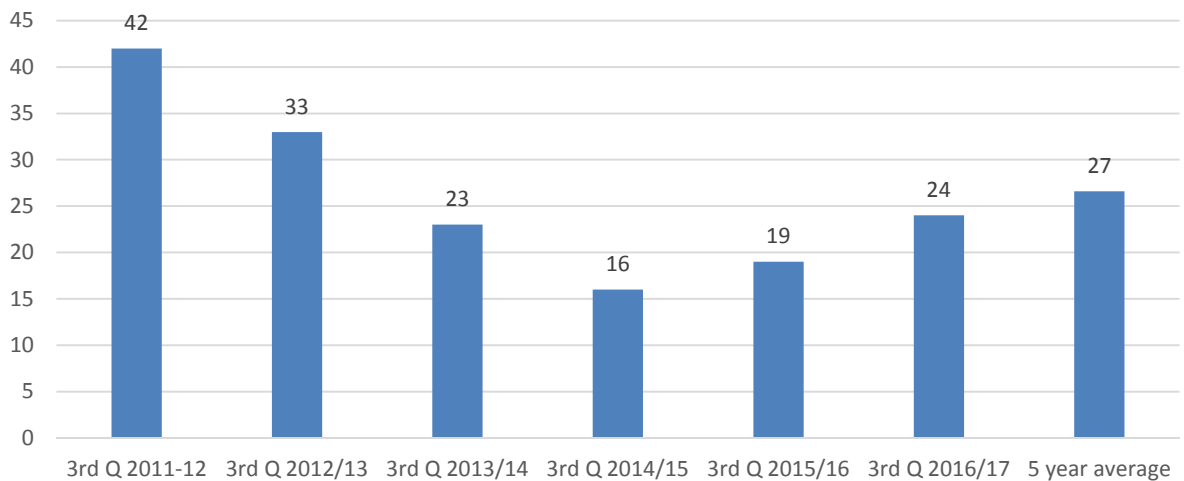
The reporting quarter included the historically busy period around bonfire night. As with previous years SFRS worked closely with Police Scotland and Safer Communities Wardens to deliver key messages, undertake bonfire inspections and engage with those building their own bonfires to ensure the events were appropriately supervised. Bonfire night itself saw only one secondary fire (apart from official, organised bonfires) across all of Perth & Kinross.



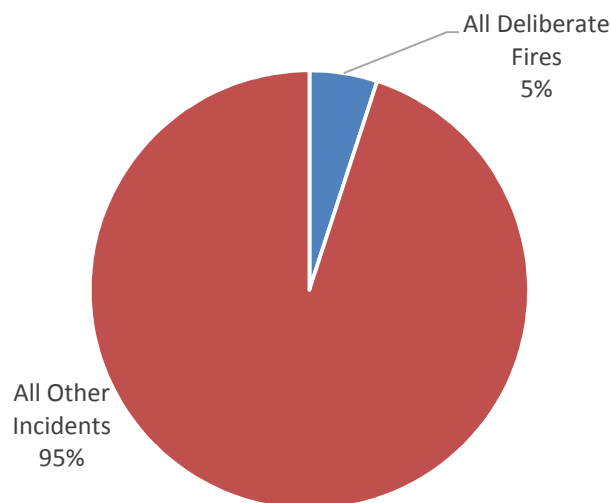
### Priority 4: Key Performance Indicators and Statistics – 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2016/17

| Key Performance Indicator | Key Performance Indicator           | Oct - Dec 2011 /12 | Oct - Dec 2012 /13 | Oct - Dec 2013 /14 | Oct - Dec 2014 /15 | Oct - Dec 2015 /16 | Oct - Dec 2016 /17 | 5 year average | Trend |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------|
| 1b                        | All deliberate primary fires        | 14                 | 12                 | 8                  | 7                  | 8                  | <b>11</b>          | <b>10</b>      | ↑     |
| 1b(ii)                    | All deliberate other building fires | 2                  | 4                  | 3                  | 5                  | 2                  | <b>1</b>           | <b>3</b>       | ↓     |
| 1c                        | All deliberate secondary fires      | 28                 | 21                 | 15                 | 9                  | 11                 | <b>13</b>          | <b>17</b>      | ↓     |

All Deliberate Fires - 3rd Quarter



% Deliberate Fires - 3rd Quarter



## PRIORITY 5: Reduction of Fires in Non-Domestic Properties

The number of fires in non-domestic premises within the Perth & Kinross area reports a slight increase from 12 last year to 14 this year for the corresponding reporting period. This figure is slightly below the 5 year average of 16. The 14 incidents recorded occurred in premises ranging from retail shops (4) to hotel/motel/restaurant/cafe (6). The number of non-domestic fires accounts for 3% of all incidents attended in Quarter 3.

The primary cause of the majority of incidents was overheating/faulty equipment (8), with other causes being recorded as careless handling/materials too close to heat source (1). All the 14 incidents were accidental fires, with the exception one being a deliberate cause.

These fires can often have a serious impact on our local business sector and wider economy, as a fire within companies' premises often results in significant monetary loss and in the worst cases, loss of employment for staff. Our Fire Safety Enforcement Officers (FSEO's) will continue to provide support to local businesses to enable suitable legislative fire safety guidance and enforcement to be undertaken. This includes post-fire audits following each incident.

In relation to our statutory legislative fire safety requirements, our FSEOs personnel conduct audits of specific types of non-domestic properties ('relevant premises') to ensure they comply with the fire safety requirements of the Fire (Scotland) Act 2005 ('the Act'). Relevant premises audited in Perth and Kinross include: Care Homes; Hospitals; Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMO's); Hotels and High/ Very High risk premises identified during previous audits.

Of the 14 non-domestic property fires reported during the second quarter 2016/17, 13 were relevant premises. These were therefore subject to post fire audits by our FSEOs to ascertain how the premises were being managed and if the Act was complied with. This may require further actions to ensure the premises is compliant whilst also providing the appropriate level of support and advice for the owner/occupier.

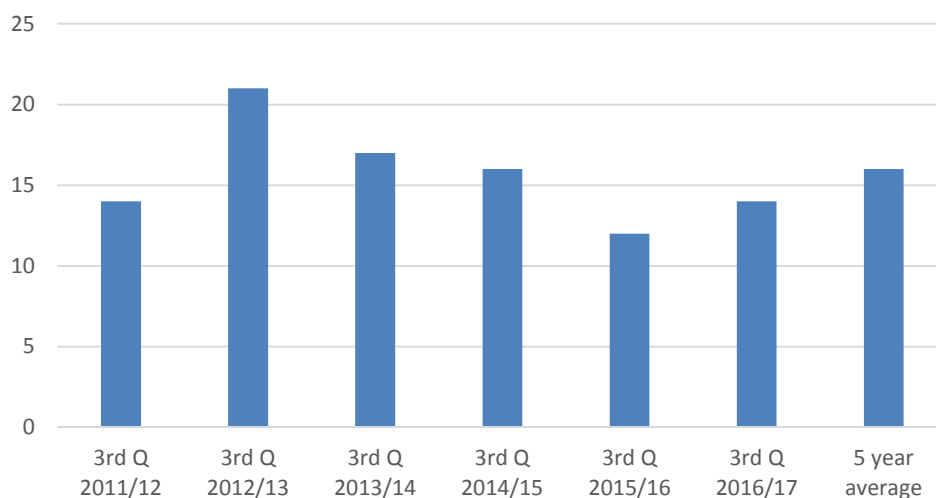
### **Notable Incident/Event**

Perth Prison (7/12/16) – Fire in an electrical substation forming part of prison complex. Four appliances attended and assisted SSE personnel to extinguish the fire and make the substation safe through the use of breathing apparatus sets and CO2 extinguishers.

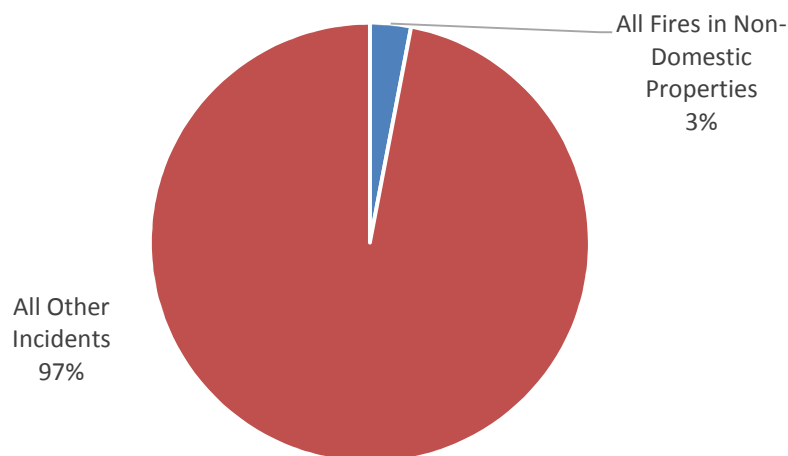
### Priority 5: Key Performance Indicators and Statistics – 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2016/17

| Key Performance Indicator | Key Performance Indicator           | Oct - Dec 2011 /12 | Oct - Dec 2012 /13 | Oct - Dec 2013 /14 | Oct - Dec 2014 /15 | Oct - Dec 2015 /16 | Oct - Dec 2016 /17 | 5 year average | Trend |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------|
| 2b(ii)                    | All accidental other building fires | 12                 | 17                 | 14                 | 11                 | 11                 | <b>13</b>          | <b>13</b>      | →     |
| 1b(ii)                    | All deliberate other building fires | 2                  | 4                  | 3                  | 5                  | 2                  | <b>1</b>           | <b>3</b>       | ↓     |

**All Fires in Non-Domestic Properties - 3rd Quarter**



**% All Fires in Non-Domestic Properties - 3rd Quarter**



## **PRIORITY 6: Reduction in Casualties from Non Fire Emergencies**

There were 66 non-fire emergencies reported during the third quarter of 2016/17. This is a decrease of 55% non-fire emergencies when compared to the second quarter last year with 120, and a decrease of 31% (29) when compared to the five year average for that quarter of 95. The total number of non-fire emergencies to the end of the third quarter 2016/17 (209) is lower than the 5 year average (240) for the same period in previous years. There were a total of 21 casualties (3 fatal) from special service incidents. This type of incident accounts for 15% of all incidents attended this quarter.

### Road Traffic Collisions (RTC)

There were 23 RTC's during the second quarter 2016/17, which is a decrease of 7 (23%) RTC's when compared to the same quarter last year (30), and a decrease of 4 (15%) RTC's when compared to the five year average (27) for the third quarter. The total number of RTC's to the end of the third quarter 2016/17 (69) is equivalent to the 5 year average (69) for the same period in previous years. The 23 RTC's attended accounted for 1 fatalities and 17 casualties.

### Flooding

There were 3 flooding incidents during the third quarter 2016/17, two were low level domestic flooding and one was flooding in a care home.

### Rescue/Extrication

There were 3 rescue/extrication services during the second quarter 2016/17, which is a slight increase when compared to the same quarter last year (2) and when compared to the five year average (2).

### Special Service – Other

There were 37 incidents this quarter, a slight decrease of 10% on the same quarter for 2015/16 (41), and a decrease of 32% compared with the five year average.

There were 23 (62%) of these incidents where crews attended in support of our other blue light agencies to medical type responses. Personnel are now attending a higher number of this type of incident where they are providing support to the ambulance service or Police Scotland due to a member of our community suffering a medical emergency, including gaining access to homes. This type of special service call will continue to be supported by the SFRS in the future as we continue to develop mutual cross emergency service support to ensure we safeguard our communities' wellbeing.

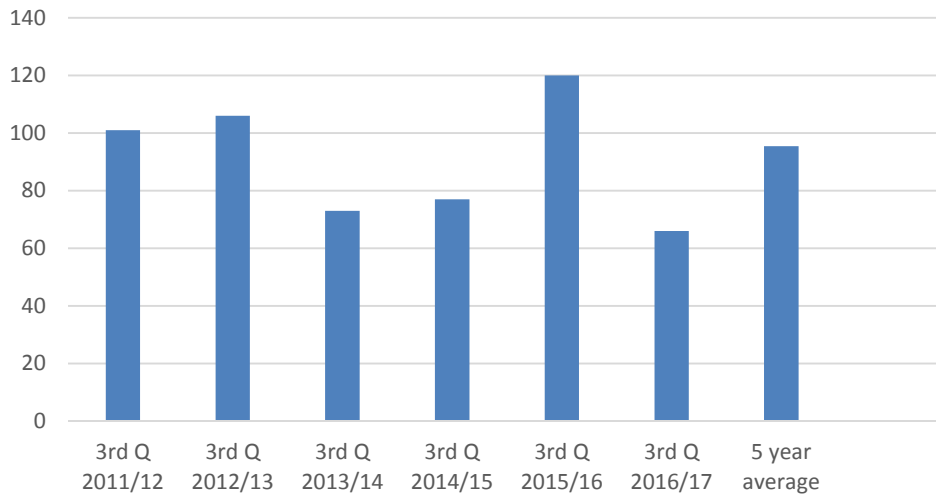
### **Notable Incident/Event**

SFRS again took the lead role, as part of the wider partnership, in the promotion and delivery of Safe Drive Stay Alive which took place at North Inch Campus over 3 days in November. More than 1500 young adults attended this hard-hitting event.

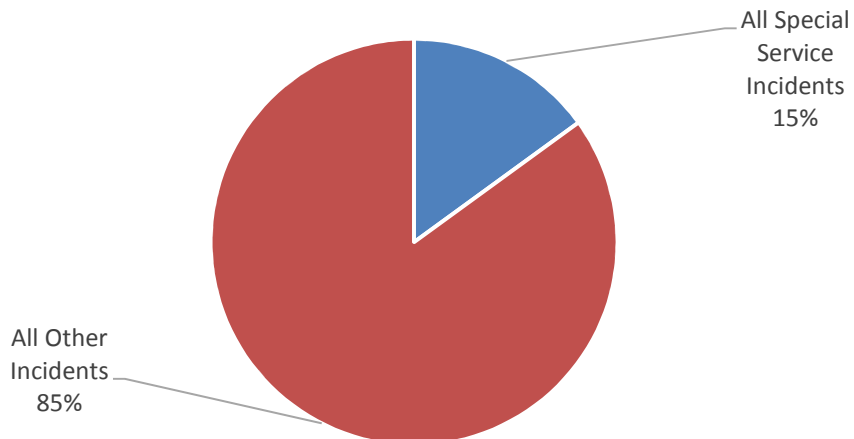
**Priority 6: Key Performance Indicators and Statistics – 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2016/17**

| Key Performance Indicator | Key Performance Indicator      | Oct - Dec 2011 /12 | Oct - Dec 2012 /13 | Oct - Dec 2013 /14 | Oct - Dec 2014 /15 | Oct - Dec 2015 /16 | Oct - Dec 2016 /17 | 5 year average | Trend |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------|
| 5a                        | Road Traffic Collisions (RTCs) | 21                 | 29                 | 21                 | 33                 | 30                 | <b>23</b>          | <b>27</b>      | ↓     |
| 5b                        | Flooding                       | 6                  | 33                 | 11                 | 10                 | 47                 | <b>3</b>           | <b>21</b>      | ↓     |
| 5c                        | Extrication                    | 1                  | 3                  | 2                  | 4                  | 2                  | <b>3</b>           | <b>2</b>       | ↑     |
| 5d                        | Others                         | 73                 | 41                 | 39                 | 30                 | 41                 | <b>37</b>          | <b>45</b>      | ↓     |

**All Special Service Incidents - 3rd Quarter**



**% All Special Service Incidents - 3rd Quarter**



## **PRIORITY 7: Reduction of Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals**

There was a decrease in the overall number of Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals (UFAS) experienced (262) in comparison to previous year (299) and this figure remains below the 5 year average of 308. This figure is in line with the gradual longer term reduction in UFAS incidents which should be considered alongside the increased level of detectors within premises as being a positive trend. There was no significant pattern or trend identified in these incidents and actions were initiated as deemed necessary by Local Managers and FSEO's to offer guidance and support to premises striving to reduce the number of alarm activations.

It should also be noted that approximately 50% of these calls occurred in domestic premises (e.g. Sheltered Housing Complexes) where we encourage the installation of Tele-care services such as PKC's Community Alarms Service which are targeted at people identified as being at risk of unintentional injury in their homes. A number of UFAS incidents recorded from these premises are as a result of cooking activities that could potentially result in a fire affecting people that are at higher risk of harm, possibly due to age, health and / or mobility issues.

The main contributor of UFAS continues to be the high number of calls that are received from larger premises with similar high numbers of detector heads and more complex systems such as Sheltered Housing Complexes, Hospitals, Hotels, Care Homes and Prison establishments thereby increasing the chance of unwanted activations.

On scene investigations by responding crews into the activations continue to be undertaken in an attempt to understand the reasons for these activations and encourage duty holders to be proactive in the reduction of UFAS. Our experience informs us that there is generally a responsible attitude towards reducing these incidents by duty holders in the area. All UFAS calls are being monitored and analysed for emerging trends and trigger points. With the assistance of the duty holders of these premises, and the knowledge and expertise of the local firefighters, we are actively addressing any issues to help reduce the number of unwanted fire calls in the Perth & Kinross area. All UFAS calls are monitored within monthly performance reports where trend analysis and actions are undertaken relevant to the findings by local Station Managers with the support of FSEO's.

Looking ahead, changes in the way we implement our UFAS Policy and Procedures at non-sleeping risk premises will allow us to tailor a more appropriate level of response to automatic fire alarm calls from such premises in the future, with the aim of reducing the number of unnecessary blue light journeys.

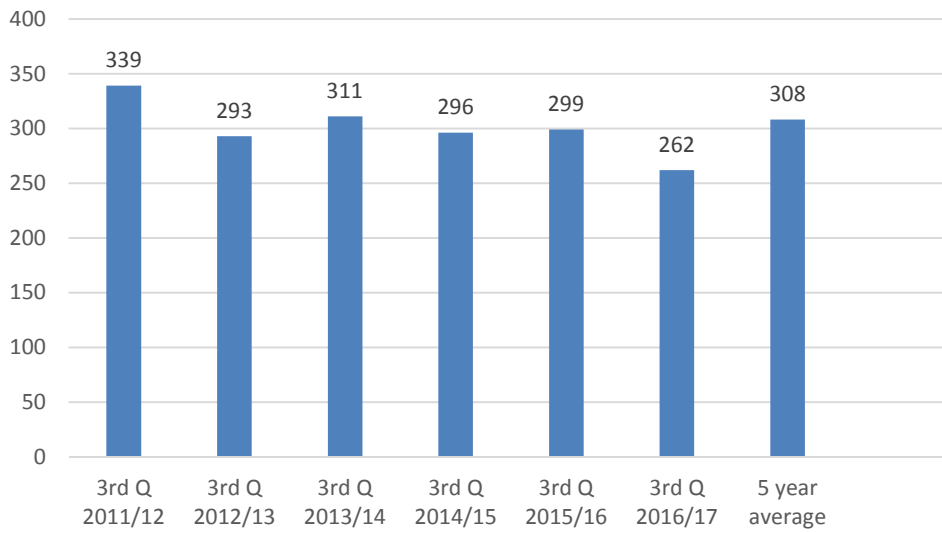
### **Notable Incident/Event**

No notable incident/event in the reporting period

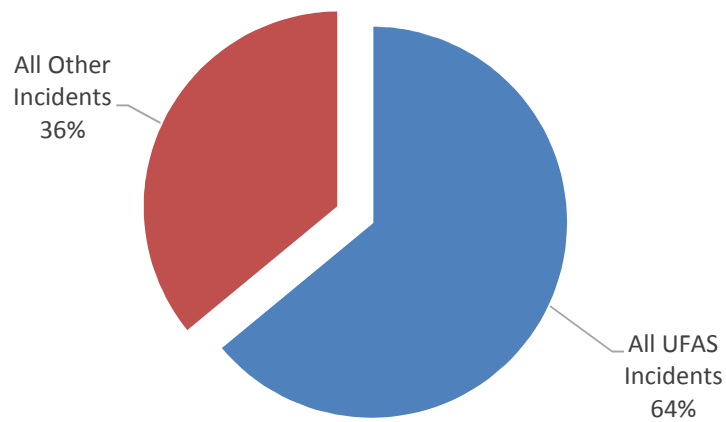
**Priority 7: Key Performance Indicators and Statistics – 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2016/17**

| Key Performance Indicator | Key Performance Indicator | Oct - Dec 2011 /12 | Oct - Dec 2012 /13 | Oct - Dec 2013 /14 | Oct - Dec 2014 /15 | Oct - Dec 2015 /16 | Oct - Dec 2016 /17 | 5 year average | Trend |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------|
| 10a                       | False Alarm: All          | 339                | 293                | 311                | 296                | 299                | 262                | 308            | ↓     |
| 10b                       | False Alarm: Good Intent  | 68                 | 48                 | 45                 | 49                 | 39                 | 33                 | 50             | ↓     |
| 10c                       | False Alarm: Malicious    | 7                  | 11                 | 9                  | 6                  | 7                  | 7                  | 8              | ↓     |

All UFAS Incidents - 3rd Quarter



% All UFAS - 3rd Quarter



## Glossary of Terms

**Accidental:** Caused by accident or carelessness. Includes fires which accidentally get out of control.

**Casualty:** consists of persons requiring medical treatment including first aid given at the scene of the incident and also those sent to hospital or advised to see a doctor for a check-up or observation (whether or not they actually do). People sent to hospital or advised to see a doctor as a precaution, having no obvious injury, are recorded as 'precautionary check-ups'. Casualty figures do not include fatalities.

**Deliberate:** covers fires where deliberate ignition is suspected.

**Unwanted Fire Alarm Signal (UFAS):** is defined as an event in which the Fire and Rescue Service believes they are called to a reportable fire and then find there is no such incident. These can be Malicious, of Good Intent or caused by faults/unsuitable equipment within the alarm system.




**Fatality:** a casualty whose death is attributed to a fire is counted as a fatality even if the death occurred later. Fatalities associated with Other Incidents can include attendance to assist Police or Ambulance colleagues when a person has been found who has committed suicide, for example. Often there is little we can do as a Service to influence this particular figure.

**Primary Fires:** includes all fires in buildings, vehicles and most outdoor structures or any fire involving casualties, rescues or fire attended by five or more pumping appliances.

**Secondary Fires:** These cover the majority of outdoor fires including grassland and refuse fires unless they involve casualties or rescues, property loss or if five or more appliances attend. They include fires in derelict buildings but not chimney fires.

**Tayside Local Resilience Partnership:** Local resilience partnerships (LRP's) are multi-agency partnerships made up of representatives from local public services, the emergency services, local authorities, the NHS, the Scottish Environmental Protection Agency and others. These agencies are known as Category 1 Responders, as defined by the Civil Contingencies Act. They are supported by organisations, known as Category 2 responders, such as public utility companies etc. and have a responsibility to co-operate with other Category 1 organisations and to share relevant information with the LRP. LRPs also work with other partners in the military and voluntary sectors who provide a valuable contribution to LRP work in emergency preparedness. The LRPs aim to plan and prepare for localised incidents and catastrophic emergencies. They work to identify potential risks and produce emergency plans to either prevent or mitigate the impact of any incident on their local communities.
















### KEY:

|                                                                                     |                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|  | Reduction against 5 year average |
|  | Maintained                       |
|  | Increase against 5 year average  |




**NOTE: The statistics featured throughout this report are provisional until the year end.**



Perth & Kinross Year to Date Performance Summary – 1<sup>st</sup> April 2016 – 31<sup>st</sup> December 2016

| Key Performance Indicator                                         | Apr Dec 2011/12 | Apr Dec 2012/13 | Apr Dec 2013/14 | Apr Dec 2014/15 | Apr Dec 2015/16 | Apr Dec 2016/17 | 5 Year Average | Year to Date RAG Rating                                                               |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| All deliberate primary fires (1b)                                 | 42              | 29              | 28              | 21              | 25              | 29              | 29             |    |
| All deliberate other building fires (1b(ii))                      | 9               | 13              | 11              | 11              | 10              | 6               | 11             |    |
| All deliberate secondary fires (1c)                               | 99              | 67              | 70              | 47              | 65              | 63              | 70             |    |
| All accidental dwelling fires (2b(i))                             | 76              | 86              | 70              | 88              | 86              | 100             | 81             |    |
| All accidental other building fires (2b(ii))                      | 45              | 45              | 33              | 38              | 44              | 52              | 41             |    |
| All fatal fire casualties (3a(i))                                 | 0               | 1               | 0               | 0               | 0               | 1               | 0              |    |
| Non-fatal fire casualties excl. precautionary check-ups (3a(ii))  | 18              | 14              | 26              | 11              | 17              | 19              | 17             |    |
| Non-fatal fire casualties incl. precautionary check-ups (3a(iii)) | 19              | 18              | 32              | 15              | 25              | 28              | 22             |    |
| Special Service Road Traffic Collisions (RTCs) (5a)               | 54              | 84              | 52              | 81              | 72              | 69              | 69             |  |
| Special Service Flooding (5b)                                     | 41              | 53              | 21              | 17              | 68              | 16              | 40             |  |
| Special Service Extrication (5c)                                  | 10              | 12              | 13              | 14              | 11              | 12              | 12             |  |
| Special Service Others (5d)                                       | 171             | 113             | 113             | 77              | 122             | 112             | 119            |  |
| False Alarm: All (10a)                                            | 934             | 898             | 922             | 939             | 883             | 847             | 915            |  |
| False Alarm: Good Intent (10b)                                    | 179             | 155             | 135             | 150             | 117             | 120             | 147            |  |
| False Alarm: Malicious (10c)                                      | 30              | 29              | 40              | 21              | 25              | 25              | 29             |  |

**Key**

|       |                                                                             |                                                                                       |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Red   | 10% more than previous result or local target not met (worse than)          |  |
| Amber | Up to 9% more than previous result or local target not met (worse than)     |  |
| Green | Equal to or better than previous result / or local target met (better than) |  |

**Note**

- Year to Date RAG Rating = The cumulative total of all quarterly performance in current year compared to comparable period of all quarterly performance in previous 5 years

PLEASE NOTE: The statistics featured throughout this report are provisional until the year end.



**PERTH AND KINROSS COUNCIL**

**Community Safety Committee – 1<sup>st</sup> March 2017**

**PERTH AND KINROSS LOCAL POLICING AREA  
PERFORMANCE RESULTS**

**1<sup>st</sup> April 2016 to 31<sup>st</sup> December 2016**

**Report by Chief Superintendent Paul Anderson  
Police Scotland 'D' Division (Tayside)**

**1. RECOMMENDATION**

1.1 It is recommended that members note and scrutinise this operational report.

**2. BACKGROUND**

2.1 The purpose of this report (Appendix 1) is to provide information to the Committee regarding the performance of Police Scotland against performance indicators that will facilitate local scrutiny.

2.2 Appendix 1 will provide context to the information provided in relation to performance and give information on some of the work which has taken place within Perth and Kinross Local Policing Area.

2.3 The data provided in this report is for information purposes to allow Board Members to conduct their scrutiny responsibilities.

**3. PERFORMANCE**

3.3 Performance Indicators detailed in Appendix 1 are subdivided into the following priorities within this report which are the Local Policing Priorities as identified in the 3 year Local Policing Plan.

- Serious and Organised Crime
- Public Protection and Safety
- Road Safety
- Major Events and Planning
- Theft, Housebreaking and Scams

3.4 Appendix 1 will also provide updates on:

- Antisocial Behaviour
- Community Engagement

**4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS**

4.1 There are no financial implications as a result of this report.

**5. STAFFING IMPLICATIONS**

5.1 There are no staffing issues as a result of this report.

**6. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES**

6.1 This report does not have any impact on the environment.

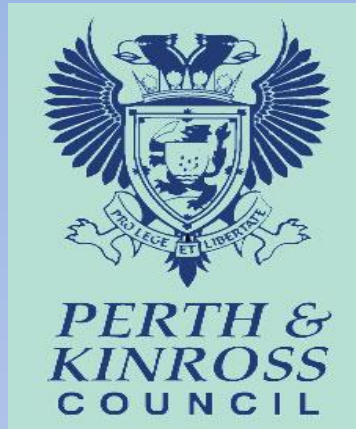
**7. SUMMARY**

7.1 The attached report updates members regarding significant operational matters and gives context to the performance of the local policing area.

**8. COMPLIANCE**

Is the proposal;

- |                                      |     |
|--------------------------------------|-----|
| (a) Human Rights Act 1998 compliant? | YES |
| (b) Equality & Diversity compliant?  | YES |



# PERTH & KINROSS COUNCIL

## Community Safety Committee

Report by Chief Superintendent Paul Anderson  
(Quarter ending 31st December 2016)



## Contents

|                                         |                |
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| <b>Local Policing Priority Updates:</b> |                |
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| Public Protection and Safety            | pages 5-7      |
| Road Safety                             | pages 8-10     |
| Antisocial Behaviour                    | pages 10-11    |
| Major Events and Planning               | pages 11-13    |
| Theft, Housebreaking and Scams          | pages 13-14    |
| Community Engagement                    | pages 14-15    |
| <b>Multi Member Ward Breakdown</b>      | <b>page 16</b> |

## **BACKGROUND TO THIS REPORT**

As from April 2013, the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012 has required Police Scotland to produce and publish a Local Policing Plan (LPP) for each local authority area. The LPP clearly sets out the policing priorities for Perth and Kinross.

Performance in relation to the identified policing priorities is monitored and reviewed internally on a weekly basis. Quarterly reports are produced to allow scrutiny by Perth and Kinross Council Community Safety Committee. This report covers the period from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2016 to 31<sup>st</sup> December 2016.

Data provided in this report is for information purposes to allow Board Members to conduct their scrutiny responsibilities.

This report will make reference to crime groupings. Groups 1-4 refer to an amalgamation of four crime groups. They are Group 1, consisting of violent crime; Group 2 covering sexual offences; Group 3 covers a wide range of crimes of dishonesty; and Group 4 includes vandalism, fire-raising and malicious mischief.

## Serious and Organised Crime

Tackling Serious and Organised Crime Groups (SOCGs) in Perth and Kinross remains a key priority.

Within this quarter we have continued to focus our activity on drug possession, supply, production and cultivation as well as continuing our partnership working with HMP Perth to tackle illegal activity within the Prison Estate and can report some notable successes.

For the period under review there have been 20 offences detected in respect of persons being concerned in the supply of controlled drugs. Of the 20 cases there were 6 incidents at HMP Perth.

In addition there were 8 other cases reported to the procurator Fiscal in respect of individuals being in possession of drugs with the intent to supply. Of these 8 cases, 6 were within HMP Perth.

On the 17<sup>th</sup> October a vehicle was stopped on the A9 near to Pitlochry and a male from Liverpool was found in possession of nearly a six figure sum of controlled drugs.

On the 31<sup>st</sup> October, following the hospitalisation of two juvenile males for ingesting a tablet, a 17 year old Perth male appeared at Court in relation to supply of controlled drugs offences.

On the 28<sup>th</sup> November an operation took place in Kinross the result of which led to a large recovery of cocaine with 6 people being reported for supplying of drugs offences.

On the 19<sup>th</sup> December a male juvenile was found attempting to pass drugs in HMP Perth and a significant drugs recovery was made. As this case is still sub judice no other comments can be made on this incident.

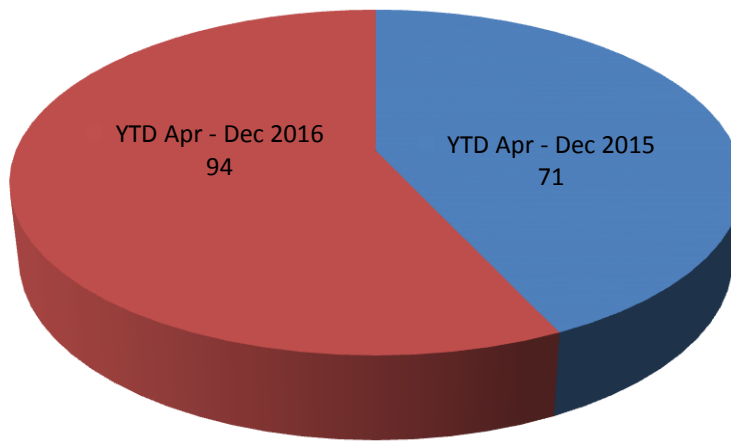
## Serious and Organised Crime

|    |                                                                 | 5 year average | Apr 2015- Dec 2015 | Apr 2016- Dec 2016 | % Change from last year |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 22 | Number of detections for drugs supply, production, cultivation. | 67.8           | 71                 | 94                 | 32.4%                   |



### Number of Detections for Drugs Supply, Production and Cultivation

■ YTD Apr - Dec 2015      ■ YTD Apr - Dec 2016



## Public Protection and Safety

Keeping People Safe is a key priority for the Police Service of Scotland.

Reducing violence is a key priority for Police Scotland and as a result we continue to deploy our officers into key locations to prevent, deter and detect violent crimes.

Centre Safe deployments within Perth city's centre have continued to focus on the night time economy. Officers are deployed with the latest up to date intelligence and carry out licensing checks and proactive patrols within the town centre. Engagement meetings are also held with licensees within Perth to identify and target any issues and to aim for continuous improvement in making a night out in Perth as safe as it possibly can be as well as prioritizing our contribution to the Purple Flag award.

We work closely with our partners who include street pastors and community wardens to provide support and assist vulnerable people within our community.

Our Operational Support Unit has assisted on a number of occasions in supporting our Centre Safe Deployments and assisting with additional patrols and a visible reassurance particularly around the night time economy and in tackling related anti-social behaviour.

For this Quarter there have been 23 serious assaults across Perth and Kinross. Of the 23 serious assaults, there has been only 1 that occurred within HMP Perth with 1 individual being reported for this offence.

There have been two reports of robbery within the reporting period. On the 29<sup>th</sup> November a robbery occurred at the Bank of Scotland, Dunkeld as a result of our

investigation a 28 year old male from Pitlochry has appeared in court for this crime. Whilst the matter is sub judice we can confirm that no weapon was presented during this incident.

On the 30<sup>th</sup> December following concerns raised by the community a lengthy investigation has culminated with the arrest of a 19 year old male from Letham for telecommunication offences. As this investigation is sub judice no other information can be passed at this time.

Our partnership approach for tackling the causes of missing persons continues and follow up interviews with the individual is tasked to a variety of partners to ensure that the individual's needs are met and signposted for further intervention.

The Community Hub assisted Sandy Robertson, Safer Communities (MAPPA liaison) to develop a screening process to enhance the Environmental Risk Assessment process already carried out by the Offender Management Unit. Whilst the ERA identifies potential risks and vulnerabilities of the residents at the relevant time there remains the issue of persons subsequently moving into the area. Whilst Perth and Kinross Council cannot influence privately owned properties the Community Hub can screen potential tenants who are to be allocated in the proximity of offender's addresses.

Discussions are under way with Women's Aid to develop a similar system to address the issue of known domestic perpetrators being located in the vicinity of Women's Aid properties.

### Public Protection and Safety

|    |                                                           | 5 year average | Apr 2015– Dec 2015 | Apr 2016– Dec 2016 | % change from last year |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 1  | Total Number Group 1: Crimes of Violence                  | 97.2           | 102                | 124                | 21.6%                   |
| 2  | Murder                                                    | 1.4            | 1                  | 1                  | 0%                      |
| 3  | Attempted Murder                                          | 8.4            | 1                  | 1                  | 0%                      |
| 4  | Culpable Homicide (common law)                            | -              | 0                  | 0                  | -                       |
| 5  | Culpable Homicide (other)                                 | -              | 0                  | 0                  | -                       |
| 6  | Serious Assault detection rate                            | 90.4%          | 94.4%              | 80.3%              | -14.1%                  |
| 7  | Serious Assault                                           | 41.6           | 72                 | 76                 | 5.6%                    |
| 8  | Robbery detection rate                                    | 88.8%          | 91.7%              | 53.9%              | -37.8%                  |
| 9  | Robbery                                                   | 19.6           | 12                 | 13                 | 8.3%                    |
| 10 | Petty (Common) Assault detection rate                     | 83.3%          | 84%                | 78.7%              | -5.3%                   |
| 11 | Petty (common) Assault                                    | 923            | 864                | 714                | -17.4%                  |
| 13 | Number of Domestic Abuse incidents reported to the Police | -              | 943                | 929                | -1.5%                   |

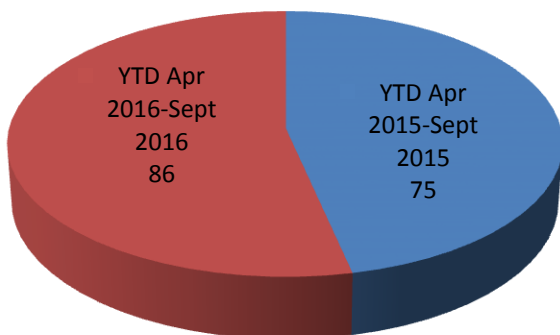
|    |                                                                        |       |       |       |        |
|----|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| 14 | Total crimes and offences in Domestic Abuse incidents                  | -     | 692   | 512   | -26%   |
| 15 | Percentage of Domestic incidents that result in a crime being recorded | -     | 52.5% | 40.5% | -12%   |
| 16 | Total crimes and offences in Domestic Abuse incidents detection rate   | -     | 85.1% | 71.5% | -13.6% |
| 17 | Total detections for Domestic Bail offences                            | -     | 45    | 26    | -42.2% |
| 18 | 95% of initial Domestic Abuse Bail Checks are conducted within 24hrs   | -     | -     | 97.5% | -      |
| 19 | Hate crime and offences detection rate                                 | -     | 89.9% | 78.9% | -11.0% |
| 33 | Number of Group 2: Crimes of Indecency                                 | 148.2 | 193   | 227   | 17.6%  |
| 34 | Group 2 crimes detection rate                                          | 78.1% | 81.4% | 72.3% | -9.1%  |
| 35 | Rape detection rate                                                    | 75.2% | 90.3% | 62.5% | -27.8% |

|    |                                                  | April 2016 – Dec 2016 | April 2016 – Dec 2016 (Positive) |
|----|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 20 | Number of Stop and Searches conducted (total)    | 721                   | 372                              |
| 21 | Number of Statutory Stop and Searches conducted  | 710                   | 371                              |
| 22 | Number of Consensual Stop and Searches conducted | 11                    | 1                                |
| 23 | Number of Consensual Stop and Searches refused   | 0                     | -                                |
| 24 | Number of seizures made                          | 30                    | -                                |

An enhanced version of the National Stop and Search Database commenced on 1 June 2015. The enhanced database brought significant changes in the process of data capture and the methodology for recording data items. No previous year to date figures are provided as it has been recognised this data is not 100% accurate, therefore comparisons will provide misleading results or invalid conclusions. Management information and data in respect of stop and search can be found on the Police Scotland website via <http://www.scotland.police.uk/about-us/police-scotland/stop-and-search-data-publication>

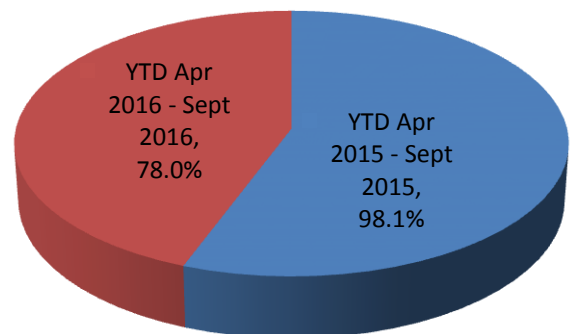
**Total No of Group 1 Crimes - Crimes of Violence**

■ YTD Apr 2015-Sept 2015  
 ■ YTD Apr 2016-Sept 2016



**Hate Crime and Offences - Detection Rate**

■ YTD Apr 2015 - Sept 2015  
 ■ YTD Apr 2016 - Sept 2016



## Road Safety

The strategic priority for road safety is keeping people safe on the roads of Perth and Kinross.

The officer who holds the post of Rural Crime Liaison Officer for Roads Policing continues to offer support to those affected as well as providing security advice. This has led to frequent cross border Kinross-shire/Fife evening/night road checks with Fife DRPU. Roads Policing continue to maintain their commitment to local priorities with five officers completing a Plant and Agricultural Machinery theft and identification course ensuring our offices are highly skilled and have the latest information available in terms of crime trends.

We continue to operate a Road Crime Patrol car, the purpose of which is to augment our efforts in targeting criminals using the road network. This commitment has led to significant drugs and Proceeds of Crime Act seizures throughout the region.

Tragically there have been two fatalities over the reporting period both occurring on the same day. On the 13<sup>th</sup> October a two year old child was tragically killed in Coupar Angus and the same evening a further fatality occurred on the A9 in Luncarty.

Between the 17<sup>th</sup> and 23<sup>rd</sup> October Roads Policing officers conducted a Get Ready For Winter campaign across Tayside, including Perth and Kinross. This campaign was to ensure vehicles were ready for winter as well as checks to ensure the vehicles were of a roadworthy standard. In total across Tayside 148 vehicles were stopped and 96 warnings were issued to drivers with regards to their vehicles.

National Police Chief's Council Truck and Bus campaign took place between the 7<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> November. This campaign is UK wide and focused on the roadworthiness of trucks and buses using the trunk roads within Perth and Kinross. In total 22 trucks were stopped with 13 offences detected, 3 prohibitions were issued and several mechanical defects detected.

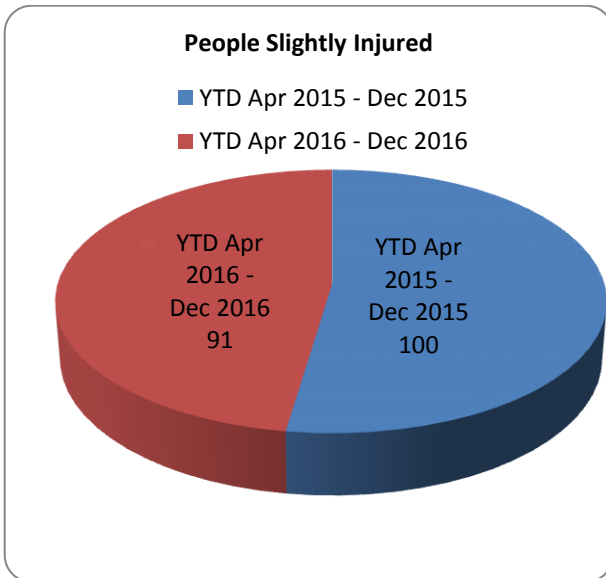
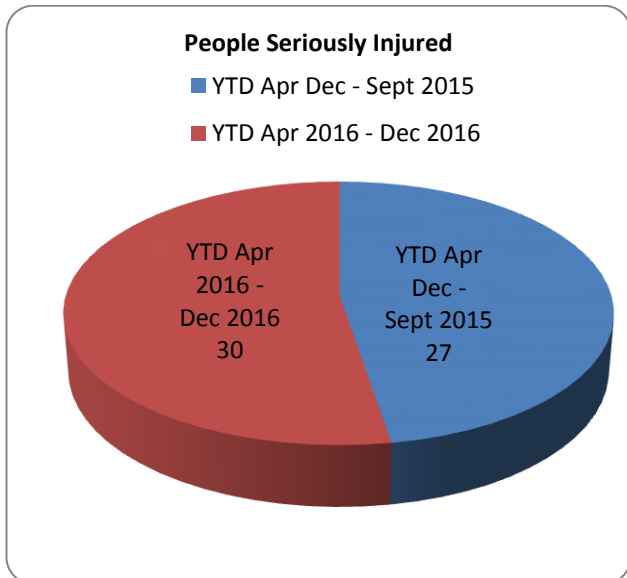
Between the 23<sup>rd</sup> and the 25<sup>th</sup> November we attended the Safe Drive, Stay Alive Campaign held at the North Inch Campus, Perth. The hard hitting conference is aimed at S5 pupils across Perth and Kinross educating the audience on the dangers of speeding and other contributory factors for serious road traffic collisions.

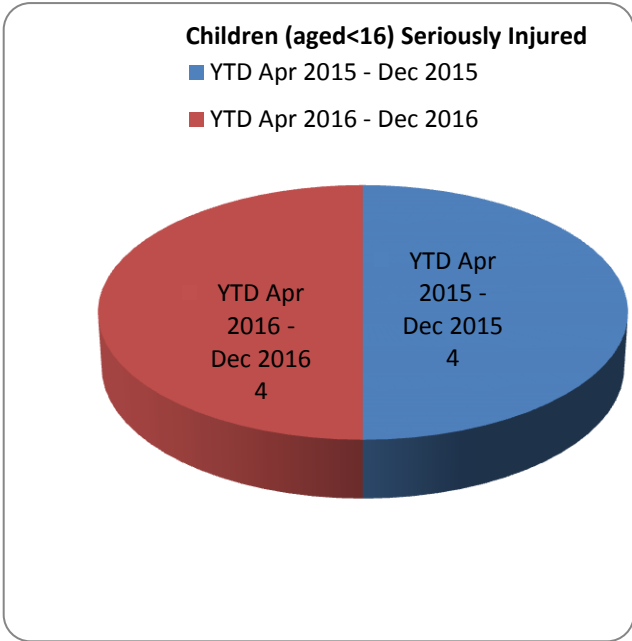
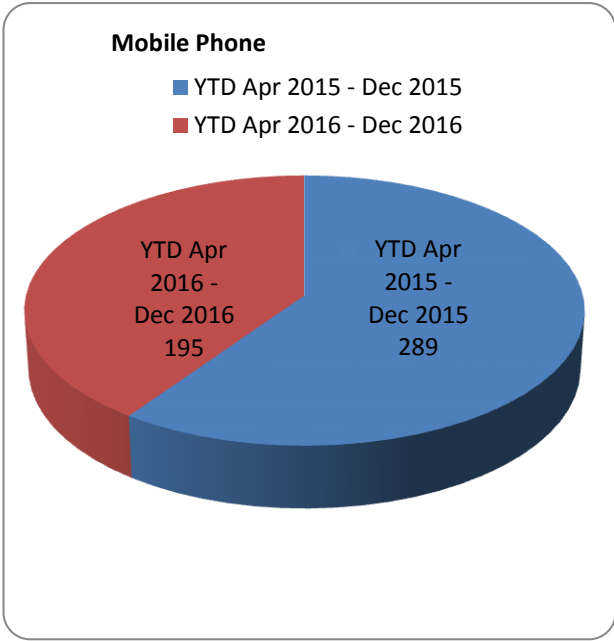
In addition there have been two Operation Scandium initiatives in conjunction with BTP targeting metal thefts and other criminality on the roads on the 9<sup>th</sup> November over 30 vehicles were stopped. The same operation took place on the 14<sup>th</sup> December again over 30 vehicles were stopped.

The annual Festive Campaign commenced on the 2<sup>nd</sup> December through to the 2<sup>nd</sup> January 2017. In total there were 700 breath tests for the whole of Perth and Kinross. The whole of Tayside reported 46 drink drive offences for this Campaign.

These detected offences included 2 offences between 0600hrs and 1000hrs.

| Road Traffic Statistics |                                       |                |                    |                    |                         |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
|                         |                                       | 5 year Average | Apr 2015– Dec 2015 | Apr 2016– Dec 2016 | % Change from last year |
| N/A                     | People Killed                         | -              | 5                  | 9                  | 80%                     |
| N/A                     | People Seriously Injured              | -              | 27                 | 30                 | 11.1%                   |
| N/A                     | People Slightly Injured               | -              | 100                | 91                 | -9.0%                   |
| N/A                     | Children (aged <16) Killed            | -              | 1                  | 1                  | 0.0%                    |
| N/A                     | Children (aged <16) Seriously Injured | -              | 4                  | 4                  | 0.0%                    |
| 36                      | Dangerous driving                     | 49.4           | 80                 | 53                 | -33.8%                  |
| 37                      | Speeding                              | 1501.6         | 1446               | 1073               | -25.8%                  |
| 38                      | Disqualified driving                  | 19.4           | 38                 | 51                 | 34.2%                   |
| 39                      | Driving Licence                       | 135.6          | 195                | 170                | -12.8%                  |
| 40                      | Insurance                             | 298.2          | 468                | 448                | -4.3%                   |
| 41                      | Seat Belts                            | 126.8          | 76                 | 59                 | -22.4%                  |
| 42                      | Mobile Phone                          | 268.0          | 289                | 195                | -32.5%                  |





**Antisocial Behaviour**

Anti social behaviour and its impact on communities remains a priority for Police Scotland. Working closely with our council and housing partners at the hub we continue to make early interventions where householders are identified as being involved in anti-social behaviour and have a range of measures in place to stop it and improve the quality of life for those previously affected.

Following concerns raised by members of the community within Crammond Place, Perth a family including six children were the subject of a joint investigation by the Anti Social Behaviour Team and Police Scotland. Following the investigation the Community Hub engaged with other partners to ensure the needs of this family were met. As a result the family who are now accepting parent to parent support, life skills and a review of the progress is being led by partners.

Concerns were raised by the Letham community with regards to a young female and numerous calls to her address for loud music and parties. The female failed to engage with services and as a result a full ASBO was granted that led to her moving from the address. The female now has a new tenancy and is now accessing the support she has been offered with this support there have been no further issues at her new address.

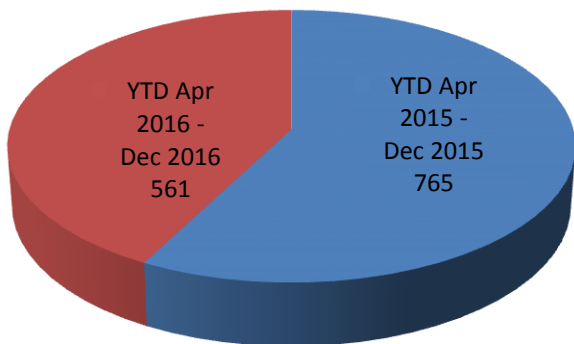
Local residents are encouraged to report any incidents at the time to Police Scotland via 101 or if in an emergency 999. Correspondence can also be sent to [taysidekinross-shirecpt@scotland.pnn.police.uk](mailto:taysidekinross-shirecpt@scotland.pnn.police.uk). Perth and Kinross Council Safer Communities Team can also be contacted on 01738 476173.

## Antisocial Behaviour

|    |                                                                                                    | 5 year average | Apr 2015 – Dec 2015 | Apr 2016 – Dec 2016 | % Change from last year |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 12 | Number of complaints regarding disorder                                                            | -              | 2922                | 3727                | 27.5%                   |
| 30 | Vandalism & Malicious Mischief detection rate                                                      | 32.2           | 25.9%               | 29.8%               | 3.9%                    |
| 31 | Vandalism & Malicious Mischief                                                                     | 671.0          | 765                 | 561                 | -26.7%                  |
| 32 | Number of detections for Consuming Alcohol in a designated place (where appropriate byelaws exist) | -              | 17                  | 12                  | -29.4%                  |

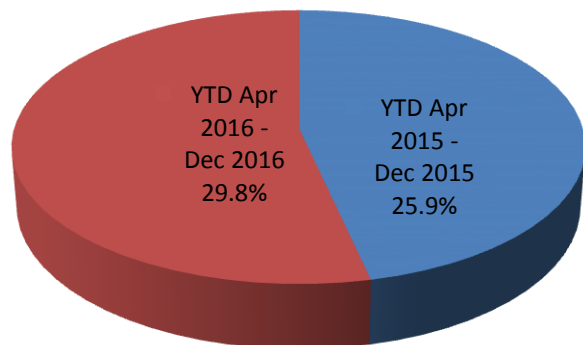
### Vandalism and Malicious Mischief

■ YTD Apr 2015 - Dec 2015  
 ■ YTD Apr 2016 - Dec 2016



### Vandalism and Malicious Mischief Detection Rate

■ YTD Apr 2015 - Dec 2015  
 ■ YTD Apr 2016 - Dec 2016



## Major Events and Planning

For the period under review there have been major events that have happened that had an impact on local policing resources.

We engaged with partners in relation to the week between Halloween and Bonfire Night which assisted with the sharing of local intelligence and information for patrols to prevent firework or fire related calls. This operation also led to the use of Police Scotland Youth Volunteers to engage with local firework distributors advising them of the legislation. There were also additional patrols across Perth and Kinross to ensure that peak demand could be met.

The weekend of Friday 28<sup>th</sup> – Sunday 30<sup>th</sup> October 2016 provided coordinated crime

prevention activity undertaken by Special Constables assisted by PSYV volunteers and Community Wardens. This focused on shops within the operation area discouraging them from selling eggs/flour and fireworks to youngsters and also scoping the area for signs of unofficial bonfires and any particular areas of concern re ASB.

From Monday 31<sup>st</sup> October until Sunday 6<sup>th</sup> November regular officers supported by Perth CIU will undertake a range of crime prevention and detection patrols. This included high visibility patrols in communities and the City Centre aimed at deterring anti-social behaviour and shoplifting which have an impact on the City Centre. This week long action included an Operation Frankie targeting licensing issues and drugs misuse within Perth City Centre.

The week of action saw all towns within the LPA receiving additional patrols and an Op Frankie targeting drug misuse in the town centre licensed premises was undertaken on 04/11/2016. A drugs search warrant was also executed in Perth and a number of tablets recovered from a house.

The Festive Period led to additional resources and operations throughout the City Centre and further afield. The Festive Lights Switch on in Perth took place on Saturday the 19<sup>th</sup> November with other celebrations taking place within the City Centre. This led to a significant footfall within the City Centre and a dedicated policing operation. There were no significant issues as a result of these celebrations.

Other significant incidents for the reporting period include on the 19<sup>th</sup> December following a report of a male who entered the River Tay in Perth. The male has since been identified as Iain Guthrie, 20, from Perth. Significant assistance has been received in relation to the search for Iain from specialist officers in Police Scotland, the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service, Mountain Rescue Team, Coastguard, RNLi and Air Support from Police Scotland and the Coastguard however at present Iain remains an on-going missing person investigation.

On the 23<sup>rd</sup> December officers attended a report of an assault in Rattray following initial investigation a search was conducted at a separate address in Carsie which led to the recovery of items from within the address. Due to the nature of these items assistance was sought from the Explosives Ordnance. This matter is still the subject of an on-going police investigation and no further information can be passed at this time.

On the 28<sup>th</sup> December St Johnstone had a home fixture against Rangers. Several officers were deployed to the fixture as well as an amended traffic management plan that was agreed between the club and Police Scotland. The police operation was a success and one male from Glasgow was arrested due to his behaviour at the game.

On 31<sup>st</sup> December additional officers provided a high visibility presence across Perth and Kinross in light of the Rangers V Celtic fixture taking place. Early engagement



with licensees by officers on these patrols ensured a relatively peaceful fixture was managed across the LPA.

## Theft, Housebreaking and Scams

Theft, housebreakings and scams continue to be a divisional priority and as such officers are tasked on a daily basis with deterrence patrols based on the latest intelligence. It is encouraging to report that crimes of housebreakings are showing a significant reduction year on year. Our figures for 2016/17 indicate 127 crimes of housebreaking from the 1<sup>st</sup> April to the 31<sup>st</sup> December. This is in contrast with the figures of 220 for the same reporting period the previous year. It is of further note that the figure of 220 was the lowest for the previous 5 years. The cumulative figures for all crimes of dishonesty are at the lowest levels for 5 years and are 12% down from the previous year.

These figures are encouraging and we are also pleased to report some notable results in terms of detected incidents for the reporting period.

A 39 year old local male was charged with a housebreaking and other theft crimes at car showrooms in Perth. The case is waiting to proceed at court. Two local males were also charged with stealing from three motor vehicles in Perth and are also waiting to appear in Court for these offences. A 35 year old local male was charged with stealing from charity tins within Perth. One of the locations for these crimes took place within a local church.

Operation Tigerclaw is D Division's response to a rural crime series in Perth and Kinross Local Policing Area and encompasses the prevention, intelligence and enforcement measures taken. It aims to identify and apprehend any persons involved in the theft of trailers, quad bikes and other agricultural equipment within Perth and Kinross, particularly the hot spot area of Kinross-shire. Due to the location we regularly share information with Fife Division to ensure our crime patterns are shared. It has also been used to identify possible associates or places used for the purposes of disposal of said trailers or other Plant and report any such persons to the Procurator Fiscal as well as for any other subsequently identified crimes they may be responsible for including road traffic offences and housebreakings.

One such occasion occurred on the 29<sup>th</sup> November whereby two males from Fife were involved in theft crimes in Kinross at farms. As a result these two males have subsequently been arrested for these crimes as well as others in Fife and are waiting trial.

Our Hub staff also provided an outreach Keep Xmas Safe in Blairgowrie on 21st December with the Community Bus offering 'shop safe' support and advice as well

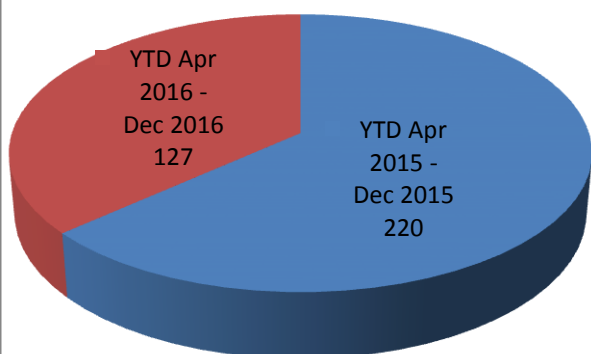
as some giveaways to the Blairgowrie community. Subjects discussed with members of the public included, doorstep crime, internet safety, fraud prevention and bogus callers.

### Housebreaking and Theft by Shoplifting

|    |                                                            | 5 year average | Apr 2015– Dec 2015 | Apr 2016– Dec 2016 | % Change from last year |
|----|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 26 | Theft by housebreaking (including attempts) detection rate | 35.2%          | 30.0%              | 20.5%              | -9.5%                   |
| 27 | Theft by housebreaking (including attempts)                | 253.4          | 220                | 127                | -42.3%                  |
| 28 | Theft by shoplifting detection rate                        | 84.0%          | 80.7%              | 78.0%              | -2.7%                   |
| 29 | Theft by shoplifting                                       | 389.4          | 405                | 390                | -3.7%                   |

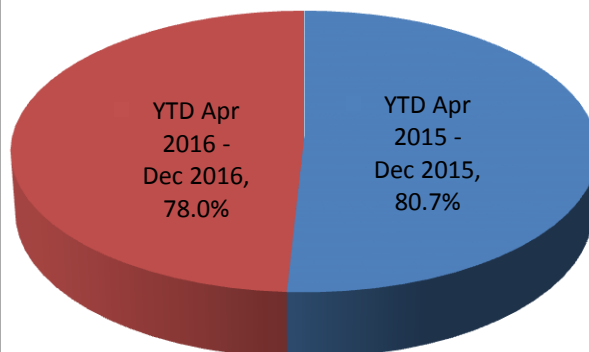
**Theft by Housebreaking (including attempts)**

■ YTD Apr 2015 - Dec 2015  
 ■ YTD Apr 2016 - Dec 2016



**Theft by Shoplifting Detection Rate**

■ YTD Apr 2015 - Dec 2015  
 ■ YTD Apr 2016 - Dec 2016



### Community Engagement

Engaging with the community is a priority for Perth and Kinross LPA. In respect of our partnership work with HMP Perth and Castle Huntly there is also an emphasis on engaging with this specific community. Within the reporting period, Constable McRae has held two “Meet the Police” days with the prisoners and their families. This model is based on other initiatives in other divisions. Whilst the families met the police in a different environment it also provided families with assistance and signposting for issues they were facing at home.

The local authority of Perth and Kinross, has so far accepted 7 families relocated from Syria under the Home Office refugee relocation scheme.

Since the first family arrived in September 2015, there have been regular multi agency meetings to ensure the families are integrating in the community and to share any issues or difficulties they may have encountered.

Along with our PKC housing partners a Syrian Workshop day was arranged with the Community Hub and provided an educational input to the families regarding Scots Law.

Over the festive period the Community Hub arranged a "pop up shop" to be let in the St John Shopping Centre, Perth which was manned by all partner agencies and third sector organisations. The purpose of the project was to provide information and support to local residents regarding all aspects community life during this testing time of the year.

The first meeting of the Perth and Kinross Rural and Wildlife Crime Steering Group took place on 1st November 2017 and its second meeting is due to take place on 2<sup>nd</sup> February 2017. A sub/working group meeting also took place on 13<sup>th</sup> December 2016 with representation from key partners including the Scottish Gamekeepers Association, SEPA and National Farmers Union all working together to deliver on the Perth and Kinross Rural Crime Week of Action in February 2017.

|                          | Almond and Earn |     |       | Blairgowrie and Glens |     |       | Carse of Gowrie  |     |        | Highland         |     |       |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----|-------|-----------------------|-----|-------|------------------|-----|--------|------------------|-----|-------|
|                          | Rec             | Det | %     | Rec                   | Det | %     | Rec              | Det | %      | Rec              | Det | %     |
| Groups 1-5               | 81              | 47  | 58.0% | 187                   | 93  | 49.7% | 153              | 84  | 54.9%  | 175              | 54  | 30.9% |
| Overall Violent Crime    | 20              | 12  | 60.0% | 41                    | 33  | 80.5% | 22               | 13  | 59.1%  | 31               | 18  | 58.1% |
| All Group 1              | 5               | 4   | 80.0% | 7                     | 7   | 100%  | 10               | 9   | 90.0%  | 1                | -   | 0.0%  |
| Murder/Attempt Murder    | -               | -   | -     | -                     | -   | -     | -                | -   | -      | -                | -   | -     |
| Serious Assault          | 2               | 2   | 100%  | 6                     | 6   | 100%  | 3                | 3   | 100%   | 1                | -   | 0.0%  |
| Robbery                  | -               | -   | -     | -                     | -   | -     | -                | -   | -      | -                | -   | -     |
| Common Assault           | 18              | 10  | 55.6% | 35                    | 27  | 77.1% | 19               | 10  | 52.6%  | 30               | 18  | 60.0% |
| Knives/Offensive Weapons | -               | -   | -     | 1                     | 1   | 100%  | -                | -   | -      | -                | -   | -     |
| Drugs Supply/Production  | -               | -   | -     | 4                     | 2   | 50.0% | 3                | 2   | 66.7%  | 3                | 3   | 100%  |
| All Group 2              | 10              | 5   | 50.0% | 15                    | 7   | 46.7% | 19               | 16  | 84.2%  | 19               | 11  | 57.9% |
| Housebreaking            | 4               | 6   | -     | 5                     | -   | 0.0%  | 9                | 7   | 77.8%  | 6                | -   | 0.0%  |
| Shoplifting              | 10              | 8   | 80.0% | 37                    | 30  | 81.1% | 4                | 2   | 50.0%  | 11               | 1   | 9.1%  |
|                          | Kinross-shire   |     |       | Perth City Centre     |     |       | Perth City North |     |        | Perth City South |     |       |
|                          | Rec             | Det | %     | Rec                   | Det | %     | Rec              | Det | %      | Rec              | Det | %     |
| Groups 1-5               | 148             | 46  | 31.1% | 1032                  | 694 | 67.2% | 493              | 259 | 52.5%  | 189              | 85  | 45.0% |
| Overall Violent Crime    | 23              | 20  | 87.0% | 281                   | 232 | 82.6% | 117              | 98  | 83.8%  | 57               | 45  | 78.9% |
| All Group 1              | 2               | 2   | 100%  | 48                    | 36  | 75.0% | 11               | 10  | 90.9%  | 5                | 4   | 80.0% |
| Murder/Attempt Murder    | -               | -   | -     | 2                     | 2   | 100%  | -                | -   | -      | -                | -   | -     |
| Serious Assault          | 1               | 1   | 100%  | 36                    | 26  | 72.2% | 6                | 6   | 100%   | 5                | 4   | 80.0% |
| Robbery                  | 1               | 1   | 100%  | 4                     | 2   | 50.0% | 2                | 1   | 50.0%  | -                | -   | -     |
| Common Assault           | 21              | 18  | 85.7% | 239                   | 202 | 84.5% | 109              | 91  | 83.5%  | 52               | 41  | 78.8% |
| Knives/Offensive Weapons | -               | -   | -     | 17                    | 16  | 94.1% | 2                | 2   | 100%   | 1                | 1   | 100%  |
| Drugs Supply/Production  | -               | -   | -     | 58                    | 37  | 63.8% | 11               | 12  | 109.1% | 3                | 3   | 100%  |
| All Group 2              | 15              | 13  | 86.7% | 44                    | 34  | 77.3% | 32               | 23  | 71.9%  | 11               | 9   | 81.8% |
| Housebreaking            | 16              | 2   | 12.5% | 17                    | 1   | 5.9%  | 22               | 2   | 9.1%   | 12               | 1   | 8.3%  |
| Shoplifting              | 8               | 8   | 100%  | 215                   | 179 | 83.3% | 59               | 45  | 76.3%  | 21               | 14  | 66.7% |
|                          | Strathallan     |     |       | Strathearn            |     |       | Strathmore       |     |        | Strathtay        |     |       |
|                          | Rec             | Det | %     | Rec                   | Det | %     | Rec              | Det | %      | Rec              | Det | %     |
| Groups 1-5               | 602             | 416 | 69.1% | 164                   | 79  | 48.2% | 181              | 72  | 39.8%  | 89               | 45  | 50.6% |
| Overall Violent Crime    | 57              | 39  | 68.4% | 41                    | 32  | 78.0% | 65               | 55  | 84.6%  | 31               | 21  | 67.7% |
| All Group 1              | 5               | 2   | 40.0% | 7                     | 6   | 85.7% | 11               | 8   | 72.7%  | 7                | 6   | 85.7% |
| Murder/Attempt Murder    | -               | -   | -     | -                     | -   | -     | -                | -   | -      | -                | -   | -     |
| Serious Assault          | 4               | 2   | 50.0% | 5                     | 5   | 100%  | 5                | 4   | 80.0%  | 1                | 1   | 100%  |
| Robbery                  | 1               | -   | 0.0%  | -                     | -   | -     | 2                | 2   | 100%   | 2                | 1   | 50.0% |
| Common Assault           | 52              | 37  | 71.2% | 36                    | 27  | 75.0% | 58               | 49  | 84.5%  | 28               | 19  | 67.9% |
| Knives/Offensive Weapons | 1               | 1   | 100%  | -                     | -   | -     | -                | -   | -      | -                | -   | -     |
| Drugs Supply/Production  | 23              | 23  | 100%  | 2                     | 2   | 100%  | 1                | 1   | 100%   | 1                | 1   | 100%  |
| All Group 2              | 9               | 6   | 66.7% | 18                    | 17  | 94.4% | 21               | 15  | 71.4%  | 8                | 3   | 37.5% |
| Housebreaking            | 7               | 1   | 14.3% | 8                     | 2   | 25.0% | 11               | -   | 0.0%   | 5                | 3   | 60.0% |
| Shoplifting              | 1               | 1   | 100%  | 11                    | 5   | 45.5% | 8                | 7   | 87.5%  | 1                | 1   | 100%  |

#### Contact Details

Divisional Commander - Chief Superintendent Paul Anderson  
D Division HQ  
West Bell Street, Dundee

Area Commander - Chief Inspector Maggie Pettigrew  
Perth & Kinross Local Policing Area (LPA) HQ  
Barrack Street, Perth