Perth and Kinross Council

<u>Planning & Development Management Committee – 14 December 2021</u> <u>Report of Handling by Head of Planning & Development</u> (Report No. 21/239)

PROPOSAL: Formation of a 49.9MW energy storage facility comprising 50

battery storage container units, control building, ancillary equipment, parking, access track, boundary treatments,

landscaping, and associated works

LOCATION: Shindour Feddal Hill Wood near Braco

Ref. No: <u>21/00756/FLM</u> Ward No: P7 - Strathallan

Summary

This report recommends approval of the application, subject to a number of planning conditions. The development is considered to comply with the relevant provisions of the Development Plan and there are no material considerations apparent which outweigh the Development Plan.

BACKGROUND AND DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL

- This application seeks detailed planning permission to construct and operate an energy storage facility immediately to the southeast of the existing Beauly Denny transmission line at the Braco West substation. The site is located in Feddal Forest on Feddal Hill, within an area of harvested coniferous plantation woodland. The site of 1.1 hectares lies some 3.7km to the west of Braco and the nearest residential property of Bentick Farm is 1.2km to the south.
- The proposed energy storage facility would accommodate up to 50 battery storage units housed within steel shipping containers, along with ancillary structures including a substation compound containing transformers, and an adjacent electrical control building. The site would be partly surrounded by an inner security fence by a buffer of restored habitat along with a drainage swale.
- The proposed energy storage facility of 49.9MW would provide electrical backup to the electricity grid. The storage of electricity is regarded as a generation activity, however, the electrical power would be drawn power from the electricity grid and stored, for release back into the grid when required.
- A new length of access track 164m in length and up to 7m wide will connect the site to the existing access track off the B8033 road at the Muckle Burn that serves the adjacent substation and forestry. The proposed development would be temporary in nature, with consent being sought for an operational period of up to 50 years. After this period the site would be decommissioned and restored to commercial coniferous plantation woodland.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT (EIA)

- An EIA screening has been undertaken as part of this submission, concluding that an EIA was not required, as the proposal was not considered likely to have significant environmental effects. Nevertheless, a combined suite of supporting environmental information was included in the supporting information, including assessment of the following areas:
 - Transport
 - Ecology including Reptile Assessment
 - Sustainability including Carbon Assessment
 - Construction and Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)
 - Peat Management Plan
 - Supporting Statement including Design and Access Statement;
 Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment; Noise & Lighting Assessment

Pre-Application Consultation

- The proposed development is a 'Major' development, in terms of the Town and Country Planning (Hierarchy of Developments) (Scotland) Regulations 2009, due to the potential energy storage capacity proposed. The applicant was therefore required to undertake formal pre-application consultation with the local community. The approach followed current Scottish Government guidance, included a dedicated website for the project and an online event on 21 January 2021 with a live presentation and question and answer session. The Ward Councillors, MSP, MP, and Braco & Greenloaning Community Council were advised of the event, alongside relevant material being made available, both before and beyond the proposed online event, all to give the public the best possible opportunity to have input. Five residential properties that share the access route off the B8033 were contacted directly by the developer.
- The submitted Pre-Application Consultation (PAC) Report identified that no members of public attended the online consultation event and that no written feedback was received. The content and coverage of the community consultation exercise is considered sufficient and proportionate.

National Policy and Guidance

The Scottish Government expresses its planning policies through The National Planning Frameworks, the Scottish Planning Policy (SPP), Planning Advice Notes (PAN), Creating Places, Designing Streets, National Roads Development Guide, and a series of Circulars.

National Planning Framework 2014

9 NPF3 is a long-term strategy for Scotland and is a spatial expression of the Government's Economic Strategy and plans for development and investment in infrastructure. This is a statutory document and material consideration in any planning application. It provides a national context for development plans and planning decisions as well as informing the on-going programmes of the Scottish Government, public agencies, and local authorities.

The Scottish Planning Policy 2014 (SSP)

- 10 The Scottish Planning Policy (SPP) sets out national planning policies which reflect Scottish Ministers' priorities for operation of the planning system and for the development and use of land. The SPP promotes consistency in the application of policy across Scotland whilst allowing sufficient flexibility to reflect local circumstances. It directly relates to:
 - The preparation of Development Plans;
 - The design of development, from initial concept through to delivery; and
 - The determination of planning applications and appeals.
- 11 The following sections of the SPP will be of particular importance in the assessment of this proposal:
 - Sustainability: paragraphs 24 35
 - Placemaking: paragraphs 36 57
 - Supporting Business and Employment: paragraphs 92 108
 - Delivering Heat and Electricity: paragraphs 152 173
 - Managing Flood Risk and Drainage: paragraphs 254 268.

Planning Advice Notes

- The following Scottish Government Planning Advice Notes (PANs) and Guidance Documents are of relevance to the proposal:
 - PAN 3/2010 Community Engagement
 - PAN 40 Development Management
 - PAN 51 Planning, Environmental Protection and Regulation
 - PAN 61 Planning and Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems
 - PAN 69 Planning and Building standards Advice on Flooding
 - PAN 75 Planning for Transport
 - PAN 77 Designing Safer Places

Development Plan

The Development Plan for the area comprises the TAYplan Strategic Development Plan 2016-2036 and the Perth and Kinross Local Development Plan 2019.

TAYPlan Strategic Development Plan 2016-2036

14 TAYPlan sets out a vision for how the region will be in 2036 and what must occur to bring about change to achieve this vision. The vision for the area as set out in the plans states that:

"By 2036 the TAYplan area will be sustainable, more attractive, competitive and vibrant without creating an unacceptable burden on our planet. The quality of life will make it a place of first choice where more people choose to live, work, study and visit, and where businesses choose to invest and create jobs."

- The following sections of the TAYplan 2016 are of particular importance in the assessment of this application.
 - Policy 7: Energy, Waste and Resources.

Perth and Kinross Local Development Plan 2

- The Local Development Plan 2 (2019) (LDP2) sets out a vision statement for the area and states that, "Our vision is of a Perth and Kinross which is dynamic, attractive and effective which protects its assets whilst welcoming population and economic growth." It is the most recent statement of Council policy and is augmented by Supplementary Guidance.
- 17 The principal relevant policies are, in summary;
 - Policy 1: Placemaking
 - Policy 5: Infrastructure Contributions
 - Policy 15: Public Access
 - Policy 26: Scheduled Monuments and Archaeology
 - Policy 32: Embedding Low & Zero Carbon Generating Technologies in New Development
 - Policy 33: Renewable and Low Carbon Energy: New Proposals for Renewable and Low-Carbon Energy
 - Policy 35: Electricity Transmission Infrastructure
 - Policy 39: Landscape
 - Policy 40: Forestry, Woodland and Trees: Forest and Woodland Strategy
 - Policy 41: Biodiversity
 - Policy 51: Soils
 - Policy 53: Water Environment and Drainage
 - Policy 54: Health and Safety Consultation Zones
 - Policy 55: Nuisance from Artificial Light and Light Pollution
 - Policy 56: Noise Pollution
 - Policy 60: Transport Standards and Accessibility Requirements

Other Policies

Developer Contributions and Affordable Housing Supplementary Guidance April 2020

This document sets out the Council's policies on Developer Contributions in relation to Primary Education and Transport Infrastructure/A9 junction upgrades, as well as setting out what Affordable Housing provision is required for new developments.

Placemaking Guide 2020

The Council has prepared Placemaking Supplementary Guidance (2020) to support Policy 1 (Placemaking) of the Perth and Kinross Local Development Plan 2 (2019). It is to be used in the assessment of planning applications and to assist in the placemaking process.

Site History

- 20 <u>05/01911/FUL</u> Planning Permission for construction of 275/33kv electricity substation, associated building and temporary storage areas, site huts, upgrading/widening works to existing private access road and improvements to junction where access road meets the B8033. Approved April 2006
- 21 <u>13/01036/FLL</u> Planning Permission for formation of a temporary works compound and topsoil storage area. Approved July 2013
- 22 <u>14/01758/FLL</u> Planning Permission for permanent retention of temporary access track constructed as part of Beauly-Denny overhead power line. Approved December 2014
- 23 <u>15/00470/FLL</u> Planning Permission for erection of substation control building, formation of access road and associated works. Approved June 2015
- 24 <u>16/01719/PN</u> Prior Notification for formation of a forestry track. Approved November 2016.
- 25 <u>17/01810/FLL</u> Planning Permission for formation of an energy storage facility, vehicular access, and associated works. Approved November 2017.
- 26 <u>20/00013/PAN</u> Proposal of Application Notice for formation of an energy storage facility comprising control building, battery storage container units, ancillary equipment, parking, boundary treatments, landscaping, and associated works. Approved February 2021.

CONSULTATIONS

27 As part of the planning application process the following bodies were consulted:

External

- 28 **Scottish Environment Protection Agency:** No objection following submission of additional ecological information. Conditions recommended regarding peat management and bog restoration.
- 29 **NatureScot:** No comments. The site lies out with mapped zones of priority peatlands and carbon rich soils.
- 30 Scottish Water: No objection.
- 31 **Transport Scotland:** No objection, subject to planning conditions in respect of a Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP), approval for any abnormal load deliveries and details of any additional signage or temporary traffic control measures.
- 32 **Scottish Forestry:** No objection. Clarification required on alternative planting for the rest of the proposed site.

- 33 **National Grid Plant Protection Team:** No objection subject to condition for reinforcement of road crossings of the nearby gas pipeline.
- 34 Braco and Greenloaning Community Council: No response received.

Internal

- 35 **Environmental Health:** No objection. Planning conditions are requested in respect of controlling noise levels and hours of construction operations.
- 36 **Planning and Housing Strategy:** No objection following submission of additional survey information regarding carbon calculations.
- 37 **Development Contributions Officer:** No developer contributions are required.
- 38 Transport Planning: No objection.
- 39 Structures and Flooding: No objection.
- 40 **Biodiversity/Tree Officer:** No objection following submission of additional survey information including reptile survey. A number of biodiversity maintenance and enhancement conditions are recommended.

Representations

- One representation has been received in respect of the current application. The main issues raised within the representations are:
 - Road safety concerns as access road is used by residential properties
 - Unsuitable road surface used during substation installation.
- 42 These issues are addressed in the Appraisal section of the report.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

43

Screening Opinion	EIA Not Required
Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA): Environmental Report	Not Required
Appropriate Assessment	AA Not Required
Design and Access Statement	Submitted
Report on Impact or Potential Impact e	Habitat Assessment including Reptile Survey, Peat Management Plan, Carbon Assessment, Supporting Statement including Noise. Lighting, Transport, Heritage and Landscape and Visual Impact

APPRAISAL

Sections 25 and 37(2) of the Town & Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (as amended) require the determination of the proposal to be made in accordance with the provisions of the Development Plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The adopted Development Plan comprises the TAYplan Strategic Development Plan 2016–2036 and the Perth and Kinross Local Development Plan 2019. The relevant policy considerations are outlined in the policy section above and are considered in more detail below. In terms of other material considerations, this involves considerations of the Council's other approved policies and supplementary guidance.

Principle

- The principle of the proposed use at this location has already been established through the previous planning approval 17/01810/FLL in November 2017 for the formation of a smaller scaled energy storage facility (a 0.4 hectare site, with up to 9.99MW of storage/generation), vehicular access, and associated works. The current proposal is for a larger scale energy storage.
- In addition, LDP2 Policy 33 sets out that: "Proposals for the utilisation, distribution and developments of renewable and low-carbon sources of energy will be supported" subject to siting and land use compatibility criteria.
- 47 The Plan's key objectives in respect of achieving 'low-carbon' include:
 - ensuring that development and land uses make a positive contribution to helping minimise the causes of climate change; and
 - promotion of the sustainable development of electricity generation from a diverse range of renewable and low-carbon energy technologies.
- While the proposal is not itself categorised as a renewable energy generator, its role in enabling better and more efficient use of energy and renewable technologies is acknowledged. This approach accords with the above objectives, in terms of minimising the causes of climate change through assisting with the efficient use of the energy generation from renewables and enabling the temporary storage of surplus energy generated from a diverse range of technologies.
- 49 LDP2 Policy 33A implicitly supports the principle of energy storage as a means of assisting grid balancing, subject to several criteria. Relevant to this site are visual amenity, noise, and landscape impact. Overall, it is considered that the proposal will contribute towards meeting carbon reduction and renewable energy generation targets.
- In terms of the specific locational need for an energy storage facility, it is accepted that available site locations are largely dependent on proximity to existing grid infrastructure. In this case the principal site selection reason is its proximity to the existing Braco West substation, which offers a nearby grid connection.

- The proposal would provide essential energy balancing services to the National Grid, actively contributing towards Scotland's CO₂ reduction targets, supporting the strategic principles of SES. Specifically, electricity would be drawn from the Grid at times of low demand, stored and released back as required. When demand is higher, greater generation from non-renewable sources is required. Energy storage facilities such as that proposed could help reduce reliance on non-renewable resources, decreasing CO₂ emissions.
- In conclusion it is accepted that there is a specific, locational need for the proposed development due to the proximity to Braco West substation. This development addresses LDP2 Policy 33 and national policy objectives for development of this type to help make more efficient use of the energy generated by renewables.

Design and Layout

- The proposed design and layout primarily reflect the physical and engineering requirements to deliver and service an energy storage facility of this scale. The specification of the development is consistent with industry standards and other approved battery storage sites in Perth and Kinross. In physical terms, the structures and engineered boundary treatment are primarily below 4m in height (with the exception of two 33kw transformers and the control building roof). The resultant horizontal massing is therefore more significant than vertical impacts.
- These visual impacts are further considered in the Landscape and Visual Amenity section below. Internally within the site, separation between each container is maintained for installation and maintenance purposes. The final detailing, colour and material finishes of the proposed infrastructure, including landscape boundary details are proposed to be controlled via conditions (Conditions 9 and 19). Subject to verification of this final detail, the proposed development is considered consistent with LDP2 Policy 1.

Landscape and Visual Amenity

- 55 LDP2 Policies 1 and 39 require developments to contribute positively to the quality of the surrounding built and natural environment and to not conflict with maintaining and enhancing the landscape qualities of Perth and Kinross.
- 56 LDP2 Policy 39 also seeks to safeguard and enhance landscape character and green infrastructure. In this instance, the proposed design is largely set by technical requirements, type of equipment and infrastructure required for electricity storage. Given the rural landscape and location the visual impact of the proposal is largely minimal as it will be surrounded by a coniferous tree plantation and is less intrusive when compared to the adjacent substation.
- In association, LDP2 Policy 1B requires consideration to be given to a proposal's visual impact and landscape setting. In terms of enhancement and mitigation, LDP2 Policy 40 supports planting of new trees and woodlands and new landscape planting around the perimeter of the site is proposed.

The visual impact during construction will be temporary and the proposed design, existing and proposed woodland planting is considered robust and appropriate mitigation for the resultant visual impact, subject to further conditional control (Condition 9) to secure the detailing and timing for delivery, satisfying the terms of LDP2 Policies 1 and 39.

Residential Amenity

In respect of residential amenity, LDP2 Policy 55 relates, this seeks to avoid proposals which result in lighting with obtrusive and/or intrusive effects. Additionally, Policy 56 sets a presumption against siting of development proposals involving elevated levels of noise in the locality of existing or proposed noise sensitive land uses. The context sees the closest residential properties of Tamano and Bentick Farm over 1km south east of the proposed site.

Lighting

The applicant has confirmed with the Supporting Statement that there will be no permanent lighting within the site and that the only lighting will be motion-sensored at the entrances of various buildings and storage units. They will also be downward facing to minimise light spillage. Environmental Health have no adverse comments on this aspect of the proposal and no condition has been requested. Therefore, the proposal is considered to comply with LDP2 Policy 55.

Noise

- Within the applicants Supporting Statement it states that the proposed energy units will be acoustically enclosed to attenuate noise and meet the day and night-time requirements for the nearest residential properties. The potential noise emissions at the closest receptors of Tamano and Bentick Farm are over 1km away and given the distance and forest landscape the predicted impact will not exceed any background levels. Operational vehicle movements will be limited to occasional maintenance visits. Environmental Health are in agreement but recommend a standard noise is applied and is in line with similar applications in the area (Condition 7).
- In terms of installation impact, this will be temporary. Environmental Health recommend that the proposed 07.00 start on Saturdays should be adjusted to an 08.00 start to protect the amenity of the residential properties along the access road (Condition 8).
- Overall, Environmental Health have, subject to planning conditions, raised no concerns over the potential for adverse noise and lighting impact on residential properties (Conditions 7 and 8). The proposal is therefore considered to comply with LDP2 Policies 55 and 56, with no unacceptable impact on the amenity of residential properties.

Roads and Access

- 64 LDP2 Policy 60 requires that local road networks and accessibility requirements are sufficient and capable of absorbing traffic generated by development, and also that satisfactory access is provided. Neither Transport Scotland nor PKC Transport Planning have raised concerns in relation to transport or access arrangements, either during construction or during operation.
- It is recognised that the access route off the B8033 road to the proposed site and existing substation also provides access to five residential properties and concern has been expressed about road safety impact during the installation process. The access route already serves the existing substation and, following installation of the battery storage facility, the traffic impact will be minimal.
- Both Transport Scotland and Transport Planning recommend that construction traffic be controlled to ensure suitable arrangements and routes are in place (Conditions 2, 3, 4, 5). Subject to compliance with these conditions, the impact on the residents that share the access road will be minimised. The proposals are considered to be in accordance with LDP2 Policy 60.

Drainage and Flooding

In respect of the flood risk and drainage, there are no flooding concerns identified within the site. The requirements for sufficient surface water and SUDs detailing can also be addressed in advance of development commencing (Condition 18). The proposals are therefore considered to satisfy LDP2 Policy 53.

Biodiversity and Woodland

- 68 LDP2 Policies 38, 40 and 41 are all relevant considerations in respect of potential biodiversity impacts or for identifying opportunities arising from the development. It is noted that the proposed development would result in the loss of coniferous woodland for the construction of the energy storage facility. As stated in Policy 40, the Council will follow the principles of the Scottish Government Policy on Control of Woodland Removal.
- Normally the mitigation for the loss of forest woodland due to the proposed development is through compensatory planting of a forest area of equivalent size. However, Scottish Forestry have advised that the proposed loss is quite small and compensatory planting will not be required on this occasion. LDP2 Policy 40 is therefore complied with.
- To LDP2 Policy 41 seeks to protect and enhance all wildlife and habitats. It advises that planning permission will be granted where evidence is provided to show there is no adverse effect on ecological interests. The applicant has submitted an Ecological Survey and a Reptile Survey, and these have been assessed by the Councils Biodiversity/Tree Officer. Whilst both surveys were not carried out at the optimum time period, they are enough to ensure there will be no adverse impact on protected species and reptiles. A number of conditions have been recommended to ensure compliance with LDP2 Policy 41. (Conditions 12, 13, 15, 16, 17)

Soils and Peatland

- The proposed development is located on Class 5 soil (defined in the Carbon and Peatland Map) which has little or no hazard of erosion and is mainly used for pasture, forestland, and food for wildlife. Disturbance of carbon rich soils, as set out in LDP2 Policies 33A and 51, should be avoided. A Peat Survey and Draft Peat Management Plan have been submitted and assessed by both the Council and SEPA.
- 12 LDP2 Policy 51 also states that the Council is committed to ensuring that development avoids disturbance to, and the loss of, carbon rich soils, including peatland, which are of value as carbon stores. Development will only be permitted on areas of carbon-rich soils, including peatland, where it has been clearly demonstrated that there is no viable alternative, or where the economic and social benefits of the development would outweigh any potential detrimental effect on the environment. Where exceptions allow for development that would disturb carbon rich soils, development should be informed by:
 - an appropriate peat survey and management plan;
 - any disturbance or excavation be minimised; and
 - an assessment of the likely effects of the development on carbon dioxide emissions, and suitable mitigation measures implemented to
 - minimise carbon emissions (with details of both submitted as part of the application);
 - details setting out how the development could contribute towards local or strategic peatland habitat enhancement or restoration
- In offsetting the loss of peat, LDP2 Policy 51 then requires development to implement appropriate peat management measures, adopt best practice when moving, storing, and reinstating peat and consider the opportunity to re-use peat necessarily excavated from the site. These requirements are proposed to be secured via Condition 14.
- 74 SEPA advise that management to strongly control the soft rush will be important at this site. This is essential to enable peatland plants and sphagnum mosses to compete, and to establish the bog as a carbon sink.
- 75 SEPA consider the proposed monitoring to be acceptable. The proposed reuse of surplus peat in reinstatement of 10% of the hardstanding area and along the floating access track shoulders are acceptable. They advise that the applicant should consider removing the hardstanding from the area where the 30cm of surplus peat will be placed. SEPA advise this would restore hydrological conditions and remove the need for the impermeable membrane. Condition 14 will ensure this is achieved.
- The remaining surplus peat (126m³) is proposed for use in ditch blocking and bog restoration in the adjacent recently felled area to the east of the site. This is a relatively small volume of peat, however, seems likely to be more than required for peat dams at the locations marked on the submitted Drain Blocking Locations drawing. It is not clear whether the applicant intends to infill the base of some of the forestry furrows in the bog restoration area with the excavated

peat in comparison with a baseline of deep ridges and furrows. If the intention is to deposit excavated peat on the recently felled bog restoration site, then the peat must not be placed on top of brash. The forestry residue must be removed as much as possible or mulched to a thin layer. SEPA recommend the applicant refer to established guidance on forest to bog restoration in preparing their detailed Peat Management Plan and CEMP (required under Conditions 11 and 14). LDP2 Polices 33 and 51 have been satisfied.

Carbon Impact

- 77 The applicant has submitted a Carbon Balance Assessment due to the proposed impact on peatland. This has been assessed by the Council's Strategy and Policy team.
- The proposed construction of the project will lead to no net increase in carbon emissions. The retention of all existing peat within the site, and the use of excavated peat to restore an adjacent area of damaged peatland will result in a significant decrease in current carbon emissions from the existing previously afforested peatland. The proposed peatland restoration will deliver carbon capture within the managed area. The proposal complies with LDP Policy 51 as it will lead to peatland enhancement.

Health and Safety

79 National Grid advised that the access track crosses over their infrastructure. A condition is recommended to ensure that there will be no risk of damage and ensure compliance with LDP2 Policy 54 (Condition 6).

Waste Collection

80 There is minimal or no ongoing waste collection requirements anticipated post construction.

Developer Contributions

81 No developer contributions are required for this type of development.

Economic Impact

In the short term, construction will create jobs with scope for local employment. Beyond this, local employment opportunities will be limited. Holistically, however, there is a clear fit between Scottish Government aims of promoting a transition to a low carbon economy and this proposal. The proposal would directly support local renewable energy generation, by helping balance fluctuations of intermittent energy generation and more widely, assisting in the creation of a national grid asset of regional significance for the Perth and Kinross Area.

Lifespan of Facility

Infrastructure developments of this nature tend to have a particularly long lifespan, and consideration should be given to the long-term maintenance and

- eventual decommissioning of the proposal, including removal with site restoration when not viable or obsolete.
- The lifespan of the facility has been proposed by the applicant to extend to 50 years. As such, a condition is proposed that places a simple requirement on the operator/landowner that the site will be decommissioned and re-instated should the energy storage facility (as approved) not be in use for a continuous period of 12 months (Condition 20).

PLANNING OBLIGATIONS AND LEGAL AGREEMENTS

85 None required.

DIRECTION BY SCOTTISH MINISTERS

Under the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (Scotland) Regulations 2013, regulations 30 – 33 there have been no directions by the Scottish Government in respect of an Environmental Impact Assessment screening opinion, call in or notification relating to this application.

CONCLUSION AND REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATION

- To conclude, the application must be determined in accordance with the adopted Development Plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. In this respect, the proposal is considered to comply with the approved TAYplan 2016 and the adopted Local Development Plan 2 (2019). The proposal is considered to be compatible with existing neighbouring land uses, subject to enhanced boundary landscape treatment. The proposal will directly contribute towards meeting carbon reduction and renewable energy generation targets. Account has been taken account of the relevant material considerations and none has been found that would justify overriding the adopted Development Plan.
- 88 Accordingly, the proposal is recommended for approval subject to the following conditions.

A RECOMMENDATION

Approve the application

Conditions and Reasons for Recommendation

General

1. The development hereby approved must be carried out in accordance with the approved drawings and documents, unless otherwise provided for by conditions imposed by this decision notice.

Reason: To ensure the development is carried out in accordance with the approved drawings and documents.

Roads and Access

- 2. Prior to the commencement of the development hereby approved, the developer shall submit for the further written agreement of the Council as Planning Authority, in consultation with the Roads Authority, a Construction Traffic Management Scheme (CTMS) which shall include the following:
 - (a) restriction of construction traffic to approved routes and the measures to be put in place to avoid other routes being used;
 - (b) timing of construction traffic to minimise impact on local communities particularly at school start and finishing times, on days when refuse collection is undertaken, on Sundays and during local events;
 - (c) a code of conduct for HGV drivers to allow for queuing traffic to pass;
 - (d) arrangements for liaison with the Roads Authority regarding winter maintenance;
 - (e) emergency arrangements detailing communication and contingency arrangements in the event of vehicle breakdown;
 - (f) arrangements for the cleaning of wheels and chassis of vehicles to prevent material from construction sites associated with the development being deposited on the road;
 - (g) arrangements for cleaning of roads affected by material deposited from construction sites associated with the development;
 - (h) arrangements for signage at site accesses and crossovers and on roads to be used by construction traffic in order to provide safe access for pedestrians, cyclists and equestrians;
 - (i) details of information signs to inform other road users of construction traffic;
 - (j) arrangements to ensure that access for emergency service vehicles are not impeded;
 - (k) co-ordination with other significant developments known to use roads affected by construction traffic;
 - (I) traffic arrangements in the immediate vicinity of temporary construction compounds;
 - (m) monitoring, reporting and implementation arrangements;
 - (n) arrangements for dealing with non-compliance; and
 - (o) details of HGV movements to and from the site.

The TMS as approved shall be strictly adhered to during the entire site construction programme to the satisfaction of the Council as Planning Authority.

Reason: To minimise interference with the safety and free flow of the traffic on the access road off the B8033 road.

3. Prior to the commencement of development, a comprehensive Construction Traffic Management Plan shall be submitted for the approval of the Planning Authority, after consultation with Transport Scotland.

Reason: To minimise interference with the safety and free flow of the traffic on the trunk road.

4. The proposed route for any abnormal loads on the trunk road network must be approved by the trunk roads authority prior to the movement of any abnormal load. Any accommodation measures required including the removal of street furniture, junction widening, traffic management must similarly be approved.

Reason: To ensure that the transportation of abnormal loads will not have any detrimental effect on the trunk road network.

5. Any additional signing or temporary traffic control measures deemed necessary due to the size or length of loads being delivered must be undertaken by a recognised Quality Assured traffic management consultant, to be approved by the trunk road authority before delivery commences.

Reason: To ensure that the transportation of abnormal loads will not have any detrimental effect on the trunk road network.

Health and Safety

6. Not less than two months from the date of this planning permission, a detailed scheme for the management of vehicles crossing of the National Grid pipeline at Easting 282178; Northing 709479 and any necessary reinforcement works of that road and or crossing shall be submitted to, and approved in writing by, the Planning Authority in consultation with National Grid. The scheme shall include the frequency of vehicle movements during both the construction and operational phases of development, specify vehicle weights and set out the technical specification of the reinforcement works to the road or crossing point and their delivery. Thereafter, the scheme shall be implemented in complete accordance with the approved scheme and all reinforcement works complete prior to the commencement of development hereby approved.

Reason: In order to ensure that suitable vehicle crossing arrangements are provided.

Amenity

7. All plant or equipment shall be so enclosed, attenuated and/or maintained such that any noise therefrom shall not exceed Noise Rating 35 between 0700 and 2300 hours daily, or Noise Rating 20 between 2300 and 0700 hours daily, within any neighbouring residential property, with all windows slightly open, when measured and/ or calculated and plotted on a rating curve chart.

Reason: to ensure a satisfactory standard of local environmental quality.

8. Construction work shall be limited to Monday to Friday 0700 hours to 1900 hours and Saturday 0800 hours to 1300 hours with no noisy works out with these times or at any time on Sundays or bank holidays (as identified by Scottish Government).

Reason: to ensure a satisfactory standard of local environmental quality.

Landscape

9. Prior to the commencement of the development hereby approved, a detailed boundary landscaping and planting scheme on all four sides of the site shall be submitted for the written agreement of the Council as Planning Authority. The scheme shall include details of the height and slopes of any mounding or recontouring of the site, full details of all hard landscaping proposals including materials and installation methods and, species, height, size and density of trees and shrubs to be planted. The scheme as subsequently approved shall be carried out and completed within the first available planting season (October to March) after the completion or bringing into use of the development, whichever is the earlier, and the date of Practical Completion of the landscaping scheme shall be supplied in writing to the Council as Planning Authority within 7 days of that date. The scheme as agreed and implemented shall thereafter be maintained by the site operator.

Reason: To ensure a satisfactory standard of development and environmental quality and to reserve the rights of the Planning Authority.

10. Any planting failing to become established within five years shall be replaced in the following planting season with others of similar size, species, and number.

Reason: In the interests of visual amenity and to ensure the satisfactory long-term implementation of the proposed planting scheme.

Ecology

A minimum of two months prior to the commencement of development, a sitespecific Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) which shall include a Construction Method Statement (CMS) shall be submitted to and approved by the Council as Planning Authority in consultation with key stakeholders as deemed appropriate. The CEMP must also include a Pollution Prevention Plan (PPP), Invasive Management Plan (IMP), Site Waste Management Plan (SWMP), Site Access Management Plan (SAMP), Construction Exclusion Zone (CEZ), Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP), Environmental Management Plan (EMP). Proposed measures for bog restoration methods, monitoring and ongoing long-term aftercare and maintenance shall be included. Measures to ensure the public road network is kept free from mud or debris shall also be required. The CEMP will remain a live document, any working practices deemed to be having an adverse impact on ecology or the environment will be the subject of revision. All revisions must be submitted to the Planning Authority as soon as reasonably practicable. Thereafter the development shall be fully undertaken in accordance with the agreed CEMP.

Reason: In the interest of protecting environmental quality and of biodiversity. To minimise any associated adverse landscape and visual impact of the above ground elements and protect the character and visual amenity of the immediate and surrounding countryside and associated nature and cultural heritage conservation interests.

- 12. Prior to the commencement of the development hereby approved, an independent and suitably qualified Ecological Clerk of Works (ECoW) shall be appointed at the developers' expense. Details of this appointment shall be subject to the prior written agreement of the Council as Planning Authority. The appointed person will remain in post for the duration and subsequent restoration of the proposed development. The ECoW shall have responsibility for the following:
 - (a) Overseeing the implementation of the Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) approved by this permission.
 - (b) Authority to stop operations or to alter construction methods should there be any works occurring which are having an adverse impact on the natural heritage.
 - (c) Prior to the commencement of development, they shall provide an environmental / ecological toolbox talk for construction staff.
 - (d) They will have authority to amend working practices in the interests of natural heritage. Any amendments shall be submitted to the Council as Planning Authority as an addendum to the approved CEMP.
 - (e) They shall make weekly visits to the development site at a time of their choosing. No notification of this visit is required to be given to the developer or contractor.
 - (f) Within 10 working days of the end of each calendar month, they are required to submit a detailed monthly report for the review of the Planning Authority in consultation with Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA) for the duration of development.
 - (g) They shall notify the Council as Planning Authority in writing of any requirement to halt development in relation to this condition as soon as reasonably practicable.

The above shall be implemented throughout the construction, (including reinstatement and de-commissioning of the construction compounds) hereby approved unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Council as Planning Authority. The CEMP shall contain a site-specific Construction Method Statement (CMS) which will provide concise details for the implementation of the CEMP for site operatives.

Reason: To avoid habitat damage and safeguard natural heritage interests.

13. Measures to protect animals from being trapped in open excavations and/or pipe and culverts shall be implemented for the duration of the construction works of the development hereby approved. The measures may include creation of sloping escape ramps for animals, which may be achieved by edge profiling of trenches/excavations or by using planks placed into them at the end of each working day and open pipework greater than 150 mm outside diameter being blanked off at the end of each working day.

Reason: In order to prevent animals from being trapped within any open excavations.

14. A minimum of two months prior to the commencement of development, a Detailed Peat Management Plan shall be submitted for the written approval of

the Council as Planning Authority, in consultation with SEPA and the Council's Biodiversity/Tree Officer, and all work shall be carried out in accordance with the agreed plan.

Reason: In the interests of protection of existing peatland.

15. The conclusions and recommended action points within the supporting biodiversity survey submitted and hereby approved shall be fully adhered to, respected, and undertaken as part of the construction phase of development. Particular attention is drawn to in the submitted Preliminary Ecological Appraisal Report and Reptile Survey 2021.

Reason: In the interests of protecting environmental quality and of biodiversity.

16. Prior to the commencement of the development hereby approved, final details of the proposed boundary fencing for the site shall be submitted for the written agreement of the Council as Planning Authority. For the avoidance of doubt the fencing will be required to be deer proofed. The scheme as subsequently agreed shall be implemented prior to the completion or bringing into use of the development, whichever is the earlier.

Reason: In the interests of protecting environmental quality and of biodiversity.

- 17. Prior to the commencement of development, the developer shall provide full written details of a scheme for mitigating any potential effects on reptiles on the site during the construction and operation of the energy storage project. This shall include:
 - The deployment and searching of artificial reptile refugia to allow the capture and relocation to a suitable and safe area of reptiles within the site. Such measures to be undertaken during the reptile active period of May to October (inclusive).
 - After an agreed period with no reptile captures, the site shall be cleared outward to an agreed methodology from the site centre to allow any remaining/undetected reptiles to disperse into adjacent habitats.
 - The site shall then be maintained with no vegetation cover until construction works commence.
 - Habitat clearance works shall be undertaken during the reptile's active phase i.e., April – October (inclusive).
 - Details of proposals for the creation of reptile hibernacula within the site.

Reason: In the interests of protecting environmental quality and of biodiversity.

Drainage

18. Development shall not commence on site until a detailed sustainable urban drainage system (SUDS) has been submitted for the further written agreement of the Council as Planning Authority, in consultation with SEPA where necessary. The scheme shall be developed in accordance with the technical guidance contained in The SUDS Manual (C753) and the Council's Flood Risk and Flood Risk Assessments Developer Guidance and shall incorporate source

control. All works shall be carried out in accordance with the agreed scheme and be operational prior to the bringing into use of the development.

Reason: To ensure the provision of appropriate and effective drainage for the site.

Finishes

19. Prior to the commencement of the development hereby approved, details of the specification and colour of the proposed external finishing materials to be used shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Council as Planning Authority. The scheme as agreed shall be implemented prior to the completion or bringing into use of the development, whichever is the earlier.

Reason: In the interests of visual amenity; to ensure a satisfactory standard of local environmental quality.

Project Lifespan and Site Aftercare

20. In the event the hereby approved development fails to store electricity on a commercial basis for a continuous period of 12 months, then it shall be deemed to have permanently ceased to be required. In such an event, the development shall be decommissioned, and the relevant parts of the site brought into an agreed condition within such timescale as agreed in writing by the Council as Planning Authority.

Reason: To ensure the facility is removed from the site at the end of its operational life, to ensure no adverse impact on the visual amenity of the area and a satisfactory standard of local environmental quality.

B JUSTIFICATION

The proposal is in accordance with the Development Plan and there are no material reasons which justify departing from the Development Plan.

C PROCEDURAL NOTES

None.

D INFORMATIVES

- 1. This planning permission will last only for three years from the date of this decision notice unless the development has been started within that period (see section 58(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (as amended)).
- 2. Under section 27A of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (as amended) the person undertaking the development is required to give the planning authority prior written notification of the date on which it is intended to commence the development. A failure to comply with this statutory requirement

- would constitute a breach of planning control under section 123(1) of that Act, which may result in enforcement action being taken.
- 3. As soon as practicable after the development is complete, the person who completes the development is obliged by section 27B of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (as amended) to give the planning authority written notice of that position.
- 4. This development will require the 'Display of notice while development is carried out', under Section 27C (1) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1997, as amended, and Regulation 41 of the Development Management Procedure (Scotland) Regulations 2013. The form of the notice is set out in Schedule 7 of the Regulations and a draft notice is included for your guidance. According to Regulation 41 the notice must be:
 - Displayed in a prominent place at or in the vicinity of the site of the development
 - Readily visible to the public
 - Printed on durable material.
- 5. This planning permission is granted subject to conditions, some of which require further information to be submitted to Development Management either before works can start on site or at a certain time. Please send the required information to us at developmentmanagement@pkc.gov.uk. Please be aware that the Council has four months to consider the information. You should therefore submit the required information more than four months before your permission expires. We cannot guarantee that submissions made within two months (or four months) of the expiry date of your permission will be able to be dealt with before your permission lapses.
- 6. An application for Building Warrant may be required.
- 7. The applicant is reminded that, under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, as amended, it is an offence to remove, damage or destroy the nest of any wild birds while that nest is in use or being built. Planning consent for a development does not provide a defence against prosecution under this act.
- 8. The applicant is reminded that, should any protected species be present a licence may be required from NatureScot to disturb a protected species. Failure to obtain a licence may constitute a criminal act under the Habitats Regulations and penalties are severe for non-compliance.
- 9. Trees and scrub are likely to contain nesting birds between 1st March and 31st August inclusive. Trees and scrub are present on the application site and are to be assumed to contain nesting birds between the above dates. The applicant is reminded that, under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, as amended (section 1), it is an offence to remove, damage or destroy the nest of any wild bird while that nest is in use or being built. Planning permission for a development does not provide a defence against prosecution under this Act.

Background Papers: 1 letter of representation

Contact Officer: Steve Callan
Date: 2 December 2021

DAVID LITTLEJOHN HEAD OF PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

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